ᐅᐱᕐᖓᖅ 2015 • ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᑦ ᑭᓯᑦᔪᑎᓛᑦ 107-ᒥᒃ

SUMMER 2015 • ISSUE 107

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᑦ ᖃᒋᑦ

MAKIVIK magazine

ᓄᕐᔪᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᑯᑦ ᐃᕐᔨᕕᒻᒥ

Nuvummi Landholding Corporation of Ivujivik

- ᕿᓐᓂᔅ ᐅᒃᐱᐅᑦ ᐃᓅᓯᓇᒍᒪᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᑑᑎᑦᓯᓂᖓ
- ᐊᐱᕐᓱᑏᑦ ᑭᐅᒍᑎᖏᓪᓗ ᐋᓐᑐᔫ ᐃᑑᑦ, ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑦ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᖃᑎᒌᑦᑎᓯᔨᖓ – ᐅᕕᒃᑲᓅᖓᔪᓂᒃ, ᐃᓄᒃᒪᓇᓐᓅᓕᖓᔪᓂᒃ, ᖃᓄᐃᖕᖏᓯᐊᓇᖕᒨᐊᖃᕐᓂᒨᓕᖓᔪᓂᓪᓗ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ
- ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒃ ᒪᕐᕉᒃ ᓈᑐᐊᕐᒪᓃᒃ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᕐᔪᐊᓇᓱᖓ ᖃᓇᒃᑯᑦ

- Harry Okpik's Dream Realized
- Q&A with Andrew Epoo, the Makivik Liaison Officer/Agent – Youth, Elders, Health & Social Initiatives
- The Biennial Qanaq Conference

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ
Société Makivik
Makivik Corporation

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᑯᐊᐳᕇᓴᕐ

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᑭᑦ ᑎᒥᕐᑯᑎᒥᑦᖠᒐᑦ ᑎᓕᔭᐅᒍᑎᖃᕐᓯᒪᑦᓱᓂ ᑭᒡᒐᑐᕐᓂᐊᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᓯᕗᒍᐊᑦᑎᓯᑦᓕᐊᓗᓂᓗ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐱᒍᒪᔭᕐᑭᓪᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕝᒪᒥ. ᐃᓚᐅᔪᕐᑯᑎᑐᐊᖃᕐᑐᕐᖃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᕐᑯᑎᑖᕐᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᐊᒥᓱ ᐯᑉ ᐊᒡᒪᓗ ᑯᐯᒃ ᑕᕐᖃᒐᓂ ᐊᕐᓂᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂ-ᐅᓯᒪᔪᒥᑦ. ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᐃᑉᐱᒥᔭᖃᓇᖃᕐᐳᖅ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑕᐅᓯᐊᒪᖕᒐᑦ ᐱᓂᐊᕐᓂᓕᓇᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᓄᓕᓇᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᐅᓯᑐᕐᑲᓕᓇᓂᒃᑯᓗ ᐱᓇᕐᓕᕐᑯᑎᑖᓇᓯᒪᔭᕐᑭᑦ ᐊᕐᓂᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᑯᑦ. ᐊᐅᓚᑦᓯᓂᕐᒧᓗ ᕿᑐᕐᖏᐅᕋᓯᐊᕐᓂᒥᓪᓗ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᒃ ᐅᑎᕐᕕᐅᒍᑎᑦᓴᔭᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᒍᓐᓇᓯᑯᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᑕᕐᒥ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑎᒍᑦ ᒪᑭᑕᒐᓯᐊᕐᓂᓄᑦ.

Makivik Corporation

Makivik is the ethnic organization mandated to represent and promote the interests of Nunavik. Its membership is composed of the Inuit beneficiaries of the *James Bay and Northern Quebec Agreement* (JBNQA). Makivik's responsibility is to ensure the proper implementation of the political, social, and cultural benefits of the Agreement, and to manage and invest the monetary compensation so as to enable the Inuit to become an integral part of the Northern economy.

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖏᑦ

*ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖏᑦ ᓄᐃᑕᐅᕙᓪᓕᐳᑦ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᑐᓴᕋᕐᓴᓂᐊᕐᕕᖕᒐᓄᑦ. ᑐᓂᐅᕐᖃᑕᐅᕙᓪᓕᑐᑦ ᐊᑭᖃᕐᑎᓇᒥᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᑦ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᕐᑯᑎᑖᕐᑕᑐᓄᑦ ᐊᒥᓱ ᐯᒥ ᐊᒡᒪᓗ ᑯᐯᒃ ᑕᕐᖃᒐᓂ ᐊᕐᓂᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᒥᑦ. ᑕᑯᓐᓇᑕᐅᔪᑦ ᐃᓱᒪᒥᔭᐅᔪᓪᓗ ᑕᒡᒐᓂ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᐳᕐᑐᓂᕐᓴᖅᑭᑦᑕ ᐃᓱᒪᒥᔭᑐᐃᓐᓇᓇᖅᑭᑦᑭᑦ. ᑐᖅᒐᓱᑦᑎᓱᕐᑐᒍᑦ ᐊᑦᓚᓕᑭᑦᓯ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᓕᐅᕐᑎᒍᑦ, ᑐᓴᕋᕐᓴᓂᒃ ᐊᑦᓕᖅᒍᐊᕐᓯᒪᔪᓂᓪᓗ, ᐊᑦᔨᖅᒍᐊᓂᓪᓘᓐᓂᑦ. ᐊᑎᓯ, ᑐᕋᕈᑎᓯ (ᓯᓚᑏᑦ), ᐅᕝᑲᓚᐅᑎᓯᓗ ᐊᑦᓚᖃᓯᐅᑎᓗᒋᑦ.

Makivik Magazine

Makivik Magazine is published quarterly by Makivik Corporation. It is distributed free of charge to Inuit beneficiaries of the JBNQA. The opinions expressed herein are not necessarily those of Makivik Corporation or its executive. We welcome letters to the editor and submissions of articles, artwork, or photographs. Please include your full name, address, and telephone number.

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᑯᑦ ᐅᕐᑐᓂᕐᓴᖅᑭᑦ

ᓘᐱ ᑕᕐᕿᐊᐱᒃ, ᐊᖏᒐᔪᕐᕐᑲᒪᓇᒃ
ᒣᑯ ᑯᐊᑕ, ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑎᒍᑦ ᒪᑭᑕᒐᓯᒍᑎᓕᓇᓂᕐᓄᑦ ᐱᑦᔪᔨᐱᒻᒥ ᐊᖏᔪᕐᕐᑲᒪᓇᐅᑉ ᑐᖏᓕᖅᒐ ᐊᑦᒥ ᑎᓅᑦ ᐊᓇᑯ, ᓄᑕᐅᓯᓕᕈᓐᓇᑐᓂᒃ ᐱᑦᓴᑕᑦᐊᓴᒥᒃ ᐱᑦᔪᔨᐱᒻᒥ ᐊᖏᔪᕐᕐᑲᒪᓇᐅᑉ ᑐᖏᓕᖅᒐ ᐊᓐᑎ ᐲᑦᑎ, ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓕᓇᔨᒻᒪᓇᒃ ᐊᓐᑎ ᒨᖃᔭᑦ, ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᐊᑦᓚᑎᒻᒪᓇᖅᒐ

Makivik Executive

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Michael Gordon, Economic Development Vice-President
Adamie Delisle Alaku, Resource Development Vice-President
Andy Pirti, Treasurer
Andy Moorhouse, Corporate Secretary

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᑯᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑎᓕᒫᖅᑭᓂᒃ ᓇᑯᕐᓴᒪᓇᓐᓂᑎᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᐅᕐᑯᔨᕐᕐᒍᑦ, ᐊᓯᓕᒫᖅᑭᓐᓂᓗ ᐱᕕᒋᖃᑦᑕᓚᐅᕐᑕᑎᓐᓂᒃ ᐅᓴᕐᑎᓯᒍᑎᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᑕᐅᔪᑦᓴᓂᓪᓗ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᓕᐊᑦᑎᓂᒃ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᓯᒪᑎᑦᓯᓂᖃᓚᐅᕐᑐᓂᒃ.

We wish to express our sincere thanks to all Makivik staff, as well as to all others who provided assistance and materials to make the production of this magazine possible.

ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᓕᐅᕐᑎ / Editor
ᑏᕐᐯ ᒫᒃᑮ / Teevi Mackay

ᐅᖃᐅᓯᐅᑉ ᐅᑦᑐᓗᓐᓂᑦ ᓄᑦᑎᓇᔨ / Translation
ᐋᓚᓯ ᕿᓐᓄᐊᔪᐊᖅ ᕿᑭ / Alasie Kenuajuak Hickey

ᐊᓪᓚᓯᒪᔪᙱᒍᑕᐅᔪᑦ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᑯᓐᓄᑦ
Published by Makivik Corporation
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*ᓵᓚᖃᐅᓯᐊᕋᓯᒍᑏᑦ ᑕᒃᑲᓂ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᓃᑦᑐᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᒐᔪᑦ ᐃᓄᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᒥᓱ ᐯ ᐊᒡᒪᓗ ᑯᐯᒃ ᑕᕐᖃᒐᑦ ᐊᕐᓂᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᖅᒐᓂᑦ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᕐᑯᑎᑦᑕᑐᓄᑦ ᑭᓯᐊᓂ.

*Contest participation in this magazine is limited to Inuit beneficiaries of the JBNQA.

ᓯᓚᑦᐱᐊᖅᒐᓃᑦᑐᑦ: ᑐᓄᐊᓃᑦᑐᑦ (ᑕᓕᕐᐱᐊᓂᑦᓴᐅᒥᐊᓄᑦ) ᐊᒥᓱ ᐯᒥ ᑯᐯᓪᓗ ᑕᕐᖃᒐᓂ ᐊᕐᓂᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒥᒃ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᕐᕕᖃᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐊᐱᑎ ᓄᖅᖅᒐᖅ, ᐋᓕ ᖃᕝᕙᑦᑎᖅ, ᓵᓕ ᐸᓂᖅᒐᔭᖅ, ᐋᑕᒥ ᖃᓚᖅᒍ. ᓯᕗᕐᓃᑦᑐᑦ (ᑕᓕᕐᐱᐊᓂᑦᓴᐅᒥᐊᓄᑦ): ᓄᐅᓕᑦᑐᖅ ᐅᓇᓕᑦ, ᓵᓕ ᑕᕐᕿᖅ, ᒫᓄᓯ ᐃᔪᑦᑐᖅ, ᒃᓂ ᒪᖅᕿᖅ. ©Michael Gordon

Cover: Back row (L-R) JBNQA signatory Zebedee Nungak, Ali Qavavauk, Charlie Paningajak, Adamie Kalingo. Front row (L-R): Naulittuk Ainalik, Charlie Tarkirk, Markusie Iyaituk, Johnny Mangiuk. ©Michael Gordon

ISSN 1481-3041

ᓄᓇᕝᒪᒥᐅᒍᑦᓯᑕ ᐅᐱᒋᔭᑦᓴᖃᕐᐳᒍᑦ ᐊᒥᓱᓂᒃ. ᖃᔨ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑕᐅᒪᒥᔪᖅ, ᕿᒧᑦᓯᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᓂᖅᒐ ᐊᓯᖏᓪᓗ ᐃᓅᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᕐᕕᐊᓗᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᑐᓂᒃ ᐊᓂᒎᑎᒍᓐᓇᓯᒪᓂᖅᒐ. ᓯᓇᑎᒎᕐᓯᒪᒐᓗᐊᕋᒥ ᐱᒋᐊᑦᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᓂᖅᒐ ᓴᐱᕐᑕᒍᓂᖅᒐᓗ ᓄᓇᕝᒪᒥᐅᓕᒫᓂᒃ ᐊᑦᑐᐃᓯᒪᔪᖅ. ᐅᓪᓗᒥ ᐅᕝᒐᕐᑐᓄᑦ ᐃᑦᔭᕐᑦᓴᓯᐊᖅ. ᐅᒃᐱᐅᑉ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑕᖅᒐ ᐃᓅᓯᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᓯᓇᑐᐃᓐᓇᒥᒃ ᐱᔭᖃᕋᓯᐊᕐᑐᖃᓚᖅᒐᒍᓂ ᐱᒍᓐᓇᓯᑦᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᑦᓯᓇᕐᖅ. ᖃᐅᔨᒪᓇᓕᕐᑐᖅ ᐅᓪᓗᒥ ᐅᕝᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᐃᑉᐱᒥᔭᐅᑦᓯᐊᓇᐊᖃᕐᓂᖅᒥᓐᓂᒃ ᓯᕗᓂᑦᓴᖃᑦᓯᐊᓇᐊᖃᕐᒪᑕ. ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑕᐅᔪᕕᓃᑦ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᑎᓐᓂ ᕿᑦᓚᑐᐃᒍᑎᑦᓯᐊᒍᕐᑯᒐᓗᐊᕐᑕᕐᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᕕᐅᕐᑯᑦᓯᒥᑦᓗ ᓯᓇᑐᐃᓐᓇᒥᒃ ᑭᓇᑐᐃᓐᓇᖅ ᐱᔭᖃᕋᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᑐᖅ ᐱᔭᖃᕈᓐᓇᓯᐊᕐᒪᑦ.

Nunavik has much to be proud of. There is a special feature of Harry Okpik, who has rightfully made himself a living legend through dog mushing and overcoming other obstacles. His resilience and determination speak to the spirit of Nunavimmiut. This type of character sets an example for young people today. Okpik shows through his personal life story that anything you set your mind to can be achieved. It's evident today that a special focus needs to be paid to our young people for the benefit of their future. We hope that you find the stories within the pages of this issue inspiring and hopefully the words and messages within it give you the encouragement to achieve anything you set your mind to.

ᐅᓈ ᓱᓇ? / WHAT IS THIS?

ᓵᓚᖃᐅᑎᑖᕈᓐᓇᐳᑎᑦ/ᓵᓚᓐᓃᒍᑎᑖᕈᓐᓇᐳᑎᑦ $200.00-ᓂᒃ ᓇᓚᐅᑦᓯᓗᐊᑐᐊᕈᐊᑦ ᐆᒥᖅᒐ ᐊᑦᔨᖅᒍᐊᒥᒃ ᓇᓗᓇᕐᑐᓕᐊᖅᒍᒪᔪᒥᒃ. ᑭᐅᑦᔪᑎᑎᑦ ᓇᓚᐅᑦᓯᒋᐊᕈᑎᒋᓗᒋᑦ ᐊᑦᓚᑕᕐᐱᑎᒍᑦ ᐊᐅᑦᓚᑎᑦᓗᒋᑦ ᐅᕗᖅᒐ 'ᓇᓗᓇᕐᑐᒥᒃ ᐊᑦᔨᖅᒍᐊᒥᒃ ᐱᓕᐅᑎᑎᑦᓯᐱᒻᒍᑦ' ᐊᑖᓂ ᐊᑦᓚᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᑦᓚᑎᑦᓯᐱᑦᓴᐅᓯᓂ ᓯᓚᑎᒍᑦ ᑐᕋᕐᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᐅᑭᑦᓗᓐᓂᑦ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᑎᒍᑦ ᐊᑦᓚᑕᕐᐱᒃ ᐅᓇ ᑐᕋᕐᐱᒋᓗᒍ: tmackay@makivik.org.

You could win $200.00 if you correctly guess what this mystery photo is. Mail your answer to 'Mystery Photo Contest' at the address below or you can email your answer to: tmackay@makivik.org.

Makivik Corporation,
P.O. Box 179, Kuujjuaq,
Quebec J0M 1C0

ᓇᓚᐅᑦᓯᔪᐊᓃᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᖅᒍᐊᒥᒃ ᓇᓚᐅᑦᓵᑎᑕᐅᓛᕐᑐᑦ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᐊᑦᓚᐊᒻᒪᓇᖅᒐᓂ ᓇᑦᔪᐃᔭᕐᐊᒃ 13, 2015-ᒥ. ᓯᕗᑦᓚᕐᖅ $200.00-ᓂᒃ ᓵᓚᕝᓃᒍᑎᑖᕐᑎᓗᒍ ᓯᑕᒪᐃᓪᓗ ᓇᓚᐅᑕᐅᖃᑎᐊᓃᑦ ᐅᐊᓂᕈᕐᑖᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐅᑭᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᐊᑦᓚᓯᒪᔪᕐᓂᐊᐊᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᔪᕐᑕᐅᓗᑎᒃ.

Winners of the Mystery Photo Contest will be drawn at the Makivik head office on November 13, 2015. The first prize as noted is $200.00 and four subsequent t-shirt prizes will be mailed to the runners up.

ᐅᐱᒍᓯᐸᕐᒍᑦ ᓇᓚᐅᑦᓯᔪᐊᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐋᓐᔨᓚ ᒧᐊᖃᐅᕐᒥᒃ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑭᑎᑦᔪᑎᓕᓐᓂᒃ 106-ᒥᒃ ᓇᓚᐅᑦᓯᓂᕐᒪᑦ ᑖᓗᑕᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᒐᓛᒧᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᕐᑯᑎᒥᒃ. ᓇᓚᐅᑦᓵᕐᖃᑕᐅᑦᓯᐊᓛᓇᐳᓯ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᓃᑦᑐᒥᒃ ᓇᓚᐅᑦᓵᑎᑦᓯᓕᕐᒥᒍᑦᑕ.

Congratulations to Angela Moorhouse for correctly guessing the *Makivik Magazine* issue 106 photo of window blinds. Good luck to the next entries for this issue.

ᐃᓗᓕᖅᑭᑦ / CONTENTS

04
ᓄᕗᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑏᑦ
The Nuvummi Landholding Corporation

08
ᐊᐅᓪᓛᓯᒪᒋᐊᕐᑐᕕᒃ ᒫᓴᒍᐃᐱ
Camp Massawippi

12
ᐊᐱᕐᓲᑏᑦ ᑭᐅᒍᑎᖏᓪᓗ ᐋᓐᑐᓛᒃ ᐃᑉᐳᑉ, ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᖃᑎᒌᑦᑎᓯᕆᖕᖓ – ᐅᕕᒃᑲᓈᓕᖕᖓᔪᓂᒃ, ᐃᓄᒻᒪᓇᓐᓈᓕᖕᖓᔪᓂᒃ, ᖃᓄᐃᖕᖏᓯᐊᓇ-ᐊᖃᕐᓂᒧᓕᖕᖓᔪᓂᓪᓗ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ
Q&A with Andrew Epoo, the Makivik Liaison Officer/Agent – Youth, Elders, Health & Social Initiatives

16
ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᖏᑦᑕ / ᑎᒻᒥᔫᖏᑦᑕ ᐳᔪᖓᓂ
Air Inuit Propwash

18
ᕗᕝᑎᐊᒃᑯᑦ
First Air

20
ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐱᓕᐊᕕᓃᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖓᓕᕐᓂᖏᑦ
Nunavik Creations Update

21
ᓇᓗᓐᒃᑯᑕᑦᓴᒥᒃ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᑐᒍᑎᓃᑦ
Logo Contest

22
ᐱᕐᑯᔭᓕᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᒋᐊᓪᓚᑭᑏᑦ
Legal Tips

24
ᕐᖃᔨ ᐅᒃᐱᐅᑉ ᐃᓅᓯᓇᒍᒪᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᑑᑎᑦᓯᓂᖓ
Harry Okpik's Dream Realized

27
ᓄᓇᖃᑦᓯᐊᕋᓯᐊᕐᕕᒃ
Green Corner

28
ᐊᐅᓪᓛᓯᒪᒋᐊᕐᑐᓂᓇᓲᖓ ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐲᑦ
Camp Okpiapik

32
ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᒐᑦᓴᑦ
Nunavik Notes

38
ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ
Youth

50
ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐱᖕᖑᐊᑏᑦ
Nunavik Players

ᓄᑦᑕᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᑯᑦ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥ

Nuvummi Landholding Corporation of Ivujivik

(ᑕᓕᕐᐱᐊᓂᑦ-ᓴᐅᒥᐊᓄᑦ) ᓵᓕ ᑕᕐᑭᖅ, ᓇᐅᓕᑦᑐᖅ ᐁᓇᓕᒃ, ᓵᓕ ᐸᓂᖅᓴᖅ, ᐋᑕᒥ ᖃᓕᖅᒍ, ᒫᑯᓯ ᐃᐸᑦᑐᖅ, ᐋᓕ ᖃᑦᑭᐅᖅ, ᔮᓂ ᒪᖅᑭᐅᖅ ᐊᑭᓐᓇᒥᐅᑕᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑐᑦ ᓄᑦᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᑖᕐᓂᖅᓴᓂᒃ ᓇᓗᓂᕐᓯᒍᑎᒥᒃ

(L-R) Charlie Tarkirk, Naulittuk Ainalik, Charlie Paningajak, Adamie Kalingo, Markusie Iyaituk, Ali Qavavauk, Johnny Mangiuk hold the plaque stating the establishment of the Nuvummi Landholding Corporation.

ᐊᑦᑎᑦ ᒪᕐᑭᑦ ᓈᓕᕐᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᓴᒥᓯ ᐯᒥ ᑯᐯᓪᓗ ᑕᕐᖅᓴᓂ ᐊᖏᕐᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒃ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᕐᕕᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᑎᓪᓗᒍ, ᔪᓗ 20, 2015-ᒥ, ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒃ ᑕᕐᓯᓂᕐᐸᐅᓯᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᒃ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᑖᕐᓂᖅᓴ ᓯᒃᑭᑖᕕᒻᒥᒃ ᒈᒥ ᓱᕐᑯᐃᑕᐅᓂᖃᓚᐅᔪᑦᑐᖅ ᓄᑦᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᑯᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑕᐅᓂᖃᓚᖅᓴᔪᒥᒃ. ᓇᓕᓃᕐᓯᑎᓪᓗ ᓯᒃᑭᑖᕕᒻᒥᒃ ᒈᒥ-ᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ, ᒪᕐᕿᕝᕕᓴᒥᓂᒃ ᐃᖃᓕᐊᕕᑦᓴᓇᑦᓯᒍᓗ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᓗ ᐱᒍᓐᓇᐅᑎᖃᕈᑎᒋᑦᓯᒍ.

ᓴᒥᓯ ᐯᒥ ᑯᐯᓪᓗ ᑕᕐᖅᓴᓂ ᐊᖏᕐᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒃ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᕐᕕᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ 1975-ᒥ, ᐳᕕᕐᓂᑐᕐᒥᐅᑦ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᓗ, ᐊᖏᕐᖃᑎᒋᔭᐅᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᖅᑭᑐᑦ (ᐊᓯᖏᑦ ᐱᑦᔪᑕᐅᒻᒥᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ) ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᑫᑦ ᓴᒃᑯᓯᑎᑕᐅᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ, ᐊᑎᓕᐅᕐᕕᖃᕈᒪᐅᑎᒋᓇᒥᑦ ᐅᕐᖃᐅᓲᒃ ᓴᒃᑯᓯᓂᓄᔪᑦ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᐅᑎᓂᒃ. ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᓄᓇᒥᓂᒃ ᓇᓕᓃᕐᓯᒪᖅᖏᓂᑯᒥᓄᑦ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐊᓯᖏᑦᑕ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᓯᒍᓐᓄᖏᑎᑑᕈᓐᓇᓯᒪᖅᖏᓚᑦ ᓄᓇᒥᓂᒃ.

ᔪᓗ 20, 2015-ᒥ, ᑕᒪᑐᒥᖅᒐ ᐅᐱᒍᓲᑎᖃᓚᓚᐅᔪᑦᑐᑦ ᐃᓄᒃᑎᑐᑦ, ᐅᐃᒍᐃᑎᑐᑦ ᖃᓪᓗᓈᑎᑐᓪᓗ ᐱᖓᓯᓂᒃ ᐅᐃᒐᕐᑐᒃ ᐅᖃᔨᑦᓯᐊᕐᓱᓗᖃᕐᓯᑎᒃ. ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᓚᒫᑲᔫᑦ ᐁᓯᒪᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ. ᐱᓇᓱᕝᕕᓂᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᒌᖅᖏᑐᓂᒃ ᑭᒻᒪᑐᕐᑐᑦ ᐅᖃᒥᐊᕐᑐᓯᒪᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐅᐱᒍᓲᑎᖃᕐᖃᕐᓯᑎᒃ ᓈᓚᒥᐊᕐᑐᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᐊᑑᑎᒋᐅᕐᑕᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᑑᑎᓕᕐᕋᒥᒃ. ᓄᑦᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᓇᑯᕐᒥᑐᕕᓃᑦ ᑯᐯᒃᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᖃᓕᓇᔨᖏᑦᑕ ᑐᕐᖃᑕᕐᕕᖓᓂᒃ ᔨᐊᕐᔨ ᑭᐊᓕᒥᒃ, ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒥᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑏᑦ ᑲᑐᑦᔨᕕᑎᒌᖅᓂᖓᓂᒃ ᐅᐱᒍᓲᓯᑦᓯᐊᓯᑎᓪᓗ. ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒥᑦ ᐅᐱᒍᓲᓯᕐᑕᐅᓂᕐᒥᔪᑦ ᓄᑦᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᓴᓇᔭᕕᓂᖓᓂᒃ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᑉ ᓄᑦᒻᒥᐅᓄᓪᓗ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᐅᑦᓯᓂᕐᑑᑉ, ᒫᑎᐅᓯ ᐃᐸᑦᑑᑉ.

ᐅᐱᒍᓲᑎᖃᕐᑐᓂᑦᑐᕕᓂᑦ: ᓄᑦᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᖏᑦᑕ ᐊᖓᔪᕐᖄᖓ, ᐋᑕᒥ ᖃᓕᖅᒍ; ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑏᑦ ᑲᑐᑦᔨᖃᑎᒌᖅᓂᖓᑕ ᐊᖓᔪᕐᖄᖓ, ᔮᔨ ᐱᑕ; ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒍᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᐅᖃᑕᐅᔪᖅ ᑭᒻᒪᑐᕐᓯᓂ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᓂᒃ, ᑯᓪᓗ ᖃᕝᕕᐅᖅ; ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑦ ᐳᕐᑐᓂᓴᕐᑯᑎᖏᑦ, ᐊᖓᔪᕐᖄᖓ ᔫᐱ ᑕᕐᑭᐊᐱᒃ ᐅᓯᒪᒻᒥᑎᓪᓗᒍ, ᑐᖓᓕᖓᓗ ᒣᑯ ᑯᐊᑕ, ᑐᖓᓕᒥᐊᓪᓚᖓᓗ ᐋᑕᒥ ᑎᓈᓪᓕᐊᑯ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓕᓇᔨ ᐋᓐᑎ ᐲᕐᑎ; ᑯᐯᒃᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᖃᓕᓇᔨᖏᑦᑕ ᑐᕐᖃᑕᕐᕕᖓ ᔨᐊᕐᔨ ᑭᐊᓕ, ᔮᓐ ᐳᓴᓗ, ᑯᐯᒻᒥ ᐅᖃᕐᕕᒪᓇᒻᒥᒃ ᑭᒻᒪᑐᕐᑎ, ᐃᓚᐅᒻᒥᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ;

Forty years after the signing of the James Bay and Northern Quebec Agreement (JBNQA), on July 20, 2015, title by the Inuit of the northernmost village of Nunavik, Ivujivik, was officially acknowledged for Category I lands which will be regulated by Nuvummi Landholding Corporation. Their selection of Category II lands was equally recognized, on which they shall, among other things, enjoy exclusive hunting and fishing rights.

When the JBNQA was signed in 1975, the Nunavik communities of Puvirnituq and Ivujivik, were not in agreement with (among other reasons) the Aboriginal rights extinguishment clause, and opposed the signature of the agreement. While the community of Ivujivik did not proceed with the land selection process, it thus was not subject to controlling Inuit lands like other communities in Nunavik.

The July 20, 2015 ceremony was undertaken in Inuktitut, French and English by three young and energetic hostesses. The vast majority of the community attended the ceremony. Speakers from various interested organizations all shared with the audience how proud they were to participate at such an historical event. Nuvummi extended its gratitude to Quebec Aboriginal Affairs Minister Geoffrey Kelley, to Makivik Corporation and to the Nunavik Landholding Corporation Association by presenting beautiful gifts to them. Makivik Corporation did the same while presenting a gorgeous piece of art to Nuvummi from local artist and Nuvummi board of director, Mattiusi Iyaituk.

(ᑕᓕᕐᐱᐊᓂᑦ-ᓴᐅᒥᐊᓄᑦ) ᒪᑭᑦᕕᐅᑉ ᐊᖑᔪᕐᑲᖓ ᓱᐃ ᑕᕐᑭᐊᐱᒃ, ᑯᐯᒃᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᑲᓕᕆᔨᖏᑦᑕ ᑐᕐᑲᑕᕐᕕᖓ ᔨᐊᕗᔨ ᑭᐊᓕ, ᓄᕗᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᖏᑦᑕ ᐊᖑᔪᕐᑲᖓ ᐋᑕᒥ ᕐᑲᓕᖑ ᑭᒡᒐᑦᑎᓗ ᐅᖓᕙᒥᐅᓂᒃ ᑯᐯᒻᒥ ᐅᖃᕐᕕᒪᓇᒻᒧᑦ ᔫᓐ ᐳᓴ ᓄᓇᓕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᑲᑎᑦᑕᕕᖓᑕ ᓯᕗᕐᕋᓃᑦᑐᑦ.

(L-R) Makivik President Jobie Tukkiapik, Quebec Aboriginal Affairs Minister Geoffrey Kelley, Nuvummi Landholding Corporation President Adamie Kalingo and Member of the National Assembly for the Ungava riding, Jean Boucher, at the entrance of the community centre.

ᑯᐯᒃᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᑲᓕᕆᔨᖏᑦᑕ ᑐᕐᑲᑕᕐᕕᖓ ᔨᐊᕗᔨ ᑭᐊᓕ ᐃᕗᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᓄᑦ ᐅᕐᑲᔪᕐᑲ ᑭᒡᒐᑦᑎᓂᒃ ᑐᓄᒻᒥᓱᓂ ᑐᓵᔨᕐᑲᕐᓱᓂ ᐋᓴ ᐁᓐᓇᓕᒻᒥᒃ.

Quebec Aboriginal Affairs Minister, Geoffrey Kelley, addressing the community of Ivujivik with dignitaries seated behind him with the help of translator Pasa Ainalik.

The special ceremony was attended by the following persons: president of Nuvummi Landholding Corporation, Adamie Kalingo; president of Nunavik Landholding Corporation Association, George Peters; Ivujivik's director of Makivik Board, Kullu Qavavauk; members of the Makivik Executives, including, president Jobie Tukkiapik, first vice-president Michael Gordon, second vice-president Adamie Delisle Alaku and treasurer Andy Pirti; Quebec Aboriginal Affairs Minister Geoffrey Kelley and the riding member of the National Assembly, Jean Boucher, also took part in the official ceremony. And though Zebedee Nungak and his wife Jeannie arrived in their capacity as invited accordion players to entertain the audience following a community feast, it was of particular interest that Zebedee had been one of the signatories of the JBNQA that created the region's institutions, including the existing landholding corporations.

A plaque was handed to Nuvummi from Minister Geoffrey Kelley and reads:

> **"On March 15, 2006 the members of the community of Ivujivik expressed their consent by referendum to a selection of Category I and II lands as intended in the James Bay and Northern Quebec Agreement. In order to render the inclusion of the Ivujivik community to this Agreement official, the Makivik Corporation and the Government of Quebec signed, In June 2013, Complementary Agreement n°23. For the purposes of its implementation, the Government of Quebec transferred, in 2015, Category I lands to the Nuvummi Landholding Corporation. This transfer coincided with the 40th anniversary of the James Bay and Northern Quebec Agreement.**
>
> **To commemorate this historic event, the minister responsible for Native Affairs, Mr. Geoffrey Kelley, on behalf of the Government of Quebec, presented to Nuvummi Landholding Corporation with this plaque during a ceremony held in Ivujivik on July 20th, 2015."**

Before this historic ceremony, on the 19th, Adamie Kalingo gave the delegates a very informative tour of Ivujivik. They went to Ivujivik Point, its traditional name is Ivujiviup Nuvua, the ride representing a perfect experience of traveling on the northernmost usable road in Quebec for passenger vehicles. It was explained that Ivujivik Inuit regard themselves as 'people of the cape' which is why they refer to themselves as 'Nuvummiut', nuvu being the root word meaning 'cape'- of any peninsula. The tour continued on to an archeological site where they saw ruins of sod houses and *qaggiq*, where it is believed ceremonial gatherings took place whereby Inuit sat on huge stones placed in a circle. It was during this time that the minister and his party were told of the importance of the use of the tundra, which supplied medicine, food and fuel for campfire. Then they rode to the water point on high ground where there is a pumping station, which supplies water through a pipeline that leads to a reservoir in the village.

In 2005, with mining exploration interest in the Ivujivik area, it became apparent that Ivujivik needed to know more about land regimes, mandates of landholding corporations and the provisions of the JBNQA. In 2005 and 2006 Ivujivik held community meetings, radio shows, call-in sessions in order to learn more about this type of land management.

On March 15th, 2006, at a referendum in the community of Ivujivik they overwhelmingly voted for change. Seventy-three percent of the voters answered 'yes' to the question, "Do you want Ivujivik to get a landholding corporation and allow Inuit to select Category I and II lands?" They then created a land selection committee, which, with the assistance from regional Inuit organizations and the Quebec Government, began the work of land category selection.

ᔨᓂᓗ ᓴᐱᑎ ᓄᖕᖓᓗ ᓂᑦᔭᐅᑎᕐᑑᒃ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐅᐱᒍᓲᑎᖃᕐᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᓄᑦᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᑖᕐᖃᒥᐅᓕᕐᒥᒃ.

Jeannie and Zebedee Nungak play their accordions for the audience in the community of Ivujivik in celebration of the newly formed Nuvummi Landholding Corporation.

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ᓄᑦᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑏᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᖏᑦᑕ ᐃᓚᖓᑦ ᓵᓕ ᑕᕐᕿᖅ ᐅᐱᒍᓲᓱᕐᔪᖅ ᐊᖓᔪᕐᖃᖓᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑏᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᖓᑕ, ᔭᔨ ᐱᑕᒥᒃ, ᒥᐊᔨ ᐸᓂᖓᔭᐅᑉ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᑉ ᐊᓪᓚᖑᐊᕐᑕᕕᓂᖓᓂᒃ ᐅᐱᒍᓲᑎᒋᕐᓯᒍ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑏᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᖓ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓯᓂᕐᒪᑦ ᓄᑦᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᑖᕐᓯᐊᕐᑐᓂᒃ.

Nuvummi Landholding Corporation board member Charlie Tarkirk presents to the President of the Landholding Corporation Association, George Peters, a local print made by Mary Paningajak as a gesture of appreciation for the NLCHA's contribution to the creation of the Nuvummi LHC.

ᓴᐱᑎ ᓄᖕᖓᖅ ᐊᕐᓇᖓᓗ ᔨᓂ ᕿᕐᕐᑯᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᕕᓂᐅᒐᓗᐊᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᓂᑦᔭᐅᑎᓇᐊᕐᑐᕐᑯᔭᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᓂᓇᒻᒫᓂᖃᓂᕐᐸᑦ, ᓴᐱᑎ ᓴᒥᓯ ᐯᒥ ᑯᐯᓪᓗ ᑕᕐᕿᖓᓂ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒥᒃ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᕐᓯᒪᔫᒥᖃᑕᐅᖕᓂᒥᔪᖅ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᕝᕕᓂᒃ ᓄᐃᑦᓯᒍᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᒥ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᓂᓪᓗ.

ᓄᑦᒻᒥᐅᓂᒃ ᐅᑦᑐᐃᔪᕕᓂᖅ ᐊᑭᓐᓇᒥᐅᑕᒥᒃ ᑐᕐᖃᑕᕐᕕᒃ ᔨᐊᑦᔨ ᑭᐊᓕ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᕐᑕᓕᖕᓂᒃ ᐃᒣᓕᔪᓂᒃ:

> "ᒫᑦᓯ 15, 2006-ᒥ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐃᓄᓕᒫᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᒥᓂ ᓂᑭᐊᕐᓂᖃᕐᑐ-ᕕᓂᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᑲᑭᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᓱᒃᑭᑖᐱᓐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓂᒃ ᒻᒥᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᒻᒥᒃ ᓴᒥᓯ ᐯᒥ ᑯᐯᓪᓗ ᑕᕐᕿᖓᓂ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᑎᒍᑦ ᓄᓇᑖᓇᒥᐊᖃᕐᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ. ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᓂᒃ ᐃᓚᐅᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᒥᒃ ᑖᑦᓱᒍᖓ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒍᑦ ᓇᓗᓐᕐᓯᒍᑎᐅᓂᐊᓕᕐᑐᒥᒃ, ᒪᑭᑦᕕᑯᑦ ᑯᐯᒃᑯᓗ ᑲᑦᒪᖓ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᕐᕕᖃᓚᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ, ᓈᓂ 2013-ᒥ, ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒥᐊᓪᓚᒥᒃ ᑭᑎᑦᔪᑎᓕᒥᒃ 23. ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒃ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑕᐅᒥᐊᖃᕐᓂᖓ, ᑯᐯᒃᑯᑦ ᑲᑦᒪᖓ, 2015-ᒥ, ᓄᑦᑎᓇᓚᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ ᓱᒃᑭᑖᐱᒻᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᒻᒥᒃ ᓄᑦᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᓄᑦ. ᑖᓐᓇ ᓄᑦᑎᓇᓂᖅ ᓇᓪᓕᐅᑎᑦᓯᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᒥᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᐊᕐᕋᒍᓄᑦ ᐊᑦᑎ ᒪᕐᕿᓄᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᐅᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᑕᐅᓂᖓᓄᑦ ᓴᒥᓯ ᐯᒥ ᑯᐯᓪᓗ ᑕᕐᕿᖓᓂ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᐅᑦ.

ᑖᑦᓯᒥᖓ ᐅᓪᓗᒥᒃ ᐃᕐᕿᒍᑕᐅᑦᓐᓂᐊᑐᒥᒃ, ᑐᕐᖃᑕᕐᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᖃᕐᓇᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᑲᑭᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᓱᒃᑭᑖᐱᓐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓂᒃ ᒻᒥᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᒻᒥᒃ ᓴᒥᓯ ᐯᒥ ᑯᐯᓪᓗ ᑕᕐᕿᖓᓂ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᐅᑦ.

ᑖᑦᓯᒥᖓ ᐅᓪᓗᒥᒃ ᐃᕐᕿᒍᑕᐅᑦᓐᓂᐊᑐᒥᒃ, ᑐᕐᖃᑕᕐᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᖃᕐᓇᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᓱᒃᑭᑖᐱᓐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓂᒃ ᒻᒥᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᒻᒥᒃ ᓴᒥᓯ ᐯᒥ ᑯᐯᓪᓗ ᑕᕐᕿᖓᓂ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᑎᒍᑦ.

ᐅᐱᒍᓲᑎᖃᕐᓂᖅ ᐱᒋᐊᓚᐅᕐᑎᓇᒍ, ᐅᓪᓗᖓᓂ 19-ᒦᑦᓯᑦ, ᐋᑕᒥ ᖃᓕᖕᒍ ᑎᓕᐅᑦᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᑎᑦᓯᓚᐅᔪᕐᖅ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᒃ. ᐃᑦᔨᕕᐅᑉ ᓄᑦᐊᓄᑦ, ᑯᐯᓕᒫᒥ ᑕᕐᕿᓐᓂᑉᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᑎᒃᑑᓱᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᒃᑑᔪᕐᑐᓄᑦ. ᑐᑭᓯᑎᑦᓯᔪᖃᓚᐅᔪᒥᔪᖅ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᑑᖅ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ 'ᓄᑦᒻᒥᐅᒍᓂᕐᓱᒍᒥᐊᖏᓐᓂᒃ'. ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖅ "ᓄᑦ" ᐱᓯᒪᒻᒪᑦ ᓄᑦᖃᕐᓂᕐᓂᕐᑕᐅᓱᒍᒻᒪᑕ ᐃᑭᕋᓴᑦ. ᐃᑦᓴᓂᑕᓚᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᓪᓗ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓱᕐᒥᒥᑦ ᐃᓪᓗᓚᐅᕐᕕᐅᖃᑦᑕᑐᕕᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᖃᒻᒋᖃᕐᕕᕕᓂᕐᓂᓗ ᑕᑯᓂᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ, ᑲᑎᑦᑕᕕᐅᓲᕕᓂᐅᓂᐊᖕᖑᓇᔭᐅᓚᐅᔫᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗᑭᑕᐅᓕᖓᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᐅᔭᕋᓱᑦᔪᓂ ᐃᑦᓯᓯᕐᕕᓂᐅᒍᓇᐅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ. ᑎᑲᓃᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᑐᕐᖃᑕᕐᕕᒃ ᑭᒻᒪᑐᕐᑎᖏᓪᓗ ᐅᓂᒃᑲᐅᔭᐅᓚᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ ᐱᒻᒪᓇᕐᑯᑎᐅᒋᐊᖓᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᐅᑉ ᐊᐅᓚᐅᒍᓱᖓᓂᒃ ᐃᓚᑦᓯᒋᐊᓪᓚᑭᑎᑦᓴᖏᖕᓂᒃ.

ᒫᑦᓯ 15, 2006-ᒥ, ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᓚᒫᑦ ᓂᑭᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᐅᓄᕐᓂᔭᑦ ᐊᓯᑦᔨᒋᐊᑭᒪᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᓂᑭᐊᕐᑐᕕᓂᐅᑦᑐ. 73%-ᖏ ᓂᑭᐊᕐᑐᕕᓃᑦ 'ᐊᖏᑦᓱᑎᒃ' ᐊᐱᕐᓱᑎᒥᒃ, "ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᑖᕐᑯᔨᕕᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᑲᑭᓐᓇᓂᕐᐊᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᓄᓇᓂᒃ ᓱᒃᑭᑖᐱᓐᓂᒃ ᒻᒥᒃ ᒻᒥᓪᓗ ?" ᒐᒪ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᓕᐅᕐᓂᐊᓕᕐᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᑲᕐᑎᓴᓂᒃ, ᒐᒪ, ᐃᑲᔪᕐᑕᐅᓱᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᕝᕕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑯᐯᒃᑯᑦ ᑲᑦᒪᖓᓄᑦ, ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᑲᕐᐸᓕᐊᓯᓕᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ.

ᐅᒃᑑᐱᓇ 10, 2007-ᒥ, ᓄᓐᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᑲᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓇᓗᓐᕐᑕᐅᓂᖃᓯᓚᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ ᒐᑲᓃᑦᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᑲᕐᑏᑦ, ᑭᒡᒐᑐᕐᑎᖏᓪᓗ ᒪᑭᑦᕕᐅᑉ, ᑲᑎᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᑦ ᑲᑦᒪᖓᑕ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑏᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᖕᓂᖓᑕ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑯᐯᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᕐᖃᑕᕐᕕᖓᑦ. ᓄᓇᖕᖓᐊᑖᕐᑐᒥᒃ ᐊᑭᓐᓇᖓᓃᑦᑐᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᐅᑦ ᑲᑎᑦᑕᕕᖓᑕ, ᐅᓪᓗᒥ ᓄᑖᓂᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᑎᖃᓱᓚᕐᑕᑦᑕ 1975-ᒥ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᓇᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᖕᖏᑦᑕᑎᓂᒃ, ᑲᑎᒪᒋᐊᕐᑐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᒌᖕᖏᑐᓂᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᕝᕕᓂᑦ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᒻᒥᐅᓗ ᑕᑯᒋᐅᕐᑎᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓚᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ ᓂᑭᐊᕐᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ: ᐊᓯᖏᑦ ᐱᒐᓗᐊᕐᒥᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᒪᕐᕿᕝᕕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓛᓪᓗᑐᓂᒃ ᑕᑯᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ.

ᓵᓂ 10, 2015-ᒥ, ᐊᓪᓚᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᕐᕕᐅᓚᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ ᓇᓗᓐᕐᓯᒍᑎᑦ ᓇᒻᒥᓂᕐᑖᓇᔭᐅᓂᖓᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᐅᑉ ᓱᒃᑭᑖᐱᐅᑉ ᐊ ᓄᑦᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᓐᓂᑦ. ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᐊᑦᑕᑐᕈᑎᓂᒃ ᑯᐯᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᕐᖃᑕᕐᕕᖓ ᐃᑯᒪᐅᑎᑦᓴᖑᑦᓂᕐᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑏᑦ ᓄᑦᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑏᑦ ᐃᑦᔨᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ !

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ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᐊᖑᔪᕐᑲᖓ ᔫᐱ ᑕᕐᑭᐊᐱᒃ ᐅᐱᒍᓲᓯᑦᑕᐅᔪᖅ ᐊᑦᓚᖑᐊᕐᑕᐱᓂᖓᓂᒃ ᕐᑯᒪᖅ ᐃᔪᑦᑑᑉ ᓄᕐᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑏᑦ ᐊᖑᔪᕐᑲᖓᑕ ᑐᖓᓂᖓᓄᑦ, ᓵᓕ ᐸᓂᖓᔭᕐᒧᑦ, ᐅᐱᒍᓲᑎᒋᑦᓱᒍ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓱᒪᓂᖓᓄᑦ ᓄᕐᒥ ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᑎᒍᒥᐊᕐᑎᑖᕋᓱᐊᕐᑐᓂᒃ.

Makivik President Jobie Tukkiapik receives artwork by Qumak Iyaituk from Vice-president of the Nuvummi LHC, Charlie Paningajak, in recognition to Makivik's support in the creation of the Nuvummi LHC.

The formalization of the selected land categories finally took place in Ivujivik on October 10th, 2007 in the presence of the Ivujivik land selection committee, Makivik, the Kativik Regional Government, Nunavik Landholding Corporation Association and the Quebec Ministry. On a map displayed on the wall of the community centre, thanks to nowadays technologies not available in 1975, the participants from the various organizations and community members alike were for the first time able to see what they had voted for: areas where amongst other title and exclusive harvesting rights were with permanence granted.

On June 10th, 2015, letter patents were signed to transfer ownership of the selected Category I lands for Nuvummi Landholding Corporation. The land leases held by Quebec's Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources are still in the process of being transferred to the new landowner, the Nuvummi Landholding Corporation of Ivujivik!

ᐊᕐᕌᒍᑕᒫᕐᓯᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓪᓗᓯᒪᑎᑕᐅᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᑎᒥᒻᒥᒍᑦ ᐱᕐᖃᔭᑦᓯᐊᖏᑦᑑᒍᑎᓗᑦ

Annual summer camp for the disabled

ᐊᕐᕌᒍᑕᒫᑦ ᑲᒃᑲᓗᑦ ᐱᐊᓄᑦ, ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᐃᓄᒻᒪᓈᓪᓗ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓗᓯᒪᒋᐊᕐᑐᓇᐊᒥᒃ ᐊᓕᐊᒋᔭᕐᑲᓱᒍᕗᑦ ᒫᓴᕗᐃᐱᒍᑦ ᒪᓐᑐᓇᐊᓪ ᓯᕐᑭᓂᖓᓃᑦᑐᒍᑦ. ᐃᓄᒋᐊᑦᑑᖏᑦᑐᒍᑦ. ᐊᐅᓪᓗᓯᒪᕕᑦᓴᓕᐊᒍᓱᖅ ᐃᓕᓴᕕᐅᑦᓯᓂ ᐊᓕᐊᓇᕐᑐᖑᐊᓂᓪᓗ ᓱᒪᑦᓴᕐᑲᕐᑎᓯᕕᐅᑦᓯᓂ ᓄᑭᕐᑲᑦᓯᐊᖏᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᑦᓯᐊᖏᑦᑐᓂᒃ, ᑕᑯᓐᓇᓯᐊᖕᖏᑐᓂᓪᓗ ᐃᓱᒪᒥᒍᓪᓗ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᑕᐅᒋᐊᓕᓐᓂᒃ. ᕿᓚᓈᕐᑐᒪᓇᐅᓱᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᑕᒫᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓗᓯᒪᓂᓇᓈᕐᑕᒥᓂᒃ.

ᐅᖓᑭᒥᐅᑦ ᕐᑯᓕᓪᓗ ᒪᕐᑭᓗᓱᑦ ᐱᐊᓄᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᓗ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᑦ, ᑲᖏᕐᓯᐊᓗᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᑦ ᑲᖏᕐᓯᔪᐊᕐᒥᐅᓗ. ᐊᒥᓱᓂᒃ ᒪᓕᑦᑎᕐᑲᓇᐊᕐᑲᓱᑦ. ᐅᖓᑭᒥᐅᑦ ᐋᓐᓂᐊᕕᖓ ᑐᓚᑦᑕᕕᒃ ᐊᐅᓪᓗᓯᒪᑎᑦᓯᒋᐊᕐᑐᓱᒍᓕᕐᑐᖅ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓂ ᕐᑯᓕᓪᓗ ᑕᓪᓕᒪᓪᓗ ᐅᖓᑖᓄᕐᑐᓂᒃ. ᐊᒥᓱᑦ ᑲᑐᑦᔨᓯᐊᕐᓯᑎᒃ ᐊᐅᓪᓗᓯᒪᑎᑦᓯᒋᐊᕐᑐᕈᓐᓇᓱᑦ.

ᐱᑭᓪᓕᓇᕐᑐᒋᐊᖓ ᐃᓚᒋᓄᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᔪᓄᓪᓗ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᓇᑦᓯᐊᓱᖅ. ᐊᐅᓪᓗᓯᒪᕕᒻᒥᓃᑦᓯᑎᒃ ᕐᑯᖓᑦᑐᒪᓇᐅᓱᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓴᓕᒻᒪᓇᐅᓱᒍᑦᓯᑎᓪᓗ ᐅᑎᕋᒥᒃ. ᐃᓚᖏᑦ, ᐃᓚᐅᒋᐅᑦᓯᐊᓱᑦ ᐃᓪᓗᐊᐱᒻᒦᑐᓄᑦ. ᐃᖃᓪᓕᐊᓇᐊᖃᑦᑕᓱᑎᒃ, ᖃᔭᓇᐊᕐᑐᖃᑦᑕᓱᑎᒃ, ᐳᐃᑦᔪᕐᖃᑦᑕᓱᑎᒃ, ᑕᕐᕋᕐᓯᐅᒪᖃᑦᑕᓱᑎᓪᓗ ᐅᓐᓄᓴᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᑯᐊᓚᑦᓯᔭᐅᔫᑉ ᓯᕗᕐᓂ.

Every year children, youth and adults from Nunavik enjoy going to Camp Massawippi in the Eastern townships south of Montreal. It is a special camp offering educational and fun activities for those with either motor, hearing, visual impairments or intellectual handicap. They eagerly wait each year for this camp.

The Ungava group consists of 12 children and young adults from Kuujjuaq, Kangiqsualujjuaq and Kangiqsujuaq. Many escorts are required. The Ungava Tulattavik Health Centre has sent campers for over 15 years. It is through the collaboration of many partners that makes this rewarding camp possible.

The benefits for those who participate and their families are obvious. While camping these campers are smiling and have so many stories to share after their experience. For some of them, it is their very first time camping in accommodation-style cabins. Their days consist of spending time outside either fishing, canoeing, swimming, and relaxing in the evenings beside a campfire.

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ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᓚᖓᔪᓂᒃ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᑐᓯᐊᑦ, 2013-ᒥ, (ᕿᑎᖓᓂᑦᑐᖅ) ᒫᒃ ᐅᔭᓂ ᑯᐊᑕ, (ᑕᓕᕐᐱᐊᓂᑦᑐᖅ) ᓕᓐᑕ ᑯᐊᑕ.
Thanks to the crew helping board, 2013, (centre) Mark Ronnie Gordon, (right) Linda Gordon.

ᓯᐊᓯ ᒪᓂᖅ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓄᐅᖏᓐᓄᓕᒫᕐᑐᐃᓂᖅ ᐊᐅᓪᓗᓯᒪᒋᐊᕐᑐᓗᕐᒥᒃ - ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓕᒫᒥ ᕿᓚᓈᓇᔭᐃᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ.
Jessie Munik always ready to go to the camp - she had been waiting for this all year long.

ᓯᐊᓯ ᐅᕿᑦᑐᖅ ᐊᐅᓪᓗᓯᒪᐃᒻᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᓕᐊᑦᑐᒪᓇᒃ.
Siassie Uqittuq loves the camp.

ᐊᐅᓪᓗᓯᒪᔪᑦ, ᒪᓂᑦᑎᖏᑦᓗ, ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑏᑦ ᐃᓚᒌᑦᓗ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᓇᐊᑐᓯᒪᔪᑦ.
Campers, escorts, staff members and family enjoying the show.

ᑖᓂᓯᕐᑐᒪᓇᑦ.
Hitting the dance floor.

ᑎᓃᓯ ᑐᐯ, ᒫᓗᓇ ᐋᓇᓈᖅ, ᓕᓯ ᑯᐊᑕ, ᓯᐊᓯ ᐅᕿᑦᑐᓗ.
Denise Dubé, Malorie Annanack, Lizzie Gordon and Siassie Uqittuq.

ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᐱᖓᓱᑦ ᐃᓚᓐᓈᓇᑦ (ᓴᐅᒥᐊᓂᑦ ᑕᓕᕐᐱᐊᓄᑦ) ᓕᓯ ᑯᐊᑕ, ᐋᑦᑕᓯ ᐋᓇᓈᖅ, ᒫᑕᓯᓗ.
Friendship trio: (L-R) Lizzie Gordon, Attasie Annanack, Mattasie.

ᒫᓯᐅ ᑰᑦᑐᖅ ᐊᓐᓄᕝᕕᓯᒪᔪᖅ. ᓕᓯ ᐃᓕᒪᓴᐅᑦ.
Matthew Kooktook got to put on costumes. Lizzie Ilimasaut.

ᓴᐱᑎ ᔫᒃ ᒃᑕᑦᔭᑐᖅ ᐊᓪᓕᑐᓂ ᐅᓐᓄᓯᐅᕐᑎᑕᐅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ.
Jaipiti Jaaka throat singing during a Sunday evening variety show.

ᒫᓗᓇ ᐋᓇᓈᖅ, ᑖᓂᓯᕐᓯᑎᐅᓂᕐᕿᖅ ᐊᐅᓪᓛᓯᒪᔪᓕᒫᓂᑦ.
Malorie Annanack, dancing star of the camp.

ᐅᑦᓯᕋᐅᑎᒃᑰᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᕝᕕᕐᓂᐊᕕᓕᐊᕐᓯᑎᒃ. ᒫᓯᐅ ᑰᑦᑐᓗ ᑭᑎ ᐋᓇᓈᕐᓗ.
On the bus going back to the airport. Matthew Kooktook and Kitty S. Annanack.

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ᐊᐱᕐᓱᑕᐅᒍᑎᖏᑦ ᑭᐅᒍᑎᖏᓪᓗ ᐋᓐᑐᔪᑦ ᐃᐳᑉ

Q&A with Andrew Epoo

ᐋᓐᑐᔪ ᐃᐳ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᒋᐊᓚᐅᔪᕗᖅ ᐁᓇᓕ 20, 2015-ᒥ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓈᖕᒐᔪᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᑎᑦᓱᔾᔨᒋᔭᐅᓂᐊᕐᓗᓂ, ᐃᓄᒃᒪᓇᓐᓈᓕᖕᒐᔪᓂᓪᓗ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓈᓱᕐᒎᓕᖕᒐᔪᓂᒃ. ᐃᓄᒃᔪᐊᒦᒐᒥ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᑭᖅᖅᒎᒪᒋᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᑦᓱᐊᕈᓐᓇᓱᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓈᖕᒐᔪᓂᒃ, ᐃᓄᒃᒪᓇᓐᓈᓕᖕᒐᔪᓂᒃ, ᐃᓈᓱᕐᒎᓕᖕᒐᔪᓂᓪᓗ. ᓄᐃᑕᐅᓯᒪᓕᕐᑎᓗᒍ ᓄᑖᖅ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖅᑎᒌᓐᓂᓇᓕᖕᒐᔭᖕᒐ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ - ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖅᑎᒌᓐᓂᖕᒐ - ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒥ ᓄᐃᑦᓱᒋᐊᖃᕐᓱᒪᔭᑦ ᓄᑖᒥᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᒐᕐᓴᒥᒃ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓈᖕᒐᔪᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᑎᑦᓱᔾᔨᐅᓂᐊᕐᑐᒍᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑎᑖᕐᓱᑎᓪᓗ ᐊᐳᔪᒥᒃ, ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᓗ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕋᑦᓴᖏᑦ ᐃᓄᒃᒪᓇᓐᓈᓕᖕᒐᔪᑦ ᐃᓈᓱᕐᒎᓕᖕᒐᔪᐃᓪᓗ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕐᑕᐅᓱᐊᕈᓐᓇᓂᐊᕐᒥᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ.

Andrew Epoo began his position as Makivik's new Liaison Officer/Agent for Youth Elders, Health and Social Initiatives on April 20, 2015. Based out of Inukjuak, he is able to keep in tune with the wishes of Nunavimmiut in relation to our youth, elders, and social files. The creation of a new youth entity for the region—the Nunavik Youth Forum—has made it particularly essential for Makivik to reopen the youth liaison position and hire Andrew, while Makivik's files on the elders and social issues are also receiving the attention they deserve.

ᐃᓱᐊᕐᑑᒐᓗᐊᕐᑎᓗᒍ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᑐᐃᓐᓇᖃᑦᑕᓱᓂ, *ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖏᓐᓄᑐᑦᓴᓂᒃ* ᐊᑐᐊᕋᑦᓴᓕᐅᕐᓱᒪᔭᒍᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᓱᑕᐅᒍᑎᕕᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᓐᑐᔪᑉ ᐅᐱᒋᑦᓱᒍᓗ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᒋᑦᓱᐊᕈᓐᓇᓚᐅᕐᑦᑎᒍ.

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖏᑦ: ᐅᓂᒃᑲᐅᔾᔨᓚᐅᖅᖓ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᒐᕐᑖᖅᒪᒥᓃᕝᕕᑦ ?

ᐋᓐᑐᔪᑦ ᐃᐳ: ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓈᖕᒐᔪᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᑎᑦᓱᔾᔨᐅᓂᐊᕐᑐᒍᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᒐᑦᓴᖅ ᑭᖅᒍᓪᓕᔪᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᒐᓇᔭᐅᓱᒪᔭᖅ ᐊᕐᕋᒍᐃᑦ ᖁᓕᐅᑐᐃᓐᓇᓇᐊᓐᑦ ᓈᓕᕐᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᐋᑕᒥ ᐸᑦᓚᔾᒍᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᒐᓇᔭᐅᑦᓱᓂ. ᑕᑯᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᒐᑦᓴᖅ ᓄᐃᑕᐅᓯᐊᓪᓚᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᑦᓴᓯᐊᓪᓚᓂᒃ ᐃᓚᔭᐅᓐᓂᕐᑯᑦ ᑖᓐᓇ ᐱᓇᓱᒐᑦᓴᖅ, ᐃᓄᒃᒪᓇᓐᓈᓕᖕᒐᔪᓂᒃ, ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓱᐊᓇᐊᖃᕐᓂᔫᖕᒐᔪᓂᒃ ᐃᓈᓱᕐᒎᓕᖕᒐᔪᓂᓪᓗ.

ᐱᓇᓱᒐᕐᑖᖅᒪᒥᕋ ᐊᓕᐊᓇᕐᑐᒪᓇᒃ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᓇᕐᑐᒪᓇᐅᓚᖕᒐᑦᓱᓂᓗ. ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖅᑲᖃᑦᑕᓇᐊᖃᓚᖕᒐᖓᒪ ᐊᒥᓱᓂᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᕝᕕᓂᒃ, ᑲᑎᒪᔾᔨᓂᒃ ᑲᑎᑕᓱᓂᓪᓗ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑲᕝᒪᒃᑯᓂᑦ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ.

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖏᑦ: ᓯᓇᓂᒃ ᐸᕐᓄᕈᑎᖃᕐᓯᒪᕕᑦ ᑕᕐᕿᓄᑦ ᐱᖓᓲᓚᖕᒐᔪᓄᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓈᖕᒐᔪᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᑎᑦᓱᔾᔨᐅᓕᕋᕕᑦ ?

ᐋᓐᑐᔪᑦ ᐃᐳ: ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᖕᒐ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᓂᖃᑦᓱᐊᓚᖕᒐᒻᒪᑦ ᐱᕕᑦᓴᖃᕐᕕᒋᑦᓱᐊᓇᐊᖃᓚᖕᒐᕙᕐᕕᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖃᕐᖃᑦᑕᓇᕈᒪᑦᓱᖕᒐᓗ ᐃᓄᒃᒪᓇᓐᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔾᔨᖏᓐᓂᒃ. ᖃᐅᔾᔨᒋᐊᕐᕕᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᓕᓱᖕᒐᓗ ᐃᓗᓯᓕᓇᕕᐅᑉ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑎᖏᓐᓂᒃ, ᖃᓄᖅ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖃᕈᓐᓇᒪᖕᒑᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐃᓗᓯᓕᓇᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔾᔨᓂᒃ ᐃᓗᓯᓕᓇᓂᕐᓈᓕᖕᒐᔪᑦ ᐃᓄᓕᓇᓂᕐᓈᓕᖕᒐᔪᐃᓪᓗ ᐱᓪᓗᒋᑦ.

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖏᑦ: ᓯᓇᓂᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᓕᓂᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒧᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑎᐅᒥᐊᓯᕕᑦ ?

ᐋᓐᑐᔪᑦ ᐃᐳ: ᐱᓇᓱᒋᐊᖅᖓᓯᒪᔪᖕᒐ ᐃᓄᒃᔪᐊᒥ ᓇᑦᑐᕋᓛᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔾᔨᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂ ᐃᓈᓱᑦᑑᓱᖕᒐ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᓱᖃᑦᓯᕕᖏᑦ ᓱᓕ ᓄᓇᓕᒻᒥ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔾᔨᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑕᐅᓂᖃᕐᑎᓗᒋᑦ. ᐃᓕᑦᓯᕕᒋᓯᒪᔭᕋ ᐱᒻᒪᕆᐅᓂᖕᒐᓂᒃ ᐊᑭᓕᕐᑐᑕᐅᒍᓐᓂᓗᓂ ᐱᒍᑦᔾᒍᓐᓇᓂᐅᑉ ᐃᓕᑦᓯᕕᒋᑦᓱᒍᓗ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᓯᓂᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓈᓱᑦᑑᖏᓐᓈᓱᖕᒐ ᓱᓕ. ᐊᕐᔾᒋᖅᖏᑐᓂᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᖅᕕᓂᒃ

Through the convenience of email, *Makivik Magazine* compiled this series of questions for Andrew and we are most grateful for his collaboration.

Makivik Magazine: Can you tell me about your new position at Makivik?

Andrew Epoo: The youth liaison position was last filled around 10 years ago and was held by Adamie Padlayat. When the position was revived this year, the elders, health and social files were added on.

My new position is exciting and dynamic. It allows me to engage with many organizations, committees and groups within Nunavik as well as with levels of governments.

Makivik Magazine: What are your current plans for the next three months in your position as the youth liaison officer

Andrew Epoo: The youth forum has a lot of momentum and will be taking up most of my time. I also plan to work closely with the Elders Committee. I will soon start making contacts at the health board as well, to see how Makivik can collaborate with Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services (NRBHSS) on health and social issues.

Makivik Magazine: What experience do you bring to Makivik in this new job?

Andrew Epoo: I started out at Inukjuak's Natturaliit Youth Committee in my preteen years when youth centres were still overseen by local youth committees. It taught me the importance of volunteering and learning basic administration skills at an early age. I got to work with different organizations and learn first hand how the regional organizations are structured.

My experience working with the NRBHSS in their Public Health Department as a health promotion officer has taught me a lot. I was able

ᐋᓐᑐᔪᑦ ᐃᐳ ᐃᖃᓗᓐᓂᓯᓂ 2015-ᒥ ᑲᓇᑕᒥᐅᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᕐᔪᐊᖅᖓᓄᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᒋᐊᕐᑐᓯᒪᑦᓱᓂ

Andrew Epoo in Iqaluit during the 2015 National Inuit Youth Summit

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ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖅᑲᖅᑲᑦᑕᓯᒪᒪᒪ ᓇᔪᖅᓱᒋᓪᓗ ᐃᓕᑦᓱᕙᓪᓕᐊᕕᒋᑦᓱᒋᓪᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᓂ ᐱᓇᓱᕝᕕᑦ ᖃᓄᖅ ᐃᓂᓪᓚᖓᐅᓱᖃᖅᓴᖓᑦ.

ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐃᓗᓯᓕᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᖅᓱᒪᒻᒥᒐᒪ ᓇᐅᓕᒫᓂᒃ ᐃᓗᓯᓕᓇᓂᖅᓴᒍᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᕕᒻᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᑎᐅᓱᖓ ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓱᐊᕈᑎᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᐅᑎᑦᓱᓂᖅᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᑦᓱᕕᑦᓚᓇᑦᓱᒪᒻᒥᔭᕋ. ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓱᐊᓇᐊᖃᖅᓂᓈᓕᖓᔪᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᒃᑎᑑᖅᓱᖓ ᓄᓇᓕᒃᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᑎᑦᓱᒍᒃᓇᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᔪᖓ. ᐃᓕᑦᓱᒋᐊᓪᓚᕈᑎᒋᑦᓱᒍ ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓱᐊᓇᐊᖃᖅᓂᓈᓕᖓᔪᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ.

ᐱᖅᑯᐊᑎᑦᓱᓂᖅᑯᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᕕᒻᒥ ᑲᑎᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᑦ ᑲᑦᒪᖓᓂ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᒻᒥᔪᖓ ᓄᓇᓕᒃᓂ ᐱᖅᑯᐊᑎᖅᑭᒃᓂᓗ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖃᖅᑕᓱᖓ. ᓄᓇᓕᒻᒥ ᓯᕗᓕᖅᑎᓂᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖃᖅᑲᑉᐊᓱᖓ ᐊᑕᐅᑦᓱᑰᖅᑎᓱᔨᓂᓪᓗ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᖃ-ᑎᒋᑦᓱᒋᑦ ᓱᓄᑦ ᑭᖅᖅᑰᒪᒋᔭᐅᒻᒪᖓᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᒃᓂ ᓱᓇᑕᖃᓕᓈᖅᒪᖓᑕᓗ. ᐃᓱᐊᖅᓂᐸᐅᔪᓇᑦᓱᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᔪᖓ ᐱᕝᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᓱᒋᐊᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᒃᓂᒃ ᓱᓇᑕᖃᓕᓈᖅᓴᖅᓂᒃ.

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖅᑭᑦ: ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐃᓚᐅᒍᑎᓕᒃᓂᒃ ᑐᑭᓯᑎᑦᓱᒍᒃᓇᐱᑦ ᓄᑖᖅ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᑦᔨᖃᑎᒌᒃᓂᖅᖓ ᓱᓇᐅᒻᒪᖓᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖅᖓᔪᒥᓪᓗ ᐃᓂᓪᓚᖓᐅᓱᖃᖅᓂᐊᒪᖅᓵᑦ ?

ᐊᓐᑐᔫ ᐃᐳ: ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᒍᑦᓱᑕ, ᐱᓂᐊᕐᓂᓕᓇᔪᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑭᒡᒐᑐᑦᑕᐅᕕᖃᓇᐊᖃᖅᓱᒪᑕ ᐊᓱᑦᔨᕝᕙᓪᓕᐊᒪᑦ ᓱᓚᕐᔪᐊᖅ - ᐊᓱᑦᔨᕝᕙᓪᓕᐊᒪᑦ ᐊᕙᑎᕗᑦ, ᐃᓈᓱᓗ ᒪᑭᑕᒐᓱᐊᕈᑎᑦᓴᖃᓇᐊᖃᖅᓂᓗ. ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᒥᐅᒍᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᐊᓱᑦᔨᕝᕙᓪᓕᐊᓂᖅᒦᓚᓇᑦᓱᒪᕗᑦ ᐊᖅᖑᒍᓂ ᐊᕙᑎ ᑕᓪᓕᒪᓂ ᐊᓂᒍᓚᐅᖅᑐᓂ. ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓱᖃᑎᒌᖅᖅᑭᑕᒥᓂᑦ ᐱᔪᓂᓗᐊᖅᖅᒍᐊᖅ ᑲᕙᒪᒃᑯᓗ ᐃᓂᓪᓚᖓᐅᓱᖅᑭᓂᑦ. ᖃᒻᒥᖅ ᑭᓱᐊᓂ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐱᑦᓴᖅᒍᑭᓐᓇᑐᑦ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᓇᔭᐅᓂᖅᓴᐅᕙᑦᑐᑦ ᓱᓚᑎᑦᑎᓂᑦ ᐱᔪᓄᑦ, ᐊᓱᖅᑭᓐᓂᓗ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓄᓇᖅᑭᓐᓂ ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᓇᔭᐅᔪᑐᖃᐅᓂᖅᓴᐅᓱᑎᒃ. ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓱᒪᑦᓴᓯᐅᑦᓱᐊᕈᓐᓇᑐᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᕐᕕᖅᓇᐊᖃᖅᑐᒍᑦ. ᐱᓂᐊᕐᓂᓕᓇᕕᑦᓴᖃᕈᑎᒃ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᓂᐸᖃᓇᐅᕐᓴᖃᑦᑕᓚᖓᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᒥᓂᓪᓗ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᔭᐅᑎᑦᓱᖃᑦᑕᓗᑎᒃ ᑐᓴᕐᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓱᓂᐊᕐᒥᒃ.

ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᑦᔨᖃᑎᒌᒃᓂᖅᖓ ᕐᑯᓕᓪᓗ ᐊᑕᐅᓱᕐᓗᓂᒃ ᓂᕈᐊᕈᓐᓇᑐᕐᑯᑎᖃᓚᖓᔭᖅ. ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐱᖅᒐᓱᐃᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᐅᑉ ᑭᒡᒐᑐᑦᑕᐅᕕᖅᑭᒃᓂᑦ ᐱᓱᒪᒥᐊᓖᑦ. ᑕᓱᐅᔭᕐᔪᐊᒥᑦ (ᓱᓵᓱᐱ, ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕐᕕᒃ, ᐃᓄᒃᔪᐊᖅ, ᐳᕕᕐᓂᑐᖅ, ᐅᒥᐅᔭᕐᓗ); ᓄᑐᒥᑦ (ᐊᑯᓕᕕᒃ, ᐃᑐᔨᕕᒃ, ᓴᓪᓗᐃᑦ, ᑲᖅᑭᕐᓱᔪᐊᖅ ᕐᑯᐊᕐᑕᓗ); ᐅᒐᕙᒥᓪᓗ (ᑲᖅᑭᕐᓱᖅ, ᐊᐅᐸᓗᒃ, ᑕᓱᐅᔭᖅ, ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅ, ᑲᖅᑭᕐᓱᐊᓗᑦᔪᐊᖅ); ᑭᒡᒐᑐᑦᑕᐅᕕᐅᔪᑦ ᒪᕐᕉᓂᒃ ᓂᕈᐊᕈᑦᑕᐅᕕᐅᓛᕐᑐᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᐅᓂᕐᒧᑦ. ᐱᖓᓱᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐳᕐᑐᓂᕐᓴᖅᑯᕐᑐᑦ (ᐊᖓᔪᕐᕐᑲᖅ, ᐊᖓᔪᕐᕐᑲᑉ ᑐᖓᓚᖓ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᓪᓚᑎ-ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓕᓇᔨ) ᐊᑕᐅᓱᖅ ᐃᓄᒃᒪᓇᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᑳᕐᑕᐅᓱᒪᔪᖅ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᑦᑖᕐᑲᒻᒥᓄᑦ ᓂᕈᐊᕐᑕᐅᒍᒪᒐᔭᕐᑐᑦ ᐃᓄᒃᒪᓈᑦ ᐊᑎᖅᑭᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᑎᑕᐅᓱᒪᓕᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᓂᑦ, ᐊᑕᐅᓱᕐᓗ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᑭᒡᒐᑐᕐᑎᒋᓂᐊᕐᑕᖓ. ᓂᕈᐊᕈᓐᓇᑑᓂᐊᕐᓱᑎᒃ. ᐅᕙᖓ, ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒥᒃ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓈᓕᖓᔪᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᑎᑦᓱᔨᒋᔭᐅᓂᐊᕐᓗᖓ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᐅᖃᑕᐅᓂᐊᕐᑐᖓ ᓂᕈᐊᕈᓐᓇᖅᑭᑑᓗᖓ.

ᐊᓐᑐᔫ ᐃᐳ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑭᒡᒐᑐᕐᑎᖅᑭᓪᓗ ᐊᓱᓃᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᐃᖃᓗᓐᓂ 2015-ᒥ ᑲᓇᑕᒥᐅᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᕐᔪᐊᖅᓴᓄᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᒋᐊᕐᑐᓱᒪᔪᑦ [ᐱᖓᓱᑦ ᐊᑯᑭᑦᑐᒥᐅᑦ ᑭᒡᒐᑐᕐᑎᖅᑭᑦ ᐊᕐᔨᓕᐅᕐᑕᐅᖃᑎᓕᕕᓃᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᑭᒡᒐᑐᕐᑎᖅᑭᓐᓂᒃ]

Andrew Epoo with the Nunavik youth delegation during a land afternoon outing in Iqaluit during the 2015 National Inuit Youth Summit (three Greenland delegates posed with the Nunavik youth delegation)

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to convey health related issues to communities in Inuktitut. It was great for me to learn more of the health issues in our region.

The KRG's Recreation Department gave me the opportunity to work hands on with communities and their athletes. I got to work with community leaders and coordinators to assess needs and assets of their communities. I felt that an asset-based community development approach was always the best.

Makivik Magazine: Can you tell Nunavik beneficiaries about the new youth entity and how it will be structured?

Andrew Epoo: We, as Nunavimmiut, feel it to be essential to have a political youth body to adapt in our ever-changing world—changes in our enviroment, social changes and economic changes. Inuit in this region of Canada have gone through many changes within the last 100 years. Most of the changes brought on by western world contact and the government structures that come with it. In more recent times, Nunavik's natural resources became more accessible to the outside world, compared to other Inuit regions in Canada where resources were more accessible in earlier times. We need bright young minds to state their opinions. A political youth body will help develop their voicing skills and provide the knowledge that they need in order to be heard.

The Nunavik Youth Forum will have 11 voting members. Nunavik will be divided into three ridings. The Hudson Coast riding (Chisasibi, Kuujjuaraapik, Inukjuak, Puvirnituq and Umiujaq); the Hudson Strait riding (Akulivik, Ivujivik, Salluit, Kangiqsujuaq and Quaqtaq); and the Ungava Coast riding (Kangirsuk, Aupaluk, Tasiujaq, Kuujjuaq and Kangiqsualujjuaq). Two candidates from each riding will be elected as board members. There will be three elected executives (a president, a vice-president and a secretary-treasurer) one elder selected by the newly elected board after receiving applications from interested elders from the region, and one Makivik representative. Each will be a voting member. I, as Makivik's youth liaison will also sit in as a non-voting member.

Makivik Magazine: What are some of the future initiatives that Nunavik should expect?

Andrew Epoo: The priority at this time is to create the Nunavik Youth Forum as it will give voice to Nunavik youth and also because it is overdue. Throughout this process, we will value and seek the wisdom of our elders. It will be our underlying directive to seek the knowledge of our elders to help guide Nunavik youth and programming today. From my work experience I understand also that health and wellbeing among our youth and families in Nunavik communities is of utmost importance in order to pave the way to a brighter future. Along these lines, it should be noted, that we understand cultural programming is a distinct Inuit mental health and wellbeing determinant so we will take that seriously.

ᐃᓚᐅᔪᓄᑦ ᐊᑭᑭᓪᓕᒋᐊᕈᑏᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᐅᑎᑦᓴᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᐅᓕᕐᒥᔪᑦ !

ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᖏᑦ / ᑎᒻᒥᔫᖏᑦ ᐅᐱᒍᓱᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᑎᑦᓯᕗᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᓕᒫᓂᒃ 2015-2016-ᒨᓕᖓᔪᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᔪᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᐅᑎᑦᓴᖏᑦᑕ ᐊᑭᑭᓪᓕᒋᐊᕐᓯᒪᐅᑎᖏᑦ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᕈᓐᓕᕐᒥᒪᑕ ᐅᒃᑑᐱᓇ 1, 2015-ᒥ.

ᐃᕐᕿᑎᑦᓯᒋᐊᕐᑐᒍᑦ, ᐃᓚᐅᔪᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᐅᑎᑦᓴᖏᑦᑕ ᐊᑭᑭᓪᓕᒋᐊᕐᓯᒪᐅᑎᖏᑦ 2015-2016-ᒥ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᕐᒧᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᒍᑎᓕᒻᒧᑦ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᕐᑯᑎᐅᒍᓐᓇᒪᑕ ᐃᒣᓪᓗᐊᑐᓄᑦ:

- ᐊᑕᐅᓯᖅ 75%-ᒧᑦ ᐊᑭᑭᓪᓕᒋᐊᕐᓯᒪᐅᑎᒃ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᐅᑎᑦᓴᓄᑦ (ᐃᓄᒻᒪᓇᒻᒧᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᐅᑎᑦᓴᖅ Y, ᑲᒃᑲᓛᒧᑦ ᐱᐊᕐᕐᒧᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᐅᑎᑦᓴᖅ YCH ᐅᕝᕙᓘᓐᓃᑦ ᐃᓄᒻᒪᓇᐅᓂᕐᓴᓄᑦ YCD) $800 ᐅᖓᑖᓄᑭᓐᓇᕋᓂ ᑖᒃᓯᖏᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ.

ᐅᕝᕙᓘᓐᓃᑦ

- ᐱᐅᓕᓐᓂᐊᒐᐅᑉ ᐅᓯᔭᐅᒍᑎᖓᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᑐᐃᓐᓇᑰᕈᑎᒃ, ᖃᒧᑎᑲᓪᓕᒃ, ᐊᐅᓚᐅᑏᑦᓘᓐᓃᑦ ᕿᐊᖅᖓᔫᑦᓘᓐᓃᑦ 75%-ᒧᑦ ᐊᑭᑭᓪᓕᒋᐊᕐᓯᒪᐅᑎᒃ ᐅᓯᔭᐅᒍᑎᖓᓂᒃ ᑰᓂᐊᑎᒃᑯᓂᒃ La Grande ᓄᓇᒻᒧᑦ ᐅᕝᕙᓘᓐᓃᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᒻᒥᑦ ᐊᓯᐊᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᒻᒧᑦ $800 ᐅᖓᑖᓄᑭᓐᓇᕋᓂ ᑖᒃᓯᖏᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ.

  ᐃᓚᐅᔪᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᐅᑎᑦᓴᖏᑦᑕ ᐊᑭᑭᓪᓕᒋᐊᕐᓯᒪᐅᑎᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᒪᓕᒃᑦ ᑕᑯᔭᐅᒍᓐᓇᑐᑦ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ:
  http://www.airinuit.com/en/programs-and-tariffs/ilaujuq

FIDS-ᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒧᑦ ᑎᑭᓯᒪᓕᕆᔨᑦ

ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᑦ ᑎᒻᒥᔫᑦ ᑎᑭᑦᑕᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᑦᓂᖏᓐᓂᓗ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᑎᑦᓯᒍᑏᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᖏᑎᒍᑦ ᑎᒻᒥᔫᖏᑎᒍᓪᓗ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᑦᓗᑦ ᐅᑕᕐᕿᕕᖏᓐᓂ ᐊᒥᓲᓂᕐᓴᓂ ᐃᓕᔭᐅᓯᒪᓕᕐᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐃᓕᐅᕐᕿᕕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓚᖓᑦᓱᑎᓪᓗ ᐱᑕᖃᕋᑦᖏᑐᓕᒫᑦ. ᖃᖓᑦᑕᓚᖓᔪᓄᑦ - ᑕᑯᒥᐊᕐᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓱᑎᒃ ᑎᒻᒥᔫᕐᓂᐊᓐᓂ - ᐅᓪᓗᑕᒫᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᓂᓇᓚᖓᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᒍᒍᑎᒃ. ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᕐᓂᐊᕕᒻᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑎᑕ ᐱᒍᑦᔨᐅᑎᒋᑦᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᑕᖏᑦ ᖃᖓᑕᔨᐊᓇᓱᑦᑎᓂᒃ ᐆᒪᖕᖓᓗ ᓄᑕᐅᓯᓕᕐᑐᑕᐅᑦᓱᑏᕐᒪᑕ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᐅᖏᓐᓇᓱᑎᓪᓗ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᕐᓂᐊᕕᑦᑎᓂ.

ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᒻᒥᓂᑕᐅᓂᕐᔪᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᐊᕐᓯᓯᒪᓕᕐᕿᑦ ?

ᐊᑐᐊᕐᓯᒍᒪᕕᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒨᓕᖓᔪᓂᒃ, ᐃᓕᕐᕿᓯᖏᓐᓄᓕᖓᔪᓂᒃ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᓄᓕᖓᔪᓂᓪᓗ ? ᐃᓄᐃᑦ - ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᖏᑎᒍᑦ ᑎᒻᒥᔫᖏᑎᒍᑦ ᖃᖓᑕᔪᑦ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᖃᕐᑎᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓚᖓᕗᑦ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᓗ ᑕᑯᔭᐅᒍᓐᓇᒥᑦᓱᑎᒃ:
http://www.airinuit.com/en/current-edition

ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᑐᓴᕐᓴᖃᕈᑦᓯ: ᕿᒥᕈᐊᓕᐊᓇᓛᓕᕐᒥᔭᑦᑎᓄᕐᑐᓴᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᐊᕐᑦᓴᓕᐅᕈᒪᒍᑦᓯ, ᖃᐅᔨᒋᐊᕐᕕᓴᐅᕗᒍᑦ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ
inuit.revue-magazine@airinuit.com

ᐅᖃᐅᓯᑦᓴᖃᕐᕿᑦ ᐃᒪᖕᕿᑎᑦᓴᖃᕐᕿᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᓕᓇᑦᓯᓄᑦ ?

ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᓕᓇᔨᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ, ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᖏᑦ ᑎᒻᒥᔫᖏᑦ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᑦᓴᖃᕐᑐᖃᕐᐸᑦ ᐃᓱᒪᑦᓴᓯᐅᕈᑎᑦᓴᖃᕐᑐᖃᕐᐸᓗ ᑐᖕᖓᓱᑦᑎᓯᑦᓯᐊᕐᑦ ᐱᐅᓯᒋᐊᕈᑎᑦᓴᐅᓚᖓᑐᐊᕐᐸᑦ ᑲᖓᑦᑕᔫᓕᓇᓂᑦᑎᓂᒃ. ᖃᖓᑕᔨᐊᓇᑦᑕ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᑦᓴᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᕐᑎᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᕈᒪᕗᑦ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᓗᓯ http://www.airinuit.com/en/feedback ᐅᕝᕙᓘᓐᓃᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᒥ ᑎᒻᒥᔫᒥ ᐃᑦᓯᕝᕙᐅᑕ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖃᕐᕕᖓᓃᑦᑐᒍᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᕕᑦᓴᒍᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᓗᒋᑦ.

ᓇᑦᑐᑦ, ᖁᕕᐊᓱᕝᕕᓯᐅᑎᑦᓴᑦ ᓇᑦᑐᑦ

ᐆ ᐆ ᐆ, ᖁᕕᐊᓱᑦᓯᐊᕐᖁᔨᕗᒍᑦ ᖁᕕᐊᓱᕝᕕᐅᕋᑦᑎᓇᒍᓐᓃᑦ. ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᖏᑦ ᑎᒻᒥᔫᖏᑦ ᐅᐱᒍᓱᑦᓯᑎᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᐅᖁᔨᕗᑦ ᑕᕝᕙᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᕐᒥ ᖁᕕᐊᓱᕝᕕᓯᐅᑎᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᓇᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᓂᐅᕕᐊᑦᓴᖃᓛᓕᕐᒥᒪᒥᒃ $25.00-ᕐᑎᓗᒍ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᖅ. ᓂᕆᐅᓛᕐᑐᒍ ᐊᖏᔪᑦᓯᐊᓂᒃ ᓇᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᓂ ᖁᕕᐊᓱᕝᕕᐅᓛᕐᑐᑦ ᐅᓪᓗᖓ ᓇᓪᓕᐅᑎᒋᐊᕕᑦᑐᑦ. ᑐᓴᐅᒪᒐᓱᐊᑦᓯᐊᕆᑦᓯ ᑕᒪᑐᒥᖓ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᖃᓛᕐᑕ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ ᓄᕕᒻᐱᕆ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᖃᒥᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ.

ᑐᓴᐅᒪᒐᓱᐊᑦᓯᐊᕆᑦ - ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᓴᕐᓴᖃᕐᕕᖕᑦ ᑕᑯᒥᐊᖃᑦᑕᓗᒍ airinuit.com Facebook-ᑎᒍᓪᓗᓐᓃᑦ !

The Ilaujuq program is back!

Air Inuit is pleased to inform all Nunavimmiut that its 2015-2016 Ilaujuq program is available as of October 1, 2015.

As a reminder, the Ilaujuq 2015-2016's certificate 1 entitles beneficiaries to:

- One 75% discounted ticket (applicable on the adult Y fare, the child YCH fare or the senior YCD fare) up to a maximum of $800.00 all taxes included.

OR

- One cargo shipment of an ATV, snowmobile or outboard motor at a 75% discounted cargo rate applicable on the La Grande to community portion or between Nunavik communities up to a maximum of $800.00 all taxes included.

Conditions of the program are available at:
http://www.airinuit.com/en/programs-and-tariffs/ilaujuq

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ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᕐᓂᐊᕕᖓᓂ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑏᑦ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒥ.
Air Inuit ground crew in Kuujjuaq.

FIDS have arrived in Nunavik

What are FIDS? Flight Information Display Systems have been installed in most of Air Inuit's stations in Nunavik and the deployment of these will continue until all stations are completed. These FIDS systems allow passengers—by looking at the display screens in the terminals—to be informed on the status of the daily flights. Essentially these allow our station personnel to continue serving our customers while flight information is updated and available at all times in our terminals.

Have you read the latest INUIT magazine?

Are you interested to read about Nunavik, its culture, its people? INUIT - Air Inuit's inflight magazine is available on all Air Inuit flights as well as in an electronic format that can be found at: http://www.airinuit.com/en/current-edition

Nunavik reporters: if you are interested in writing an article for a next issue, please contact us at inuit.revue-magazine@airinuit.com

Feedback or suggestions for your airline?

As Nunavik's airline, Air Inuit welcomes all comments and suggestions that would help improve the airline. We encourage our customers to contribute their comments by completing our online feedback form available at http://www.airinuit.com/en/feedback or by completing the onboard comment card available in the seat pockets.

Trees, Christmas trees

HO HO HO, Merry Christmas in advance. Air Inuit is pleased to inform you that its all-inclusive $25.00 Christmas tree sale will be provided for Nunavik again this year. We anticipate full size Christmas trees to land in all Nunavik communities prior to Christmas day. Please stay tuned as further details of this program will be available on our website in early November.

Stay informed - follow us at airinuit.com or on Facebook !

ᖃᖓᑦᑕᐅᑏᑦ ᐊᑭᑭᓪᓗᒋᐊᕐᓯᒪᐅᑎᑦᓴᖏᑦ	
ᐅᑭᐅᒍᓂᖓᓂ	ᐊᕐᕕᑕᕐᑐᓄᑦ ᐅᒃᑑᐱᓇ 1-ᒥᑦ 26-ᒧᑦ, 2015
ᖁᕕᐊᓱᑎᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᓂᐅᕕᓇᐊᕐᑐᓄᑦ	ᓂᐅᕕᓇᐊᕐᑐᓄᑦ ᓄᕕᒻᐱᓇ 16-ᒥᑦ ᑎᓯᒻᐱᓇ 7-ᒧᑦ, 2015
ᖁᕕᐊᓱᒋᐊᕐᑐᑐᓄᑦ	ᑎᓯᒻᐱᓇ 14, 2015-ᒥᑦ ᔭᓄᐊᓇ 4, 2016-ᒧᑦ
ᐅᑭᐅᒍᓂᖓᓂ	ᔭᓄᐊᓇ 25-ᒥᑦ ᕕᐳᐊᓇ 22-ᒧᑦ, 2016

Upcoming Seat sales	
Deep freeze seat sale	For travel between October 1st and October 26th 2015
Christmas shopping seat sale	For travel between November 16th and December 7th 2015
Xmas seat sale	For travel between December 14th 2015 and January 4th 2016
Deep freeze seat sale	For travel between January 25th and February 22nd 2016

www.airinuit.com

ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᐅᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᖕᑦ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒋᓯᒪᔭᑦᑎᓂᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖃᖅᓂᐊᓂᖅᒧᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᖅᑯᑎᑦᑎᓂᒃ ATR 42-500s'

ᐊᓯᑦᔨᑐᐃᒋᐊᖃᖅᓇᓯᒋᖕᖅ ᐊᓕᐊᒋᔭᑦᑎᓂᓪᓗ ᐱᒋᐊᖅᑎᓯᖃᑦᑕᓚᖓᓯᒪᒥᓱᑕ ᐊᓯᑦᔨᑐᐃᕝᕕᓪᓕᐊᓯᒪᒥᒐᑦᑕ ᐱᓇᓱᒍᓯᑦᑎᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᓯᒍᓯᑦᑎᓂᓪᓗ ᐱᐅᓯᒋᐊᖅᑎᓯᒍᒪᑦᓯᑕ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓕᓇᓂᑦᑎᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᓯᒍᓯᑦᑎᓂᓪᓗ.

ᕗᑦ ᑎᐊᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᖅᐃᖃᖅᓯᒪᔭᑦ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒥᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖃᖅᓂᐊᓂᖅᒧᑦ Calm Air-ᑯᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ Canadian North-ᑯᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᖓᑕᖃᑎᒋᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᖅᓗᒋᑦ ᖃᖓᑕᓂᓇᓲᖏᑦᑕ ᓇᓪᓕᐅᑎᑦᑕᐃᖏᑦ ᒪᓕᓪᓗᒋᑦ. ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑏᑦ ᐱᐃᑦᓴᖃᖅᑎᓯᒍᑎᐅᓚᖓᔭᑦ ᖃᖓᑕᖃᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᖅᓂᑎᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᓇᓂᑎᒍᑦ. ᖃᖓᑕᖃᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᖅᓂᔭᑦ ᕗᑦ ᑎᐊᒃᑯᓄᑦ ᐱᐅᔪᒻᒪᓇᐅᓚᖓᔭᖅ, ᖃᖓᑕᓂᓇᓲᖏᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᐅᑎᑦᑕᐃᓕᐅᖅᑕᐅᓯᐊᖅᑦᑕᓂᐊᓕᖅᒪᑕ ᖃᖓᑕᒍᒪᔪᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᒃᖅᐃᓴᖅᑦᓯᐊᖅᑯᑦᓯᒋᑦ ᑕᖅᒥᐅᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᓯᒍᑎᒃ. ᐃᓱᐊᖅᑑᒍᑎᖃᖅᒥᓱᓂᓗ ᖃᖓᑕᖃᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᖅᓂᑕ ᓇᓪᓕᐅᑎᑦᑕᐃᓴᖅᑎᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᓯᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᓂᖅᓴᐅᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᕐᑦᑕ, ᑲᔪᓯᑦᓯᐊᑐᒥᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᓯᓂᖃᕈᒪᒧᑦ.

ᐅᐱᒍᓯᐸᒍᑦ ᖃᖓᑕᖃᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᓕᖅᓂᑦ Calm Air -ᑯᓐᓂᒃ ᑲᔪᓯᑦᓯᐊᒪᑦ. ᐱᕝᕙᓪᓕᐊᓯᐊᖅᑐᒍᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᖅᓯᑕᓗ ᐊᓯᑦᔨᑐᐃᓂᑦᑎᓂᒃ ᐱᔭᕇᕋᓱᐊᖅᓯᑕ.

©TEEVI MACKAY

ᕗᑦ ᐃᐊᒃᑯᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᖅᑎᖓ ᒍᐃᓪ ᓯᑑᖅᑲᐅᑦ ᐃᖃᓗᓕᐊᓚᖓᓯᔪᖅ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒥᑦ.
This summer First Air pilot Will Stonehouse about to fly to Iqaluit from Kuujjuaq.

- ᕗᑦ ᑎᐊᒃᑯᑦ ᖃᖓᑕᓂᓇᓲᖏᑦ ᒍᐃᓂᐯᒃᒥᑦ ᑲᖏᖅᓯᓂᖅᒧᑦ ᐅᓄᖅᓯᒋᐊᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᖅᑯᓕᓪᓗ ᐱᖓᓱᓪᓗᓄᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕈᓯᑕᒫᑦ ᐅᓪᓗᑕᒫᑦ ᑕᖅᕋᓕᐊᖅᑐᖅ ᓯᖅᑭᓂᓕᐊᖅᑐᓗ ᓄᖅᑲᐃᖃᖅᑕᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕋᓗᒪᒥᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ Calm Air-ᑯᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᖓᑕᖃᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᓕᖅᓱᑕ
- ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᓯᒍᓐᓂᓯᒪᔪᒍᑦ ᖃᖓᑕᓂᓇᓲᑦᑎᓂᒃ ᑭᕝᕙᓪᓕᒥ Calm Air -ᑯᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᖓᑕᖃᑎᖃᓲᒍᓕᖅᓱᑕ ᖃᒪᓂᖅᔪᐊᒍᑦ, ᐊᖅᐃᐊᓄᑦ, ᐃᓪᓗᓕᒫᖅᔪᒍᑦ, ᓇᐅᔮᓄᑦ, ᓴᓪᓕᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑎᑭᕋᖅᔪᐊᒍᑦ ᐅᑎᒍᓪᓗ

ᒪᑭᐃᒃ ᖁᒥᖅᑭᐊᖅᑦ

Introducing code-sharing and the ATR-42-500 aircraft

It is a time of change and some very exciting initiatives as we continue to transition our business model and operations for improved financial and operational performance.

First Air has signed code share agreements with both Calm Air and Canadian North on selected flights operated by each airline. These agreements allow us to introduce code-sharing on several flights across our networks. The code share agreements are a breakthrough for First Air, allowing for the creation of a flight schedule that provides more air travel choices and significantly improved connectivity in northern hubs. Another key advantage of the code share schedule is the creation of opportunities for new operating efficiencies, which are critical for sustaining long-term operations.

We are pleased that the start of our code share partnership with Calm Air has been successful. We are progressing well and there are significant ongoing activities as we continue to complete the transitional changes.

- First Air jet service between Winnipeg and Rankin Inlet has now increased to 13 times a week with one northbound and one southbound stop in Churchill each day and a Calm Air code share on our flights
- We have discontinued our inter-regional services in the Kivalliq and have commenced code sharing on Calm Air operated flights to and from Baker Lake, Arviat, Chesterfield Inlet, Repulse Bay, Coral Harbour and Whale Cove
- Our schedule has been realigned to offer seamless connections with multiple North-South and South-North connections between the Kivalliq and the rest of Canada

Our Canadian North code share partnership is also on track for commencement at the end of July. Our Revenue Management Department is working hard on the integration of our reservation systems, fare rules, and booking alignments. We will see Canadian North code sharing on First Air flights serving Pond Inlet, Qikiqtarjuaq, Pangnirtung, and Clyde River. We will also have a second daily Ottawa-Iqaluit-Ottawa service, with a morning departure by First Air and a midday departure by Canadian North, using code shares on each flight. Our cooperation will extend to the West

- ᐃᓂᓪᓚᓯᒪᓕᕐᑕᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᐅᑎᑦᑕᐃᑦᓴᖏᑦ ᖃᖓᑕᓂᓇᓲᑦᑕ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᓂᒃ ᐊᖑᒍᑎᒋ-ᐊᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑕᕐᒥᑦ-ᓯᕿᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓯᕿᓂᕐᒥᑦ-ᑕᕐᖁᒧᑦ ᑭᕙᓪᓕᒥᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᒦᑦᑐᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓄᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᖃᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᓇᓛᕐᑕᕗᑦ Canadian North-ᑯᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᑎᒋᐊᕕᒻᒥᔭᕗᑦ ᔪᓗ ᐃᓱᓕᓂᖓᓂ. ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᓯᓂᕐᓄᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᕕᕗᑦ ᐊᑕᐅᑦᓱᑰᕐᑎᓯᒋᐊᕐᓯᒪᓕᕐᒥᔪᖅ ᖃᖓᑕᒍᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓂᑦᓴᓕᐅᕐᑕᐅᕕᖏᓐᓂᒃ, ᖃᖓᑦᑕᐅᑎᑦᓴᓗ ᐊᑭᖏᑦᑕ ᒪᓕᒐᖏᓐᓂᒃ. Canadian North-ᑯᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᖃᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓛᓕᕐᑐᑦ ᕖᔅ ᑎᐊᒃᑯᓂᒃ ᒥᑦᓯᒪᑕᓕᒻᒧᑦ, ᕿᑭᕐᑕᔪᐊᕐᒧᑦ, ᐸᖅᓂᑑᒧᑦ, ᑲᖏᕐᓱᒫᐱᒻᒧᓗ. ᐅᓪᓗᑕᒫᑦ ᐊᑐᒫᒥᑦ-ᐃᕐᑲᓗᓐᓄᑦ-ᐊᑐᒫᒧᑦ ᒪᕐᕿᕕᓪᓗᑕ ᖃᖓᑕᓂᖃᖃᑦᑕᓛᓕᕐᒥᔪᒍ, ᐅᓪᓛᑯᑦ ᕖᔅ ᑎᐊ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᖃᑦᑕᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐅᓪᓗᑐᖃᐅᓂᕐᓴᐅᓕᕐᐸᑦ Canadian North ᐊᐅᓪᓚᖃᑦᑕᑎᓪᓗᒍ, ᐊᖏᕐᑲᑎᒋᒍᑎᒋᑦᓱᒍ ᖃᖓᑕᕐᑲᑎᒋᒍᓐᓇᐅᑎᕗᑦ ᖃᖓᑕᒋᐊᑕᒫᑦ ᒪᓕᓪᓗᒍ. ᖃᖓᑕᕐᑲᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓛᕐᒥᔪᒍᑦ West-ᑯᓐᓂᒃ, ᐊᖏᕐᑲᑎᒋᒍᑎᒋᑦᓱᒍ ᖃᖓᑕᕐᑲᑎᒋᒍᓐᓇᐅᑎᕗᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓄᑦ ᒪᓕᓪᓗᒍ.

ᖃᖓᑕᕐᑲᑎᒋᓐᓂᓇᕿᓕᕐᑕᕗᑦ ᐱᕿᓪᓕᐅᕐᑯᑎᐅᒋᐊᖓ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᓇᖃᑦᑕᓕᓈᕐᑐᖅ ᕿᓚᓈᕐᓯᑕᓗ ᐱᕿᓪᓕᐊᓂᓇᑐᐃᓐᓇᓂᐊᓕᕐᑕᑎᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᓕᕐᓂᑎᓐᓂᓗ ᐱᒍᑦᔨᓯᐊᕈᒪᒧᑦ ᖃᖓᑕᓲᓂᒃ ᑕᒪᑐᒧᖓᓗ ᐊᑦᑐᐊᔭᐅᓂᖃᕐᑐᓕᒫᓂᒃ.

ᐱᕿᓪᓕᕐᑯᑎᐅᒻᒥᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᓄᑕᐅᓯᓕᕐᑎᓇᓂᐊᕐᓂᕗᑦ ᐊᑕᐅᑦᓱᑰᓕᖓᑎᑦᓯᓂᐊᕐᓂᕗᓪᓗ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᕐᑯᑎᑦᑎᓂᒃ. ᐅᐱᒋᑦᓱᒍ ᑐᔭᐅᒪᔭᐅᕐᑯᔨᕗᒍᑦ ᐱᖓᔪᐊᑦ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᕐᑖᖃᒻᒥᑕ ATR 42 ᐊᑐᒫᒧᑦ ᒥᓚᐅᔪᒻᒪᑦ ᔫᓂ 18-ᒥ. ᓄᑖᒍᓂᕐᐹᕐᑯᑎᖃᕐᐳᒍᑦ ATR-ᓂᒃ 500-series -ᔭᔭᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᑉᕗᓪᓕᐹᑦᓱᐊᑦ' ᑲᓇᑕᒥ. ᖃᖓᑕᒍᓐᓇᐅᑎᑦᓴᖏᑦ, ᓄᑕᐅᓯᓕᕐᑕᐅᓂᑦᓴᖏᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᕈᑕᐅᓂᖏᓪᓗ ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᑦ ᐊᑑᑎᔭᐅᕙᓪᓕᐊᓚᖓᔪᑦ, ᐊᕐᕌᒍᑉ ᐃᓱᓕᓂᖓᓂᐅᔪᑦᓴᐅᔪᖅ.

ᐅᐸᓗᒪᒍᑎᒋᖃᑦᑕᓚᐅᕐᖅᑲᕗᑦ ᓄᑕᐅᓯᓕᕐᑎᓇᓂᕗᑦ ᐊᑕᐅᑦᓱᑰᓕᖓᑎᑦᓯᒋᐊᕐᓂᕗᓪᓗ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᕐᑯᑎᑦᑎᓂᒃ 2015 ᐊᕿᓗᐊᓕᒫᖓᓂ ᑕᕐᕿᐅᓚᖓᔪᓂᓪᓗ ᑲᔪᓯᓚᖓᑦᓱᒍ ᐱᕿᓪᓕᐊᔭᐅᓂᖃᑦᓯᐊᒪᑦ.

ᓄᑖᒍᓂᕐᐹᕐᑯᑎᕗᒍᑦ ATR-42-500 ᓱᑲᓐᓂᓴᑦ, ᓄᑖᒍᓂᕐᐹᔭᓂᓪᓗ ᓯᕗᖃᕐᓱᑎᑦ, ᐅᓯᒍᓐᓇᓂᕐᓴᐅᓯᑎᓪᓗ ᐃᓱᐊᕐᓂᔭᐅᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᐃᓂᓪᓚᑎᓇᐊᒥᒃ.

ᖃᐅᔨᒍᒪᕕᑦ ᕖᔅ ᑎᐊᒃᑯᑦ ᓱᓇᓱᐊᖃᑦᑕᒪᖓᑕ ? ᖃᐅᔨᒋᐊᕈᓐᓇᐳᑎᑦ Facebook -ᑯᑎᒍᑦ (www.facebook.com/firstair), Twitter -ᑎᒍᓪᓗ (@FirstAir), ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᓗ ᑐᓴᕐᑦᓴᖃᕐᕕᑎᓐᓂᒃ (www.firstair.ca). ◆

as well, with both airlines operating in code share to all communities currently served.

We have already begun to see the positive results of these new partnerships and we look forward to continued expansion and cooperation to the benefit of our customers and all stakeholders.

A further benefit is to continue to modernize and standardize our aircraft fleet. We are pleased to announce that the first of our three newly acquired ATR-42-500 aircraft landed in Ottawa on June 18th. Our new ATR-42-500 aircraft are newer generation 500-series that are a first in Canada. Type certification, modifications, and training will see this new aircraft coming online soon, possibly by the end of the year.

Our goal to modernize and standardize our fleet has meant a tremendous amount of activity in the first half of 2015 and will continue in the coming months as we continue to see the results of many efforts.

The newer generation ATR-42-500 aircraft are faster, have a more modern flight deck, and provide more cargo payload and effectiveness with planned fixed combi configurations.

Want to know what is happening at First Air? Please like us on Facebook (www.facebook.com/firstair), follow us on Twitter (@FirstAir), and visit our website (www.firstair.ca). ◆

ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᖅ ATR-42-500
ATR-42-500 aircraft

PHOTO COURTESY OF FIRST AIR

ᓂᐅᕕᐊᑦᓴᐅᓕᕐᒥᔪᑦ

ᓗᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐱᓕᕆᕕᓃᑦ ᓂᐅᕕᐊᑦᓴᖃᓛᓕᕆᔾᑦ ᑲᒃᑲᓛᕐᓯᐅᑎᓂᒃ ᐱᐊᕐᕐᓯᐅᑎᓂᒃ ᐅᑭᐊᑦᓴᒥ 2015-ᒥ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᓴᕐᑦᓴᖃᕐᕕᑎᓐᓂ ᑕᑯᑦᓴᐅᖃᑦᑕᓛᕐᑐᓂᒃ ᓂᐅᕕᕐᕕᑎᓐᓂᓗ.

ᑲᒻᒥᐅᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᕐᕐᑯᓯᑐᖃᕐᑦᑕ, ᓇᑦᓯᔭᓂᒃ ᕿᑐᒪᕐᓵᓴᔭᖏᓐᓂᓗ ᐃᑖᓕᐊᒥᐅᑦ ᑲᒥᐊᐱᓕᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒥᔪᒍᑦ ᐱᐅᒋᔭᐅᒍᓇᓪᓚᓇᓐᓂᒃ. ᐃᓗᐊᖃᕐᓯᑎᒃ ᑕᕐᓴᓕᓐᓂᒃ, ᐱᕐᖽᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᐅᖏᕈᑎᖃᕐᓯᑎᒃ ᕿᓯᒻᒥᒃ ᓂᕕᖓᑖᓕᒻᒥᒃ "ᐱᐅᔪᒥᐊᓪᓚᐅᒍᑎᓃᑦ" ᑲᒥᐊᐲᑦ.

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ᐱᕐᕐᑯᓯᑐᖃᓇᒐᑦᑎᒍ ᑲᒃᑲᓛᕐᓯᐅᑎᓕᐅᕐᓯᒪᒻᒥᔪᒍᑦ ᓇᑦᓯᔭᓂᒃ ᐹᓗᓐᓂᒃ ᐳᐊᓗᓐᓂᒃ ᕐᑯᓕᐅᑎᓕᓐᓂᒃ ᑎᓇᒐᓐᓂᐊᔭᒥᒃ ᐅᑲᓕᐅᓪᓘᓃᒃ ᐊᒥᖓᓂᒃ. ᐊᒻᒪᓗ, ᐱᕐᖽᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᐊᑕᒍᑎᓕᐅᕐᓯᒪᑦᓯᒋᑦ ᐊᓯᐅᒋᒃᑯ-ᑎᑦᓴᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐹᓗᐊᐲᑦ ᐳᐊᓗᐊᐲᑦ.

ᐃᑕᕐᔭᕐᓇᓱᒍᒻᒪᑦ ᑲᒃᑲᓛᓄᑦ. ᓂᐅᕕᐊᑦᓴᖃᕐᒥᔪᒍᑦ ᑲᒃᑲᓛᑦ ᐱᐊᖽᑦ ᑲᒥᓪᓛᓈᒃᑯᑎᖏᓐᓂᒃ. ᕿᑐᒪᕐᓵᓴᔭᓂᒃ ᕐᑯᓕᐅᑎᓕᓐᓂᒃ ᒥᕐᕐᑯᓕᒻᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᒃᓯᖕᒍᐊᕐᑕᖃᕐᓯᓂ ᖃᓪᓕᓂᖓ ᐱᐅᒋᔭᐅᒍᓇᓪᓚᓈᑦ.

ᐅᑦᑑᑎᑦᓴᓯᐅᕐᐲᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᒋᔭᕐᓄᑦ ? – ᐅᑦᑑᑎᑦᓴᓯᐊᒍᕗᑦ ᐅᒃᐱᖕᒍᐊᑦ, ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐱᓕᕆᕕᓃᑦ ᐅᒃᐱᖕᒍᐊᑦ ᐆᓂ ᓯᓄᑖ ᐅᒃᐱᓕᐊᓇᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦᑕ ᐊᑦᐆᒃᑲᓵᖏᑦ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔮᕐᑎᓯᓂᖃᕐᑎᓗᒍ 67-ᒥ ᐱᓕᐊᓇᒋᐊᖕᖓᓯᒪᔭᖏᑦᑕ.

New arrivals

Nunavik Creations is proud to offer you a sneak peak of its Fall 2015 line of products for children which will be available shortly on our website and at our boutique.

Using influences from the traditional *kamiit*, our sealskin and Italian suede booties are sure to be a hit. The unique inlay designs, traditional braids with fur pompoms add the wow factor to these little booties.

Our traditional sealskin mitts for children are beautifully made with either luxurious fox fur or rabbit trim. Additionally, there is a coordinating braided security cord to ensure these little treasures do not go missing.

Little feet get cold too. Our warm and comfy slippers are now available for children. Leather and suede slippers with fur trim and an *inukshuk* inlay on the bib will be a sure delight.

Want to purchase a small gift for a special little one? How about an *okpik*, the Nunavik Creations *okpik* based on a design by Jeannie Snowball for Expo '67.

ᓂᐅᕕᕐᕕᐊᐱᒃ Boutique	ᐊᓪᓚᕕᒻᒪᓇᒃ Head office	ᒥᕐᓯᕕᒃ Workshop	ᑐᔪᕐᒥᐅᕕᐊᓗᒃ Hôtel Sacacomie	ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ Carving Nunavut Inc.	ᓂᐅᕕᕐᕕᐊᐱᒃ Bilodeau Boutique
Boutique 809 Airport Road Kuujjuaq, QC J0M 1C0 1(888) 964-1848	**Head office** 1111 boul. Dr-Frederik-Philips, 3rd Floor, Ville Saint-Laurent, QC H4M 2X6 (514) 745-8880	**Workshop** Inukjuak, QC J0M 1M0 (819) 254-8031	**Hôtel Sacacomie** 4000 Chemin Yvon Plante St-Alexis-des-Monts, QC J0K 1V0 (819) 265-4444	**Carving Nunavut Inc.** P.O. Box 1352 Iqaluit, Nunavut X0A 0H0 (867) 222-1949	**Bilodeau Boutique** 20 rue Cul-de-Sac, Vieux Quebec, QC G1K 8L4 (581) 742-6595

www.nunavikcreations.com

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᕆᑦᑯᒋᐊᕐᑯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓕᑕᕆᔭᐅᒍᕆᖓᑕ ᓇᓗᓐᒃᑯᑕᑦᓴᖓᓂᒃ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᑦᒍᕆᕐᑲᕐᓂᖅ

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᑦᕆᑦᑯᓛᓕᕐᒥᔪᖅ ᓇᓗᓐᒃᑯᑕᑦᓴᒥᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᖕᒍᐊᕐᑯᕆᑎᐅᓂᕐᕋᖅ ᓵᓚᓐᓂᒍᕆᑖᓛᕐᑎᓗᒍ $5,000.00-ᓂᒃ. ᐊᓪᓚᖕᒍᐊᕐᑕᕕᓂᖅ ᓴᕝᕕᒃᐅᓛᕐᑐᒥᒃ ᓇᓗᓐᒃᑯᑕᕐᑖᓇᒃᐅᓗᓂᓗ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᕆᑦᑯᒋᐊᕐᑯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓕᑕᕆᔭᐅᒍᕆᑖᕐᑎᑯᒍᑎᒥᕙᓐᓂᐊᑕᖓᓂᒃ.

ᓇᓗᓐᒃᑯᑕᑦᓴᖓ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᕆᑦᑯᒋᐊᕐᑯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᑕᕐᑯᒍᑎᐅᑉ ᓇᓗᓐᕐᑯᒍᑎᐅᒐᔭᕐᑐᖅ ᒪᑯᓂᖓ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᑯᒋᐊᕐᑯᒪᔪᒥᒃ:

- ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᑎᑦᑯᓲᒍᓗᓂ ᖃᓄᐃᖕᒋᑯᐊᓇᐊᖃᕐᓂᒥᒃ ᐃᒻᒥᓂᓪᓗ-ᐱᒻᒪᓇᐅᑎᑦᑯᒋᐊᖃᕐᓂᒥᒃ,
- ᓲᖕᒍᑯᑎᑦᑯᒋᐊᕐᑎᐅᓗᓂ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐃᓕᕐᕐᑯᑯᖓᓂᒃ ᑭᓇᓪᓚᓇᐅᓂᕐᒥᓂᓪᓗ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᒋᐊᖃᕐᓂᖕᒋᓐᓂᒃ,
- ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᑕᐅᑦᑯᐊᑭᑎᑦᓴᖕᒋᓐᓂᒃ ᓇᐅᓕᒫᓄᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᑎᑦᑯᔨᐅᓗᓂ,
- ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐃᑦᔭᓴᕋᑦᓴᑯᐊᓂᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᒐᑯᐊᕐᑐᓂᒃ ᑲᔪᑯᑎᑦᑯᔨᐅᓂᐊᕐᑐᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓂᓪᓗ.
- ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᖕᖕᒋᑯᐊᕈᑎᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᐱᐅᑯᖃᕐᓂᓴᐅᒋᐊᖃᕐᓂᖕᒋᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᑯᒪᒋᔭᖃᕐᓂᓴᐅᒋᐊᖃᕐᓂᖕᒋᓐᓂᓗ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᑎᑦᑯᔨᐅᓂᐊᕐᑐᖅ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ
- ᑯᕗᓕᑦᑯᐊᕈᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᓗ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᑎᑦᑯᔨᐅᓗᓂ.

ᐃᓕᑕᕆᔭᐅᒍᕆᑖᕐᑯᐊᕈᓐᓇᑐᑦ ᐃᓄᓕᒫᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᒍᕆᓐᑦ ᓴᒥᑯ ᐯᒥ ᑯᐯᓪᓗ ᑕᕐᕋᖓᓂ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᕆᒍᑦ.

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᕆᑦᑯᒋᐊᕐᑯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓕᑕᕆᔭᐅᒍᕆᖓ ᐅᐱᒍᓲᑎᐅᕗᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᒃ ᖃᑦᑯᑐᐃᓐᓇᓂᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᓕᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᒍᓐᓇᑯᑯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᐱᒐᑯᐊᕐᑕᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᓂᒃ ᐃᓚᐅᒍᑎᓕᓐᓂᒃ ᕿᓪᓚᑐᐃᒍᑎᐅᒻᒥᑯᓂ ᑐᕋᒐᓇᔭᒥᓄᑦ ᑎᑭᐅᑎᒐᑯᐊᕐᑐᓂᒃ.

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐱᔭᓇᒐᑯᐊᕐᑕᒥᓂᒃ ᐱᔭᖃᕐᑯᒪᔪᑦ, ᑯᕗᓕᕐᑯᒪᔪᑦ, ᓄᑖᓂᓪᓗ ᓄᐃᑦᑯᑯᒪᔪᑦ ᑎᒃᑯᐊᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓇᐊᓖᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᑕᒫᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᒍᑎᖃᖃᑎᒥᓄᑦ ᐊᒥᑯ ᐯᒥ ᑯᐯᓪᓗ ᑕᕐᕋᖓᓂ ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒍᑦ.

ᓇᓗᓐᒃᑯᑕᑦᓴᒥᒃ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᑦᖃᑕᐅᒍᒪᔪᖃᕐᑦᑦ, ᒪᓕᒐᖏᑦ ᐊᑯᖏᓪᓗ ᑐᑭᓯᒪᔭᐅᒋᐊᓖᑦ, ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᑐᓴᕋᑦᓴᖃᕐᕕᖓᓂᑦ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᔭᐅᒍᓐᓇᑐᑦ ᐅᑯᖕᖓᑦ www.makivik.org ᐅᕝᕙᓘᓐᓂᑦ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᐊᓪᓚᕕᖏᓐᓂᑦ.

ᓄᕕᒻᐱᓇ 27, 2015-ᒥ ᐱᔭᐅᓯᒪᒋᐊᓖᑦ. ᑐᑭᓯᒋᐊᓪᓚᑭᒪᒍᕕᑦ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᑦᖃᑕᐅᓂᕐᒍᑦ ᒪᓕᕐᑦ ᑕᑯᓗᒋᑦ, ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᕕᒋᓗᒍ ᕖᑉ ᒥᐊᓯ ᐅᕗᖓ bmesher@makivik.org ᐅᖃᕕᒋᓗᒍᓘᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᑭᓕᕆᕐᒪᔪᒍᑦ 1-800-361-7052 ext. 2225.

ᓴᓚᓐᓂᔪᕕᓂᖅ
ᐊᓪᓚᖕᒍᐊᕐᑐᓂ
$5,000.00-ᓂᒃ
ᓴᓚᓐᓂᒍᑎᑖᓚᕐᑐᖅ

Winning Artist
Gets $5,000.00

Order of Nunavik Logo Contest

Makivik has launched a logo design competition with a winning prize of $5,000. The winning logo will be dignified as the official design for medals and as the distinctive icon representing the Corporation's Order of Nunavik program.

The logo must reflect the aims of the Order of Nunavik, which are to:

- Promote healthy lifestyles and self-esteem amongst Nunavik Inuit,
- Strengthen Nunavik culture and identity,
- Promote positive public images of Nunavik Inuit,
- Facilitate the availability of Nunavik role models to Nunavik Inuit and communities,
- Influence behaviours and attitudes of Nunavik Inuit toward healthy lifestyles, and
- Foster inspired leadership

The competition is open to all Inuit beneficiaries of the *James Bay and Northern Quebec Agreement.*

The Order of Nunavik program celebrates the accomplishments of Nunavik Inuit of all ages and inspires Nunavik beneficiaries to strive to reach their goals.

Nunavik Inuit shall be nominated each year by their fellow *JBNQA* beneficiaries for their achievements, leadership, and innovation.

The logo competition package, including competition rules and other details, can be downloaded from www.makivik.org or gotten from the Makivik offices.

The deadline for submissions is November 27, 2015. For more information please refer to the competition package, email Bob Mesher at bmesher@makivik.org or call toll free 1-800-361-7052 ext. 2225.

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Legal Tips

By the Makivik Legal Department

ᓵᒻ ᓱᓪᕿᖕᑑᓐ
Sam Silverstone

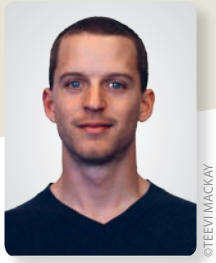
ᒥᓕᐊᓐ ᓚᓇᕕᐋᕐ
Mylène Larivière

ᕿᕐᓱᐊ ᑐᐊᕐᕿᓪ
François Dorval

ᒫᓇ-ᐋᓐᑎᓇ ᑯᑌᓐ
Marie-Andrée Godin

©OLIVIER BENOIT-POTVIN

ᒫᕐᑯ ᓄᓪᓱᐊᓪᓚ
Marco Nocella



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ᑎᐱᑦ ᕿᓵ-ᑮᔅᐃᐊᓇ
David Vachon-Roseberry

ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎ

ᐱᕋᔭᓇᐊᖃᖕᒋᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᒪᓕᒐᖅ ᐊᕐᕕᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓇᕗᖅ ᐹᕐᓱᖓᐅᑎᐅᔪᑦ ᑐᑭᑖᑕ-ᐅᒐᓱᐊᓕᕐᐸᑕ ᑎᒥᒃᑯᑦ ᑲᑉᐱᐊᓵᕐᑕᕕᓂᐅᔪᖃᕐᐸᑦ ᐱᐅᓕᓐᓂᐊᒐᓇᕐᓪᓗᓃᑦ ᓱᒃᑯᑕᕕᓂᐅᑉᐸᑕ ᒪᓕᑦᓱᒋᑦ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᕐᑕᖏᓐᓃᑐᑦ 810: "ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒃ ᐱᑦᓱᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒃ."

ᓱᓇᐅᑖ ?

ᓇᐅᑐᐃᓐᓇᖅ ᓱᕈᕋᕐᑐᖅ ᐱᑦᔪᑎᖃᕐᓱᓂ ᐊᓯᒥᓄᑦ ᐊᕐᕕᓇᕐᑕᐅᔭᖑᕐᓱᓂ ᐅᑉᐸᒥᓂᓪᓗᓃᑦ ᐊᕐᕕᓇᕐᑕᐅᔭᖑᕐᓱᔪᖅ ᐱᖃᑎᒥᓂᓪᓗᓃᑦ ᕿᑐᕐᖓᒥᓂᓪᓗᓃᑦ ᑖᑦᓱᒥᖓ ᑲᑉᐱᐊᓵᕐᓇᔨᒥᓂᒃ ("ᐸᓱᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ" ᑕᔭᐅᖃᑦᑕᓚᖓᔪᖅ) ᐊᑎᓕᐅᕐᑎᓯᒍᓐᓇᕕᖃᕐᑎᓗᒍ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᒃ ᐱᑦᓱᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᒃ. ᑖᓐᓇ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒃ ᐱᑦᓱᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒃ ᐸᓱᔭᐅᓯᒪᔫᑉ ᒪᓕᓐᓂ-ᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᖓ ᒪᓕᒐᕐᑖᓇᔭᒥᓂᒃ. ᐊᑦᔨᒌᖕᒋᑑᒍᓐᓇᑐᑦ ᒪᓕᒐᕐᑖᖏᑦ, ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᒪᓕᒐᓕᐅᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᒋᐊᓕᒃ ᑲᑉᐱᐊᓵᕐᑕᕕᓂᖓ ᖁᐊᕐᓵᖓᓇᕐᑐᒦᕐᖁᓇᒍ. ᐅᑦᑑᑎᒋᑦᓱᒍ, ᒪᓕᒐᓕᐅᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᒍᓐᓇᑐᖅ ᐅᖅᑳᖅᑎᖅᑐᕐᒌᓂᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᓐᔨᒌᖕᒋᑐᒍᓐᓇᑐᑦ ᒪᓕᒐᕐᑖᖏᑦ, ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᒪᓕᒐᓕᐅᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᒋᐊᓕᒃ ᑲᑉᐱᐊᓵᕐᑕᕕᓂᖓ ᖁᐊᕐᓵᖓᓇᕐᑐᒦᕐᖁᓇᒍ. ᐅᑦᑑᑎᒋᑦᓱᒍ, ᒪᓕᒐᓕᐅᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᒍᓐᓇᑐᖅ ᐅᖅᑳᖅᑎᖅᑐᕐᒌᓂᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᕿᓄᕕᖅᑐᕐᒌᓂᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᖃᕐᓂᐊᓄᕐᒌᓂᒃᑯᓐᓂᑦ 50 ᒥᑕᓂᒃ ᐅᖓᑖᓄᓪᓗᓃᑦ ᐅᖓᓯᓐᓂᓕᒻᒥᒃ ᑲᑉᐱᐊᓵᕐᓯᒪᔭᒥᑕ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᐅᑉᐸᑦ ᐊᒥᓲᑉᐸᑕ. ᐊᖏᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᒃ, ᐊᑎᓕᐅᕐᕕᒋᓯᒪᔭᖓ ᐸᓱᔭᐅᓯᒪᔫᑉ, ᓱᓱᑦᓴᓇᐊᖃᕐᒪᑦ ᒪᓕᒐᓕᐅᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᒍᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᑲᑉᐱᐊᓵᓇᓯᒪᓂᕐᒧᑦ.

ᐃᓱᐊᕐᑑᒍᑎᖓ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᐅᑉ ᐱᑦᓱᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᐅᑉ

ᐃᓱᐊᕐᑑᒍᑎᓕᒃ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒃ ᐱᑦᓱᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒃ ᐱᔭᓇᐊᑭᑦᑑᒐᒥ ᓱᑲᑦᑑᓱᓂᓗ ᐊᑭᖃᖅᑎᕐᑐᖅ ᐱᕐᑯᔭᓕᓇᔨᖃᕈᑕᐅᒋᐊᖃᕋᓂᓗ ᐃᕐᖃᑐᕐᓴᓕᐊᓇᔭ-ᐅᔪᖃᕐᑎᓇᒍᓗ, ᐸᓱᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐱᕋᔭᑦᓱᒪᓂᕋᐅᑎᓂᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᑖᕐᑎᑕᐅᒐᓂ, ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂ-ᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐱᑦᓱᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᒪᓕᒍᓐᓄᑐᕕᓂᐅᓗᓂ ᓱᓕᓂᕋᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᑉᐸᑦ ᒪᓕᒍᓐᓄᓯᒪᓂᖓ ᐱᕋᔭᑦᓱᒪᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᑖᕐᑎᑕᐅᒐᔭᕐᑑᒐᓗᐊᖅ.

ᖃᓄᐃᓕᓗᒍ ?

ᐳᓖᓱᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᒡᓚᕕᖓᓄᑦ ᐅᓗᑎᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᒋᐊᕐᑐᓗᑎᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᔭᐅᒍᑎᕕᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᓱᓕᑦᓱᐊᑐᓂᒃ. ᑐᑭᓯᔭᐅᑦᓱᐊᓂᐊᕐᒪᑦ, ᖃᓄᐃᓕᔭᐅᒍᑎᕕᓂᑎᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᓕᒋᕕᒃᑭᑦ, ᓇᓗᓐᖑᕐᓱᐊᕐᓗᑎᑦ "810-ᒥᒃ" ᐃᕐᖃᑐᕐᑕᐅᔪᑦᓴᓕᐅᑭᒪᖕᖕᒋᓂᕐᓂᒃ, ᐃᕐᖃᑐᕐᑕ-ᐅᔪᑦᓴᓕᐅᑭᒪᖕᖕᒋᑯᕕᑦ. ᐊᓪᓚᑕᕕᓂᑎᑦ ᐸᓱᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᓴᐳᓐᓂᐊᑎᒧᑦ ᑐᓂᔭᐅᓂᐊᓕᕐᒪᑕ ᑐᑭᑖᓇᓚᖓᔪᒧᑦ ᑎᓕᔭᐅᒋᐊᖃᓚᖓᒻᒪᖕᒑᑦ ᐃᕐᖃᑐᐃᔨ ᑯᐯᒻᒥ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᓂᒃ ᐱᑦᓱᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᓂᒃ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᓱᕐᑯᓗᒍ. ᑭᓪᓕᓯᓂᐊᕐᑕᐅᕐᓇᓇᐊᖃᓱᖅ ᐊᑯᓂᐅᖕᖕᒋᑐᖅ (1-2 ᒥᓂᑦ) ᐃᕐᖃᑐᐃᔨ

Recognizance to keep the peace

The *Criminal Code* offers an alternative to usual methods of resolving conflicts concerning threats of bodily harm or damage to the property through its section 810: the "recognizance to keep the peace and be of good behaviour."

What is it?

Any person who fears on reasonable grounds that another person will cause personal injury to him or her or to his or her spouse or common-law partner or child or will damage his or her property can have this threatening person (hereinafter the "defendant") to sign a recognizance to keep the peace and be of good behaviour. This recognizance is a commitment from the defendant to respect the fixed conditions. The latter can be various, but have to be necessary to make the threatened person feel more secure. For instance, it can be to not communicate, to not importune or to stay 50 meters away from one or more specified person(s). To summarize, it is a contract, signed by the defendant, to respect the conditions required by the threatened person.

The benefits of this procedure

This procedure gains to be known because of its simplicity and celerity. Also, it is absolutely free and doesn't require hiring a lawyer. Moreover, it doesn't involve pressing charges, so the defendant doesn't get a criminal record, unless he or she breaches the recognizance and is found guilty of it.

How to do it?

Go to your local police station and fill out a statement describing the factual situation. For better clarity, we recommend you to specify, in your statement, that you wish the defendant to get into "an 810" and that you don't want to press charges, if that's what you desire. The statement will then be sent to the public prosecutor who is going to make the decision whether or not he or she will request a judge

ᑐᑭᑖᓐᖓᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᐸᓯᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂ-ᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᑑᑎᑎᑕᐅᓚᖓᒻᒪᖔᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᖏᓐᓂᓗ ᒪᓕᒐᖃᓇᐊᖃᓚᖓᒻᒪᖔᑦ.

ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᒪᓕᒍᓐᓄᑐᕕᓂᐅᔪᖃᕐᐸᑦ ᑭᖑᓂᖃᕈᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᑐᑦ

ᐸᓯᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᒪᓕᒍᓐᓄᓂᕐᐸᑦ ᒪᓕᒋᐊᓕᒥᓂᒃ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ, ᒪᓕᒍᓐᓄᕐᕐᓯᒪᓂᕐᕋᐅᒍᓐᓇᑐᖅ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂ-ᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᑦᑭᓗᓐᓃᑦ ᑐᖓᓕᖓᓂᒃ ᐸᓯᔭᑦᓴᖑᕐᑎᑕᐅᓗᓂ, ᐱᕋᔭᓇᐊᖃᖅᖏᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᒪᓕᖓᕐᒥ ᒪᓕᒋᐊᖃᓯᓗᓂ. ᐅᑦᑑᑎᒋᑦᓯᒍ ᐸᓯᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᓂᓂᕐᐸᑦ, ᒪᕐᕈᓂᒃ ᐃᕐᖃᑐᕐᑕᐅᒍ-ᑎᑦᓴᑖᕋᔭᕐᑐᖅ: ᐱᒋᐊᕐᓂᓯᒪᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᒪᓕᒍᓐᓄᓯᒪᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂ-ᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ. ᑎᒪ ᑐᑭᑖᕐᑕᐅᒐᓱ-ᐊᕈᑎᖏᑦ ᐊᑦᑕᓇᔭᐅᖅᖏᓂᕐᓴᐅᓂᐊᓕᕐᒪᑕ. ᑎᒣᒻᒪᑦ, ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒃ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒃ ᐱᑦᔪᑎᖃᕐᐳᖅ ᐱᕋᔭᑦᑐᓕᒋᐊᖃᕐᓂᒥᒃ ᐃᓅᖃᑎᒌᓪᓗ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᑦᓯᐊᕐᑯᑦᓯᒋᑦ. ᐊᓯᐃᓛᒃ, ᐸᓯᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐊᑎᓕᐅᕐᕕᖃᕈᒪᓂᕐᓴᐅᓲᑦ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᐊᕐᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᒃ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᕕᖃᕐᓂᐊᓂᕋᐅᑎᒥᒃ ᐃᖅᑐᐃᕕᑎᒎᖓᕐᓂᐊᖏᓐᓇᒥᒃ ᑐᑭᑖᕐᑕᐅᒋᐊᖃᓚᕐᑭᓗᑎᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐱᕋᔭᑦᓯᒪᓂᔅᓴᔪᓂᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᑖᓚᕐᑭᓂᐊᖅᖏᓇᒥᒃ. ◆

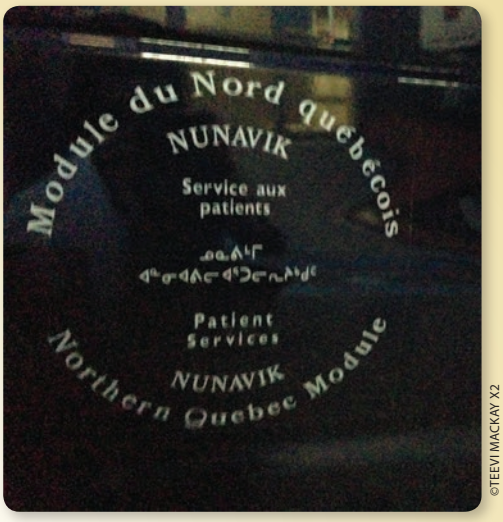
from the Quebec court to grant this recognizance. A very quick hearing (usually one or two minutes) will take place and the judge will decide whether or not he or she orders the defendant to enter into a recognizance and which conditions to include in the latter.

Consequences of not respecting a recognizance

If the defendant doesn't respect one of the conditions prescribed in his or her recognizance, not only he or she could be convicted of breach of recognizance, he or she will face a second count, which will be the offense provided for in the *Criminal Code*. For instance, if the defendant committed an assault, he or she would be charged of two counts: assault and breach of recognizance. Therefore, this will lead to a more severe sentence. That being said, the purpose of a recognizance is to prevent a criminal offense and to reestablish peace between people. Indeed, defendants prefer to sign a recognizance and keep the peace than to enter into the criminal court process and face the risk to be sentenced and given a criminal record. ◆

ᑰᖕᓂᐊᕕᓕᐊᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᑐᔪᕐᒥᐅᕕᑦᓴᖓ ᓄᑖᖅ ᑐᐊᕙᓪᒥᑐᑦᓴᖅ

ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᒪᓐᑐᓇᐊᓕᐊᓲᑦ ᑰᖕᓂᐊᕕᓕᐊᕐᓯᑎᒃ ᑐᔪᕐᒥᐅᕕᑦᓴᑖᓇᐅᓕᕐᕐᑯᑦ ᑐᐊᕙᓪᒥ 2016-ᒥ ᕐᑯᕕᐊᓯᕝᕕᐅᓕᕐᐸᑦ, ᑐᓴᕐᑦᓴᓂ *The Montreal Gazette* ᑐᓴᕐᑦᓴᓕᐅᒍᓯᒪᔾᑦ. ᑐᓴᕐᑦᓴᓂ ᐊᓪᓚᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐸᕐᓇᑕᐅᓯᒪᓕᕐᓂᖓ ᑐᔪᕐᒥᐅᕕᑦᓴᐅᑉ ᑐᐊᕙᓪᒥ ᓂᐅᕕᕐᕕᖓᑕ ᐅᖓᓯᒋᖅᖏᑕᖓᓂ. ᓯᑕᒪᓂᒃ ᕐᑯᓕᓈᖕᓂᖃᕐᓗᓂ 143-ᓂᒃ ᓯᓂᕝᕕᑕᖃᕐᓗᓂ. ᑐᓴᕐᑦᓴᓂᐊᕐᑎᖏᖕᓂᒃ *The Gazette* ᑐᓴᕐᑎᓯᒍᑎᒋᑦᓯᒍ, ᐊᑦᑕᓇᖅᖏᑐᑦᓯᐊᒥᖕᓂᕐᕐᑕᕕᓂᖓ, ᒫᒋᐅ ᐳᑐᓕᐅᑉ, ᑐᒋᒍᐊᖅᑎᓯᔾᔨᒋᔭᐅᑎᖕᓇᑑᑉ ᑰᖕᓂᐊᕕᓕᐊᕐᓯᒪᔪᓕᓇᕕᒻᒥ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐃᓗᓯᓕᓇᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᑦ ᐊᑖᒍᕐᒥᓯᓂ. ᖃᓇᐊᖃᕐᓗᓂ ᐃᓄᑑᕕᖕᓂᒃ, ᒪᕐᕈᕕᖕᓂᒃ, ᐃᓕᓴᓄᑦ ᓯᓂᑦᑕᕕᑦᓴᓂᒃ, ᖃᓇᐊᖃᕐᓗᓂᓗ ᐱᖅᑲᔭᑦᓯᐊᖏᑦᑑᒍᑎᓕᖕᓄᑦ ᓯᓂᑦᑕᕕᑦᓴᓂᒃ. ◆



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ᒪᖕᑐᓇᐊᒥ ᐃᓪᓗᒐᓴᕐᔪᐊᓃᑦᑐᖅ ᑰᖕᓂᐊᕕᓕᐊᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓯᓂᑦᑕᕕᖓ YMCA, ᐊᓯᑦᔨᑕᐅᓛᓕᕐᑐᖅ ᓄᑖᒥᒃ ᓯᓂᑦᑕᕕᑦᓴᒥᒃ ᑐᐊᕙᓪᒥᑦᑐᒥᒃ.

The current downtown Montreal medical boarding home, the YMCA, will be replaced with a new boarding home in Dorval.

New boarding home slated for Dorval

Nunavik residents travelling to Montreal for medical treatment are expected to have a new temporary home in Dorval come Christmas 2016, reports *The Montreal Gazette*. The newspaper says plans are underway for a new residence close to the Dorval shopping centre. The building is expected to have four floors with 143 beds. The area is safe and secure, Maggie Putulik, the interim director of the Quebec Northern Module, a division of the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services, told *The Gazette*. The building will be a mix of rooms including singles, doubles, student apartments, and accessible rooms for those with disabilities. ◆

ᐅᒃᐱᐅᑉ ᐃᓈᓯᓇᒍᒪᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᓱᓕᑎᑦᓯᓂᖓ

Okpik's dream realized

ᐊᓪᓚᑕᕕᓂᖏᑦ ᓴᓐ ᒍᑦᑐ
By Jane Gerster

©ALEX MARGINEAU

ᖃᓯ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ.
Harry Okpik.

ᒥᓚᑦᓯᐊᒍᑐᐊᖅᒪᑦ, ᖃᓯ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐊᓯᓃᓱᒍᕗᖅ ᕿᓐᓚᒍᓯᖅᓂ ᐊᒥᓱᓂ ᐅᓪᓗᑕᒪᑦ, ᖃᒧᑦᓯᓱᓂ ᖃᒪᒥᒥᓄᑦ. ᑖᓐᓇ ᐊᕙᑎᑦ ᐱᖓᓱᑦ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᖅᓗᓂᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᓕᒃ ᐊᖁᑦᑭᓐᓇᖏᑦᑐᖅ – ᓂᐅᖏᖅᑕᐅᓚᐅᖅᓂᕋᒥ ᐊᖅᑯᓇᖅᑐᕕᓂᐅᑦᓱᓂ ᐊᖅᑮᒍᐃ ᖁᓃᑦ ᐅᖓᑖᓃᓕᖅᑐᖅ - ᓂᓪᓕᐅᔪᖅᓱᒋᑦ ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᖃᒪᒥᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᓯᓲᖅ ᓱᒃᓯᒋᐊᖅᑯᓕᕋᒥᒋᑦ ᓱᒃᕋᓕᒋᐊᖅᑯᓕᕋᒥᒋᓪᓃᑦ.

ᖁᐊᖅᑕᒥ ᐊᓯᓃᑦᓱᓂ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒦᑐᒥ, ᐊᓃᓕᕋᒥ ᐃᐸᐱᒋᔭᖃᓲᖅ "ᐃᓗᐃᑦᑐᓯᐊᒍᓂᖅᒥᒃ."

ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᖃᒪᒥᒥᓂᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᒍᓯᑦᑐᖅ ᓇᓪᓕᒋᔭᐅᑦᓱᓂᓗ ᖃᒪᒥᒥᓄᑦ. ᖃᒪᒥᒥᓃᓕᕋᒥ, ᐊᑕᐅᓯᖅᒥ ᓂᐅᖃᓇᐊᖅᓴ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᑕᐅᖅᑭᑐᖅ. "ᐃᓄᒻᒥᓂᒃ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᑐᐃᓐᓇᑐᑦ ᓂᓇᒃᑭᔾᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᓪᓗᑕᒫᑦ," ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐅᖃᖅᑐᖅ ᖁᖅᓴᑦᓱᓂᓗ, "ᑕᒫᒃ ᖃᒥᒃᑲ ᐅᖅᒦᒍᓐᓄᓯᒋᑉᒃᑲ."

ᐅᒃᐱᐅᑉ ᐃᓄᓯᖅᓴ, ᐃᓄᑦᓱᓂ ᓱᕈᓯᐅᐱᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᑕᒪ ᓂᐅᖅᑭᖅᑕᐅᓂᐊᓕᖅᒥᒪᒥ ᑕᒪ ᐃᒥᐊᓗᑦᑎᖅᒍᖅᓂᐊᓕᖅᒥᒪᒥ ᑕᒪ ᖃᒧᑦᓯᑎᒻᒪᓇᖅᖅᒍᓂᐊᓕᖅᒥᒪᒥ ᓯᑕᒪᓂᓪᓗ ᖃᑐᖅᖓᖅᑲᖅᓱᓂ, ᑕᑯᓐᓇᕋᑦᓴᓕᐊᒍᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᑕᔭᐅᑦᓱᓂ ᐅᒃᐱᐅᑉ ᐃᓄᓯᓇᒍᒪᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᓱᓕᑎᑦᓯᓂᖓ, ᐃᓄᓯᖅᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐊᖅᒥ ᐊᖅᑮᒍᑉ ᐱᒥᐊᖅᓂᖓᓂ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᖅᒍᖅᑕᐊᓂᖅ. ᑐᑭᖅᑲᓪᓚᓇᑦᓱᓂ, "ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑕᖅᑭᑦ ᐊᖅᒍᑎᐅᑉ ᖃᒧᑦᓯᑎᐅᓂᖅᒥᓂᓪᓗ".

ᐊᐅᒻᒍᓯ 2015 ᐱᒥᐊᖅᓂᖓᓂᒃ, ᐅᒃᐱᐅᑉ ᐃᓄᓯᓇᒍᒪᓯᒪᔭᖓ, ᓵᓚᖃᐅᑎ-ᑖᕈᑎᒋᓚᐅᔪᑦᐅᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᔨᒍᑕᐅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᒪᓐᑐᓇᐊᒥ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᖅᑦ ᓄᐃᓯᒪᔭᖅᑭᑦ. ᑐᓴᖅᓂᐊᑐᓇᖅᖅᑭᑕᕋᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᖅᑎᑕᐅᓚᐅᔪᕗᖓ, ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐅᖃᖅᑐᖅ, ᐊᓇᖅᕋᓯᒪᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᖁᐊᖅᑕᒥ, ᒪᓐᑐᓇᐊᒥᑦ ᐅᖓᓯᓐᓂᓕᒻᒥᒃ 1,700 ᑭᓗᒦᑎᑦ ᐅᖓᑖᓃᖅᑐᓂᒃ ᑕᖅᕋᒥ, ᓯᕙᓂᖅᑕᐅᓂᕋᒥ ᑐᑭᒍᐊᖅᑎᓯᔾᒥᓄᑦ ᓗᐊᕋ ᓇᑦᕕᐊᓪᒍᑦ.

"ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓴᒃᑲᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᐅᒪᔭᐅᖅᑯᔾᔪᑐᐃᓐᓇᓯᒪᕗᖓ," ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐅᖃᖅᑐᖅ, "ᓵᓚᑲᕋᓯᒋᐊᒥᓪᓃᑦ ᐃᓯᒪᓇᖓ."

If the weather is good, Harry Okpik is on the land for hours each day, dog sledding with his huskies. The 61 year old can't run with them – he lost a leg in an accident decades earlier – so he relies on his voice to tell his dozen dogs to speed up or to slow down.

And there, on the land surrounding Quaqtaq, Nunavik, he feels a sense of "completion."

Okpik loves his dogs and they love him. With them, he is not a person with one leg.

"They just see me as a master who will feed them every day," Okpik says on a chuckle, "that's enough for my dogs."

Okpik's life, from young Inuk boy to amputee to alcoholic to champion dog musher and father of four, is the subject of *Okpik's Dream*, a documentary released earlier this year. But at the heart, it's "the story of a man and his sled dogs."

In early August 2015, *Okpik's Dream* won the community award at the Montreal First People's Festival. It was a shock, says Okpik, who was at home in Quaqtaq, more than 1,700 kilometres north of Montreal, when his director, Laura Rietveld, called him with the news.

"I just really wanted to get my story out," Okpik says, "I didn't really expect any winning to be a part of that."

ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓇᐊᖕᖓᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐊᑖᑕᒥᑕ ᕿᒪᒥᖕᒋᓐᓂᒃ. ᓱᒋᓯᐊᐱᐅᑦᓱᓂ ᑕᒥᓐᓂᒃ ᓂᐅᖅᑲᖅᓱᓂ ᓱᓕ, ᐱᒋᖅᓴᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐊᖅᑦᒍᖕᒐ 1950 ᐃᓱᓕᕝᕕᐊᓂᖕᒐᓂ 1960-ᓃᑦᑐᓗ ᐱᒋᐊᖅᐸᓕᐊᓯᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ. ᐱᒋᖅᓴᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᖁᐊᖅᑕᒥ ᐱᖕᖓᐊᕕᖅᑲᓯᒪᖕᖕᒋᑐᖅ, ᐅᖅᑲᖅᑐᖅ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ, ᖅᒪᒥᐊᖅᖅᓄᑦ ᖅᒍᑦᓯᕋᐅᔭᓱᒍᑦᓱᓂ ᖅᒍᒋᐅᖅᓴᑎᑦᓱᒋᑦ ᐊᓕᐊᒋᔭᖅᑲᓱᕕᓂᖅ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᖅᑐᓇᖕᒐᓂᓃᑦ. ᐊᐅᓚᒍᑎᑑᑦᓱᑎᓪᓗᒋᒪᒪᑕ ᖅᒍᑦᓱᑦ; ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐊᑖᑕᒥᓂᒃ ᒪᓕᑲᑦᑕᓱᒍᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᖅᒍᑦᓯᓄᑦ ᒪᕐᖅᑐᒥᒃ. ᖅᖕᒐᐅᓐᓇᖅ, ᐃᒪᒥᓄᑦ ᐅᖅᑲᖅᑕᓯᒪᔪᖅ, "ᐊᖕᒋᓕᐅᒥᑐᐊᒋᒪ, ᐊᑖᑕᒐᑎᑑᓛᖅᑐᖕᒐ, ᖅᒍᑦᓱᓱᒍᓗᖕᒐ ᑭᒪᒥᑲᓄᑦ."

ᐊᖅᑦᒍᖕᒐ 1950 ᐃᓱᓕᕝᕕᐊᓂᖕᒐᓂ 1960-ᓃᑦᑐᓗ ᐱᒋᐊᖅᐸᓕᐊᓯᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ, ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖅᑕᑐᒥᐅᑦ ᑐᓴᖅᓇᐸᓕᓚᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑲᕝᒪᒃᑯᓄᑦ ᖅᑮᔭᖅᑕᐅᓂᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ. 20,000 ᒦᑦᑐᑦ ᖅᒍᑦᓯᐅᑏᑦ ᖅᒪᒦᑦ ᑐᖁᑕᐅᓂᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐊᖅᑦᒍᖕᒐ ᐊᕝᑎᑦ ᐅᖕᒐᑖᓄᖅᑐᓂ.

ᐊᖅᑦᒍᖕᒐ 2000-ᓃᓕᖅᓱᑕ ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᑲᕝᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᖅᑲᐅᔭᕝᕕᓚᓇᑦᓯᒪᔪᑦ. ᑲᓇᑕᒥᐅᓪᓗ ᐳᓖᓯᒃᑯᖕᒋᑦ ᑐᓴᖅᑎᓯᒍᑎᓕᐅᖅᓱᑎᒃ ᖅᒋᖅᔭᔭᕕᓂᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑕᒪᓐᓇ ᒪᓂᔭᐅᑦᓱᓂᓗ ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐅᖅᑲᖅᕕᒪᓇᒪᒧᑦ 2006-ᒥ ᑲᒪᑦᓯᐊᖕᒋᑦᑐᕕᓂᖕᓄᓐᓂᕐᑎᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᕝᕕᒥᓂᒃ. ᖅᒪᒦᔭᖅᑕᐅᔪᖅᑲᖅᓂᖕᒋᑦᑐᖅ ᐊᑕᖕᒋᖅᓱᒋᑦ, ᑭᓯᐊᓂᓕᒍᖅ ᖅᒪᒦᑦ ᐃᓚᖕᒋᑦ ᑐᖁᑕᐅᖅᑲᑦᑕᕕᓃᑦ ᐊᑦᑕᓇᖅᓯᑐᐊᖅᒪᑕ ᐊᒥᓗᐊᓕᖅᒪᑕᓃᓐᓂᑦ ᐱᖅᓕᕐᓕᑐᐊᖅᒪᑕᓃᓐᓂᑦ ᐋᓐᓂᐊᖅᑲᓕᑐᐊᖅᒪᑕᓃᓐᓂᑦ.

2011-ᒥ, ᑯᐯᒃᑯ ᑲᕝᒪᖕᒐᑕ ᐊᖕᒐᔪᖅᑳᖕᒐ ᑑᓐ ᓵᓈ ᐃᓛᓂᐅᖕᖕᒋᑑᖅᕕᖅᑲᓚᐅᔪᕗᖅ ᖅᒪᒦᔭᖅᑕᐅᔪᕕᓂᖅᓂᒃ. ᑲᕝᒪᒃᑯᑦ $3-ᒥᓕᐊᓂᒃ ᐅᑎᖅᑎᓯᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ.

ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᓱᖅᑕᐅᓂᓇᓯᒪᔭᖕᒐ ᐅᒃᐱᐅᑉ ᓱᒋᓯᐅᓂᖅᒥᓂᑦ, ᐃᓅᓱᑦᑐᖕᒍᓇᐊᕕᑦᓱᓂ, ᐃᓅᓱᖅᒍᑦ ᐊᓯᑦᔨᓇᖅᑐᓚᓇᐅᓯᒪᕗᖅ.

ᐊᖕᒍᑏᑦ ᖅᒍᑦᓯᓄᑦ ᒪᖅᓱᑦ ᓂᖅᓯᐅᑭᑦᔨᒋᐊᖅᑐᓱᑎᒃ ᐃᓚᒥᓂᒃ ᖅᒍᑦᓯᐅᑎᑦᓴᑭᑦᑐᕕᓃᑦ. ᓱᑭᑑᖅᑲᑦᑕᓕᖅᑐᕕᓃᑦ ᓇᒍᖕᖕᒐᓇᐊᒥᒃ ᖅᑲᐅᔨᒪᒍᓐᓇᖕᖕᒋᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᐊᑦᑕᓇᖅᑐᒦᒥᐊᒥᓪᓗᓃᑦ ᖅᑲᐅᔨᒪᒍᓐᓇᖕᒋᑦᑐᓂᒃ, ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐅᖅᑲᖅᑐᖅ, ᓱᖅᑯᒥᑦᑕᓱᑎᓪᓗᑐᓂᒃ, ᓱᖅᑯᒥᔨᐊᖅᑲᑐᐊᖅᒥᒃ ᑕᒫᓂᖅᑭᓚᖅᑭᑐᐃᓐᓇᓂᐊᓕᖅᒥᒃ - ᑐᖁᑕᐅᑭᑦᓱᑎᐊᓪᓗᑦ ᐃᓚᖕᒐᑕᑦ.

"ᐊᐅᓚᔨᒐᓗᖕᖕᒋᑐᖕᒐ, ᐅᓪᓗᒥᒧᐊᓪᓗᑦ ᐃᓄᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᑕᓐᓂᑐᖅᑲᓚᐅᔭᓱᒪᒪᖕᒐᑦ ᖅᒍᑦᓯᑐᒥᒃ," ᐅᖅᑲᖅᑐᖅ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ. ᐅᑭᐅᖅᑲᓱᓂ ᖁᓕᓪᓗ ᓯᑕᒪᐅᔪᖅᖕᒋᒐᖅᑐᓂᒃ, ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᖁᐊᖅᑕᒥᑦ ᐊᐅᓪᓚᓇᐅᖅᓱᒪᔪᖅ: ᑕᓯᐅᔭᖅᔪᐊᑉ ᐊᑭᐊᓄᑦ ᐊᓪᓗᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᓇᐊᖅᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᕕᖕᒐᓄᑦ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᑖᓗᒪᒧᑦ, ᒫᓂᑐᐸᒥ, ᐊᖅᑦᒍᖕᓂ ᒪᖅᑮᓂ. ᐅᐱᒍᓱᑦᑐᖕᒐ, ᐅᖅᑲᖅᑐᖅ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ, ᖅᓪᓗᓈᑎᑑᑭᓐᓇᓯᓯᒪᒪᒪ, ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᑕᒪᑐᒥᖕᒐᑐᐊᖅ ᐅᐱᒋᔭᖅᑖᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᑲᕝᒪᒃᑯᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑐᒃᓯᐊᕕᑎᒍᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᓂᖅᒥᒃ.

"ᑎᒥᑦᓯᒪᓂᖕᒐ," ᐅᖅᑲᖅᑐᖅ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᓱᒃᑭᑐᒥᒃ ᐅᖅᑲᖅᓂ, "ᐃᓱᒫᓗᒋᒐᓛᑦᓯᒪᔭᕐ."

150,000 ᐅᖕᒐᑖᓄᖅᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᖅᑭᑦ ᖅᑭᑐᖅᖕᒐᖅᒋᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᓇᐊᖅᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᕕᓂᐅᕗᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᓂᓗᑦᑕᐅᓂᖅᑕᖅᑲᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᐃᓱᒪᒃᑯᑦ, ᑎᒥᒃᑯᓗ ᐃᑦᓯᒍᓐᓂᓗᑦᑕᐅᓂᒃᑯᓗᓐᓂᑦ. ᓱᓕᔪᒥᒃ ᓴᒻᒪᐅᑎᓂᖅᒥᒃ ᖅᑲᐅᔨᓴᖅᑏᑦ, ᓄᓪᓕᑎᖅᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᖅᑎᓯᒍᑎᓕᐅᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ

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ᖅᑲᔨ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ [ᐃᖅᑲᑐᓄᑦ ᓱᑲᓕᐅᑎᖅᑲᑕᐅᓯᓂ ᑭᑎᑦᔪᑎᓕᒃ 6-ᒥᒃ] ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅᐱᒻᒥ ᑐᒃᓯᐊᖅᑕᐅᑦᓯᓂ 2015-ᒥ ᐃᖅᑲᑐᓄᑦ ᓱᑲᓕᐅᑎᔪᑦ ᐃᖅᒋᖅᓯᓚᐅᖅᑎᓇᒋᑦ.

Harry Okpik (Ivakkak racing bib number 6) in Kuujjuaraapik taking part in the prayer before the start of the 2015 Ivakkak dog team race.

Okpik's story starts with his father's dogs. He was a young Inuk boy with two legs, growing up in the late 1950s and then the early 1960s. There was no recreation centre in Quaqtaq growing up, he says, so running the dogs and training the young puppies with harnesses was as much a source of entertainment as it was a chore. They were also a vital mode of transportation; often Okpik would ride on his father's dog sled to go hunting. One day, he told himself, "When I become older, I'm going to be like my old man, have my own dog team."

But from the mid-1950s to the late 1960s, Inuit across the Arctic reported a series of government-led dog slaughters. Some allege roughly 20,000 sled dogs were killed over the course of two decades.

It would take until the 21st century before the government probed the issue at length. But even then, an RCMP report following an internal review and submitted to parliament in 2006 cleared its own organization of wrongdoing. There was no systematic slaughter, it said, rather some dogs were killed either because they were dangerous or there were too many of them or they were starving or they were riddled with disease.

In 2011, then Quebec Premier Jean Charest formally apologized for the slaughter. His government pledged $3 million in redress.

But the effect back when Okpik was a boy, almost a teenager, was not only devastating but life changing.

Men who would hunt with their dog teams to feed their families suddenly had no dog teams. They had snowmobiles with no innate sense of direction or of safety, Okpik says, that required technical maintenance and would often break down, occasionally stranding their owner – sometimes fatally.

"I don't remember ever, even up to now, an Inuk dying hunting by dogsledding," he says.

When he was 17, Okpik left Quaqtaq for the first time: he went west across the Hudson Bay to an Indian Residential School in Churchill, Manitoba, for two years.

He's grateful, he says, for the opportunity to learn English, but that's the extent of his thankfulness for the government and church-led schooling.

"The way it happened," he says slowly, "it disturbed me a little bit."

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ᖅᑲᔨ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ 2014-ᒥ ᐃᖅᑲᑐᓄᑦ ᓱᑲᓕᐅᑎᓂᖅᑲᖅᑎᓗᒍ.

(Centre) Harry Okpik during the 2014 Ivakkak dog team race.

ᓱᓇᒥᓕᕐᑐᓂᒃ, ᐊᓪᓚᑐᕕᓂᐅᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᐊᓪᓗᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᓇᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᔪᕕᓃᑦ ᐊᑐᕐᓂᓗᑦᑕᐅᒍᑎᒐᓵᓗᕕᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᓱᕋᑕᐅᓯᒪᒍᑎᖏᓐᓂᓗ ᐅᓪᓗᒥᒧᑦ.

ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕋᓗᒻᒥ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓇᐊᕐᓯᒪᕕᕕᓂᕐᒥᓂᑦ ᐊᑯᓂᐅᖕᖕᒋᑐᖅ ᐅᑎᕐᓯᒪᓕᕐᓯᓂ, ᐊᕐᕐᑯᓇᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᕗᖅ ᓂᐅᖕᒐ ᐲᕐᑕᐅᓚᕐᑭᑦᓯᓂ. ᐊᕙᑎᓪᓗ ᒪᕐᕈᓗᓐᓂᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᕐᓯᓂ ᒪᕐᕿᑦᓯᑎᒃ ᐃᓚᓐᓈᓇᑦ. ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᒪᕐᕿᓯᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᓯᓕᕐᑐᓯᑦᓯᓂ ᓇᑦᓯᕕᓂᕐᓂᓗ ᓯᑭᑑᒥᓄᑦ ᐃᓛᓂᐅᖕᖕᒋᑐᖅ ᕐᑯᑭᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᕐᑯᑭᐅᑎᒥᓄᑦ. "ᕿᑎᕋᓪᓗᐊᓯᐊᕐᓯᒍ ᕐᑯᕐᑐᕋᖕᒐ," ᐅᖃᕐᑐᖅ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ, "ᑐᕐᑯᓯᔪᓇᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᔪᖕᒐ."

ᑐᕐᑯᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᖕᖕᒋᑐᖅ ᓂᐅᖕᒐ ᐲᕐᑕᐅᓚᕐᑭᒐᓗᐊᕐᓯᓂ. ᐋᓐᓂᐊᕕᒻᒦᓚᕐᑭᑦᓯᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᒥᓂᑦ ᐅᖕᒐᓯᑦᑐᐊᓗᒻᒥ. ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓂ ᑕᓪᓕᒐᓂ ᐃᒥᐊᓗᑦᑎᐅᓕᕐᑐᕕᓂᖅ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ. ᐃᒥᐊᓗᑉᐸᓯᓂ ᐋᖕᒐᒃᓵᓐᓇᕐᑐᕐᑐᐸᑦᓯᓂᓗ. ᐱᑦᓯᐊᓇᐊᕐᓗᓂ ᑭᓯᐊᓂᐅᓕᕐᓂᕋᒥ, ᓄᕐᖃᓕᕐᑕᕕᓂᖏᑦ, ᕿᒧᑦᓯᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒧᑦ, ᐅᖃᕐᑐᖅ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ, ᐱᒥᐊᑦᓯᐊᑎᑕᐅᓯᑦᓯᓂ.

ᑕᒪᑕᒐ, ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐅᖃᕐᑐᖅ, "ᓄᓪᓚᖕᒐᑦᓯᐊᓂᕐᐸᐅᑦᑐᖕᒐ ᕿᒻᒥᓕᓇᓕᑐᐊᕋᒪ ᓯᓚᕐᔪᐊᒦᑦᑐᓵᕐᓯᖕᒐ ᐊᓯᐊᓂ, ᐃᒻᒥᓂᕿᐅᒐᑦᓯᐊᓯᖕᒐ...ᓱᖕᒍᓯᑦᓚᐊᔪᖕᒐ."

ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐃᓱᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᐅᓚᐱᕐᓴᐅᑎᒋᑦᓯᒍᓗ, ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑦᓯᓂᓗ ᐃᑦᒃᑲᑐᓄᑦ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᐅᕐᑕᐅᓛᕐᓂᒥᓂᒃ - ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᕿᒧᑦᓯᑎᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᓱᑲᓕᐅᑎᓂᐅᓱᒧᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᕐᑯᓯᖕᒐᓂᒃ ᐅᐱᒍᓱᑎᐅᑦᓯᓂ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᐅᓂᐅᒐᓗᐊᕐᓯᓂᓗ - ᐅᒃᐱᐅᑉ ᐃᓄᓱᓇᒍᒪᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕐᓯᒪᕗᖅ.

ᑕᑯᓐᓇᕋᑦᓴᓕᐊᕕᓂᖅ ᓯᓚᐅᑉ ᐊᓯᑦᐅᑦᓂᖕᒐ ᒪᓕᑦᓱᒍ ᕐᑯᐊᕐᑕᒥᐅᒍᖃᑎᒥᓄᑦᓗ ᐅᐱᒋᔭᐅᓯᒪᓂᕋᕐᓯᓂ. ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑕᕕᓂᒃᑲ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓯᓯᒪᔪᑦ, ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐅᖃᕐᑐᖅ, ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓯᐅᖃᑦᑕᐅᑎᒍᓐᓇᓕᕐᒪᑕ ᓱᕋᑕᐅᓂᕕᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᕐᑯᓯᖃᑎᖕᖕᒋᑕᒥᓄᑦ ᐃᓅᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᒥᓂ.

"ᑐᑭᓯᔭᐅᑦᓯᐊᕐᑯᔫᓯᓯᒪᒪᒪ ᓱᕋᑕᐅᓂᓇᓯᒪᔭᑦᑎᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓇᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᕕᓂᑎᒍᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᕿᒻᒦᔭᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑎᒍᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᑎᒌᑦᓯᑕ," ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐅᖃᕐᑐᖅ.

ᓱᕈᓯᐅᑦᓯᓂ ᐃᓅᓯᓇᒍᒪᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᑕᒪᑕᒐ ᐃᓅᓯᖃᓕᕐᑐᖅ. ᐱᒍᓐᓇᓯᓂᐊᕐᑐᓇᓯᒪᖕᖕᒋᑕᒥᓂᒃ ᓂᐅᖕᒋᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᓕᕐᓯᓂ ᐃᒥᐊᓗᑦᑎᐅᓯᓂᓗ.

"ᐃᓱᒪᒍᓯᒐ ᐊᓯᑦᐸᒋᐊᖃᕐᓯᒪᔭᕋ, ᓂᒪᕈᓯᒐᓗ," ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᐅᖃᕐᑐᖅ. "ᐊᕙᑎᑦ ᐱᖕᒐᓯᑦ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᕐᓗᓂᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᕐᑐᖕᒐ...ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᐊᕙᑎᓪᓗ ᓯᑕᒪᓪᓗᓂᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᓇᐊᒥᒃ ᐃᑉᐱᒍᓯᑦᑐᖕᒐ."

ᑕᒐᒦᒃ ᐱᒐᓯᐊᕐᓯᒪᓪᓚᓇᑦᑐᒧᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑐᐊᕐᕕᐅᒍᒪᓚᕐᑭᓯᒪᕗᖕᒐ, ᓇᑦᕕᐊᓪᑦ ᐅᖃᕐᑐᖅ.

ᓗᐊᕋ ᓇᑦᕕᐊᓪᑦ ᕿᒧᑦᓯᖃᑎᕐᖃᓇᐊᖕᖕᒐᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐅᒃᐱᒥᒃ 2009-ᒦᑦᓯᑦ. ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑕᖕᒋᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓂ ᐱᖕᒐᓱᔪᕐᑐᓂ ᐊᑑᑎᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᐳᐃᒍᕈᓐᓇᖕᒋᕐᑐᕕᓂᖅ.

"ᐃᓅᑉ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑐᐊᓇᒐᓗᐊᕐᓯᓂᐅᒃ, ᐃᓅᓐᓇᑎᓐᓅᓕᖕᒐᔪᖅ, ᓇᑦᕕᐊᓪᑦ ᐅᖃᕐᑐᖅ. "ᑭᓇᒃᑯᑐᐃᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᓅᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᕐᓯᕈᓐᓇᑐᒃᑰᕈᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᓂᒎᑎᒍᓐᓇᒪᑦ. ᐅᑉᓐᓄᓕ ᐊᔪᓇᔭᖃᖕᖕᒋᓗᑐᕐᑐᖅ. ᐃᓅ (ᐅᒃᐱᒃ) ᐃᓅᖃᑎᒋᑦᓯᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᑕᕐᓗᐊᑕᕗᑦ, ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᐊᔪᓇᔭᖃᒐᓅᖕᖕᒋᒥᔪᖅ." ◆

More than 150,000 indigenous children were taken to the schools and subjected to emotional, physical and/or sexual abuse. The Truth and Reconciliation Commission, which released a summary of its final report earlier this summer, diligently documented the Indian Residential Schools' many abuses and their lingering impact.

It was a few years after Okpik's brief stay at the Churchill school, that he had his accident and lost his leg. He was 22 and out hunting with friends. Okpik was wrapping his gear and seal meat up on his snowmobile when he accidentally shot himself with his own rifle.

"Dead centre of my femur bone," he says, "I thought I was dying right there."

He survived but lost his leg. He was hospitalized and distanced from his community. For five years, Okpik was an alcoholic. He drank and he did drugs. It was coming home, it was sobering up, and it was sled dogs, he says, that brought him back.

Now, he says, "my most relaxed moment is when I'm with my dogs and I'm in another world, in my own world… and I'm getting strong."

Okpik's mental recovery, his training for Ivakkak – Nunavik's esteemed race that's as much about celebrating Inuit culture as it is about the competition – is the focus of *Okpik's Dream*.

It was filmed over several seasons and Okpik says the reaction from his Quaqtaq neighbours has been largely positive. The documentary is helping, he says, to have real conversations about the impact of the imposition of western living on his Inuit community.

"I wanted a very clear picture of the impact that the residential school and the dog slaughter had on my age group," Okpik says.

Everything he imagined as a boy, everything that seemed so out of reach as an amputee, as an alcoholic, he's doing now.

"I had to reeducate my mind, my body, the way I move, the way I think," Okpik says. "I'm 61 now… but I only feel 24."

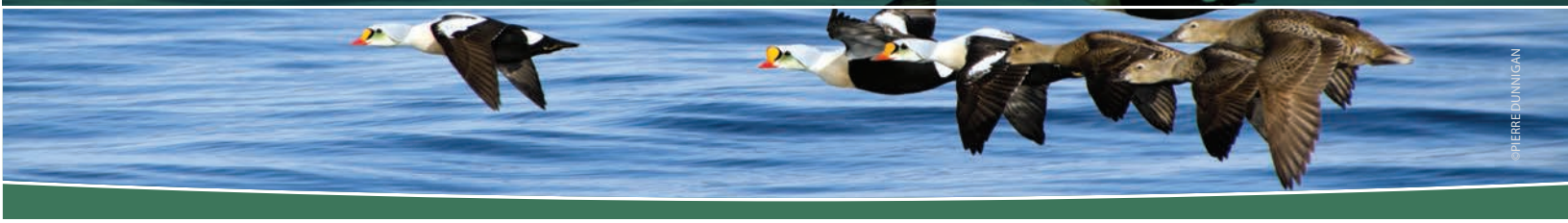
It's that steely determination that drew Rietveld to the story, she says.

She first went dog sledding with Okpik back in 2009. His story, a six year odyssey to tell, resonated with her.

"I think that while his story is deeply Inuit, its also very universal," Rietveld says. "That some people can overcome the tragic circumstances of their life. And for me that's heroic. I mean (Okpik's) a regular person, but he's also very heroic." ◆

ᖃᔅ ᐅᒃᐱᒃ ᑭᕝᕕᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᖃᒧᑎᒥᓃᑦᓯᓂ 2014-ᒥ ᐃᕝᕕᒃᑳᓄᑦ ᓱᑲᓕᐅᑎᓂᖃᕐᑎᓗᒍ.
Harry Okpik being hoisted up on his dog sled during the 2014 Ivakkak dog team race.

©KATARINA SOUKUP



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ᐃᖃᓪᓕᐊᕕᒋᒋᐊᒥᒃ ᐊᓕᐊᒋᓂᕐᐹᑦ ᑕᑉᐡᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ ᓯᓇᓂᒃ ᕿᒥᕕᒋᓐᓂᕿᐅᒃ ?

ᐊᕐᕌᒍᑕᒫᑦ, ᓴᓂᒐᓵᓗᐃᑦ ᑕᑯᔭᐅᓲᒍᕗᑦ ᐳᑦᑕᑐᑦ ᑰᓐᓂ, ᑕᓯᕐᓂ ᐃᒪᕐᐱᓂᓪᓗ ᓯᓚᕐᔪᐊᓕᒫᒥ. ᐊᕐᕋᒍᒐᓵᓗᓐᓂ, ᓯᔪᓲᒍᖕᖕᒋᑐᑦ ᐃᓚᖕᒋᓪᓗ ᓯᔪᔪᐃᑦᑑᓯᑎᒃ. ᓯᕐᓄᓯᒪᓲᑦ ᐃᒪᕐᒥᒃ, ᐃᖃᓗᓐᓂᒃ, ᐱᑭᕐᑐᓂᒃ ᓇᔪᕐᑕᖕᒋᓐᓂᓗ ᐆᒪᔪᐃᑦ ᐱᑭᕐᑐᐃᓗ. ᐃᖃᓪᓕᐊᓇᐊᓕᕐᒥᒍᑦᓯ ᓴᓂᓕᐊᕕᓂᓯᓐᓂᒃ ᓇᑦᓴᓯᖃᑦᑕᓇᑦᓯ ᐅᑎᓯᒍᑦᓯ.

ᓂᐅᕕᐊᖃᐅᑎᕕᓃᑦ ᓂᕿᓪᓗ ᑑᕕᓂᖕᒋᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓂ 500-600-ᓂ ᓯᔪᓲᒍᖕᖕᒋᑐᑦ ᐆᒪᔪᓄᓪᓗ ᐃᔭᐅᒍᑎᒃ ᑐᕐᑯᓐᓇᑑᑦᓯᑎᒃ.

ᐃᖃᓗᔭᐅᑉ ᐊᑦᓱᓇᖕᒐ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓂ 600-ᓃᑐᐃᓐᓇᓇᐊᓕᓐᓂᒃ ᓯᔪᑉᐸᓕᐊᒍᓐᓇᑐᖅ ᐊᑦᑕᓇᕐᑑᓯᓂᓗ ᐃᒪᕐᒥᐅᑕᓄᑦ ᐃᖃᓗᓐᓄᓗ ᐃᔭᐅᑐᐃᓐᓇᓇᐊᖃᕐᓯᓂ.

ᑏᕕᓃᑦ, ᐋᐳᐃᑦ ᓴᐅᓈᖃᐅᑎᖕᒋᑦ ᐊᓯᖕᒋᓪᓗ **ᓂᕿᑦ** ᐊᑦᑕᓇᖕᖕᒋᑑᔭᕋᓗᐊᕐᓯᑎᒃ ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᑕᕐᕿᓂ ᐊᒥᓯᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓂᓗ ᐊᒥᓯᓂ ᓯᔪᑉᐸᓕᐊᓲᒍᒪᒥᔪᑦ ᓯᕐᓄᒍᓐᓇᓯᑎᒃ ᐆᒪᔪᐃᑦ ᓇᔪᕐᑕᖓᓂᒃ.

ᕐᒍᒪᔪᕕᓃᑦ ᓯᔪᑉᐸᓕᐊᒍᓐᓇᑐᑦ 200-500-ᓂᒃ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓂᒃ ᑭᓕᕈᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓯᑎᓪᓗ ᐃᒪᕐᓯᐅᑎᓄᑦ.

ᓄᖑᓐᓂᑯᕕᓃᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓂ ᕐᑯᓕᖕᓂ ᓯᔪᑉᐸᓕᐊᒍᓐᓇᑐᑦ ᓯᕐᓄᓲᒍᑦᓯᑎᓪᓗ ᐆᒪᔪᐃᑦ ᐃᓚᖕᒋᑦᑕ ᐊᕿᐊᕈᖕᒋᓐᓂᒃ.

ᑭᐊᑦᓴᐅᑎᐅᑉ ᐅᕐᓯᐊᓗᖕᒐ ᐊᐅᓚᐅᑏᓪᓗ ᐅᕐᓯᐊᓗᖕᒐ ᓱᒃᑯᐃᓲᖅ [ᓱᒐᓗᓗᐊᕐᑐᒥᒃ] ᑎᑭᐅᑎᑐᐊᕋᒥ ᐃᒪᕐᓯᐅᑎᓄᑦ.

ᐳᓪᓚᐅᔭᕕᓂᖅ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒐᓴᕐᓂ ᓯᔪᑉᐸᓕᐊᓲᖅ ᕿᓕᕈᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓯᓂ ᐊᕐᕐᑯᓇᕈᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓯᓂᓗ ᐃᒪᕐᓯᐅᑎᓄᑦ.

ᐃᑯᒪᐅᑏᑦ ᓯᔪᑉᐸᓕᐊᓲᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒐᓴᕐᓂ ᐃᑭᐊᕐᒥᐅᑕᖕᒋᓪᓗ ᐅᐊᕈᑎᖕᒋᑦ ᑐᕐᑯᓐᓇᑐᕐᑕᖃᕐᓯᑎᒃ. ◆

What did you leave behind at your favourite fishing spot this year?

Every year, millions of tonnes of garbage is found floating in rivers, lakes and oceans around the world. This waste can take decades, even centuries to decompose while some of it never does. It has an impact on the water, the fish, plants and the entire ecosystem. Next time you go fishing please bring back your garbage with your catch.

Plastic bags and food wrappers have a lifespan of 500-600 years and can cause serious poisoning if ingested by animals.

Fishing Line can take up to 600 years to decompose and can cause major damage to the marine environment and be ingested by fish.

Tea bags, apple cores and other **food items** might seem relatively harmless but they too take months or even years to decompose and can have an impact on the natural ecosystem.

Aluminum cans have a lifespan of 200-500 years and can cause cuts and lesions to marine fauna.

Cigarette butts have a lifespan of 10 years and affect the digestion of certain animals.

Diesel and engine oil (in sufficient quantity) destroys marine life wherever it reaches.

Glass has a lifespan of thousands of years and can cause cuts and serious injury to marine fauna.

Batteries have a lifespan of thousands of years and the chemicals inside them are highly poisonous. ◆

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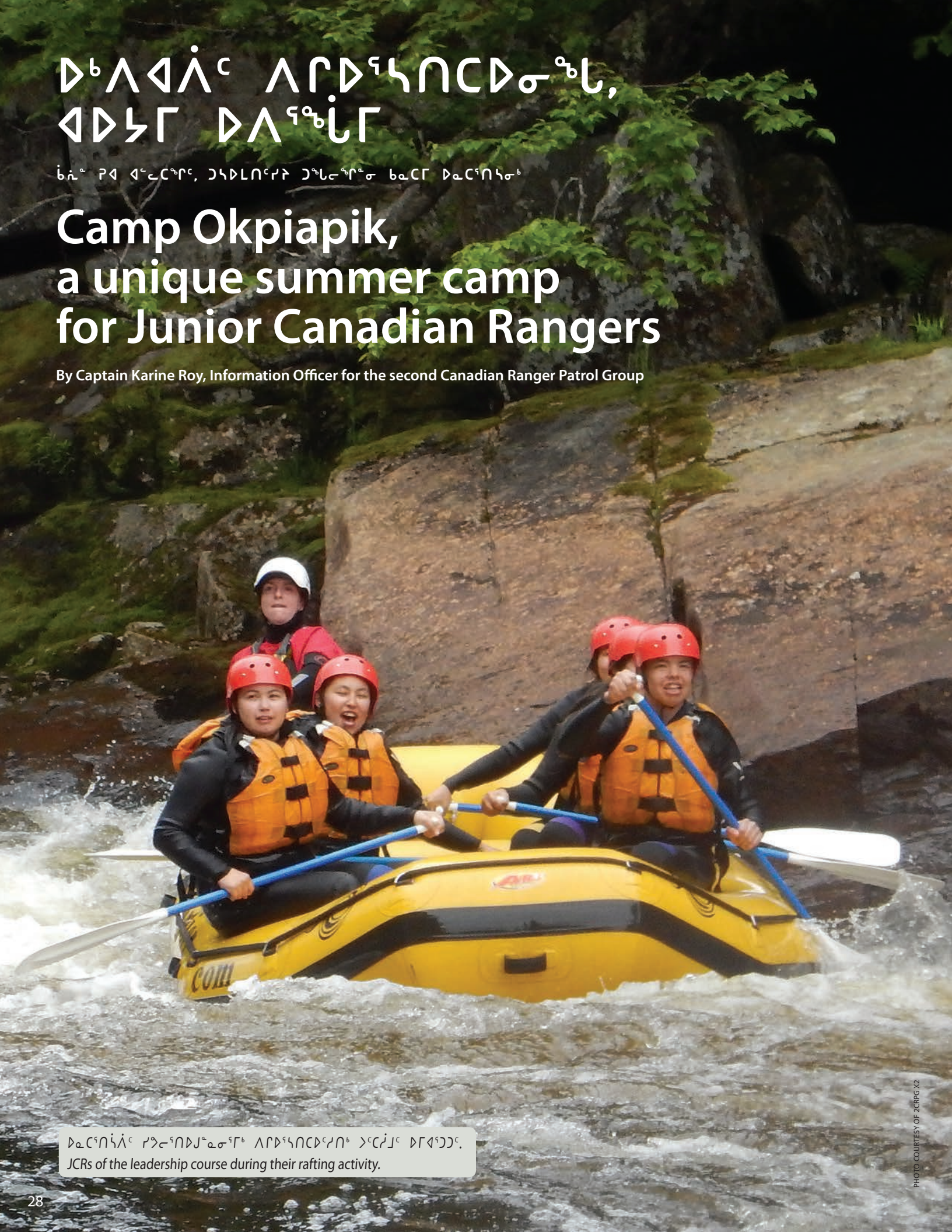
ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐲᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᓂᖓ, ᐊᐅᔭᒥ ᐅᐱᕐᖓᒥ

ᑲᓇᓐ ᑭᐊ ᐊᓪᓚᑕᖏᑦ, ᑐᓴᐅᒪᑎᑦᓯᔾᔨ ᑐᖓᓕᖏᓐᓂ ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓴᓂᒃ

Camp Okpiapik, a unique summer camp for Junior Canadian Rangers

By Captain Karine Roy, Information Officer for the second Canadian Ranger Patrol Group



ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐲᑦ ᓯᕗᓕᕐᑎᐅᒍᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᑦᓯᑎᒃ ᐳᑦᑕᓲᒧᑦ ᐅᒥᐊᕐᑐᑐᑦ.
JCRs of the leadership course during their rafting activity.

PHOTO COURTESY OF 2CRPG X2

ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᑦ ᓴᐟᐃᒥᐅᑕᑦᑖᑎᑕᐅᔪᑦ ᐃᓕᑕᓇᔭᐅᒍᑎᒥᓂᒃ Lord Strathcona Foundation-ᒥᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᖃᑕᐅᑦᓱᐊᓂᕐᒥᓄᑦ, ᓄᐃᑦᓱᐊᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᖃᑕᐅᑦᓱᐊᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᓄᑦᓗ ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᑦᓱᑎᓂᑦ.

The Lord Strathcona Foundation medals to the JCRs is an award in recognition of their exemplary performance, attendance and their active participation in school since they joined the JCR Program.

ᒫᓂ 25-30, 205 ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᑦ ᑐᖓᓕᖕᒋᓐᓂᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓴᓂᑦ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐋᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᓂᖓᓄᑦ ᐁᓯᒪᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ, ᑮᑦᑳᑦᑎᐊᒥ, ᑯᐯᒻᒦᑐᒥ. ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᑦ ᐱᖓᓱᐃᓂᒃ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᓂᖃᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ - ᐱᒋᐊᖕᖓᐅᑎᓂᒃ, ᓇᓗᓇᕐᓂᓴᓂᒃ ᓯᕗᓕᕐᑎᐅᒋᐅᕐᓴᓂᕐᒥᓗ - ᓱᒐᑦᓴᖃᕐᑎᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓱᑎᑦᓗ ᐃᓅᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᐅᓯᒋᐊᕈᑎᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᐊᓕᐊᓇᕐᑐᖑᐊᓂᑦᓗ. ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᒌᑦᓱᐊᖃᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᓄᑦ ᐱᔭᕇᑦᓱᐊᕈᖕᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᓂᖓᓂᑦ ᐃᓱᓕᓂᖓᓄᑦ.

ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐋᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᓂᖓ 2 ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓴᓄᑦ ᐱᔭᑦᓴᓇᔭᐅᑦᓚᓇᑉᐳᖅ. ᑲᑎᓂᐅᓲᒍᒐᒥ 33-ᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᖃᕐᓂᑦ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᓐᓄᑦ ᓴᒥᓯ ᐯᒥᐅᓄᑦ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ Lower North Shore -ᒥᐅᓄᑦ, Magdalen Islands -ᒥᐅᓄᑦᓗ. ᐱᒋᐊᓚᐅᕐᓯᒪᒐᒥᓂᑦ, ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᓂᖕᒋᑦ ᑐᕋᒐᖃᑭᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᓂᖓ ᐱᖓᓱᓗᐊᖕᖑᐊᓂᒃ, ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐱᐅᒋᐅᕐᓴᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐱᕐᑯᓯᑐᖃᖕᒋᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓅᑦᔪᓯᒥᓗ. ᒐᒪᖕᖓᓂᑦ, ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᓂᖃᕐᐸᑐᑦ ᐊᑐᓂᑦ ᐅᕕᒃᑫᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᔪᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᑎᒍᒪᑦᓱᒋᑦ.

ᑕᑯᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ, ᖃᕐᔪᒥᑦ ᐱᑎᑦᓯᒥᓗ ᐊᑐᓇᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ, ᖁᑭᐊᒥᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᓗ ᖃᔭᓇᐊᕐᑐᓇᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᓗ, ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐱᓐᓄᑦ ᑕᒪᒃᑯᐊ ᐊᓕᐊᒋᔭᒻᒪᓇᐅᕗᑦ, ᓄᓇᖕᖑᐊᓂᓗ ᐊᑐᓇᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᒻᒥᓱᑎᒃ ᐃᓗᔪᐊᑦᓗ ᐊᑭᓐᓇᖓᒍᑦ ᒪᔪᕐᓇᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ, ᐊᓱᖕᒋᓐᓂᓗ ᐱᔭᑦᓴᖃᕐᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ, Via Ferrata ᓇᐹᕐᑐᑎᒎᕐᓱᑎᒃ, ᐱᓕᐅᑦᔨᒍᑎᓂᒃ ᐱᖕᖑᐊᓱᑎᒃ, ᓄᓇᓕᓕᐊᕐᓯᒪᑦᓱᑎᓗ Village Vacances Valcartier-ᒧᑦ. ᐃᓚᐅᒋᐅᕐᑐᓄᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᒋᐅᖕᖕᒋᑐᓄᓗ ᐊᓕᐊᒋᔭᐅᖃᑦᑕᓚᐅᔫᑦ, ᐱᔭᑦᓴᖃᓕᒫᖃᑦᑕᓱᑎᒃ, ᐊᐅᔭᒥ ᐅᐱᖕᖓᒥ ᕿᑲᖃᓇᐅᓂᖓᓂ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᓂᖃᑦᓱᐊᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ.

ᐊᑦᔨᒌᖕᒋᑐᓄᑦ ᐱᒍᑦᔨᖃᑎᒌᒍᑕᐅᑦᓱᓂ ᑕᒪᓐᓇ ᑲᔪᓯᑦᓱᐊᕈᓐᓇᑎᑕᐅᓚᐅᔪᕗᖅ, ᑲᓇᑕᒥᐅᓄᑦ ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓴᓄᑦ, ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑎᖕᒋᓐᓄᑦ 2 ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓴᑦ, ᑲᒪᔨᓄᑦᓗ ᑎᓕᔭᐅᓱᒪᔪᓄᑦ. ᐊᑦᑕᑎᑦᓗ ᖁᓕᑦᓗᓃᑦᑐᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᓕᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᒥᓂᑦᓗ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᖃᖃᑦᑕᑎᑦᓗᒋᑦ, ᓯᕗᓕᕐᑎᖓᑦ ᑐᓯᓄ ᐅᖃᕐᓯᒪᒻᒪᑦ, ᐅᖃᕐᓇᑦᓴᖃᕐᑎᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᐅᕕᒃᑫᑦ, ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᕕᑦᓴᖃᕐᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᑦᓗ, ᐃᓄᓐᓂᒃ ᐅᕕᒃᑲᓂᒃ ᐊᓕᐊᖕᖑᐊᕐᖑᔨᒐᒥᒃ ᐊᑑᑎᔭᒥᓂᑦᓗ ᐃᓕᑦᓯᒍᑎᖃᕐᖑᑦᓯᒋᑦ.

ᔫᓂ 30-ᒥ ᐃᓱᓕᓂᖃᕐᑎᓗᒍ ᑕᒪᓐᓇ, ᐁᑦᑐᑐᕐᑕᐅᓯᓚᐅᔪᒻᒥᔪᑦ. ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᑦ ᐅᐱᒍᓱᓐᓂᖕᒋᑦ ᑕᑯᑦᓴᐅᓕᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔭᓇᐊᕐᑐᑕᐅᓯᒪᑦᓱᑎᒃ. ᐅᖃᐅᓯᓇᒋᐊᒥᓐᓂᓃᑦ ᖃᓄᖅ ᓇᓗᓇᕐᓯᓱᓂ - 2 ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓴᑦ: ᐱᔭᖃᑦᓱᐊᓂᖑᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ !

ᐊᑦᔨᓚᐊᕕᓃᑦ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᕋᑦᓴᓚᐊᕕᓃᓐᓗ ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐋᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᑎᓐᓗᒋᑦ ᑕᑯᒋᐊᕋᑦᓴᐅᕗᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ 2 ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓴᑦ ᓱᓇᓱᐊᕐᑦᒪᖕᒐᑕ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓚᒫᒥ ᑕᑯᒋᐊᕋᑦᓴᐅᓱᑎᒃ Facebook-ᖓᓄᑦ 2 CRPG: facebook.com/2GPRC.2CRPG.

From June 25-30, 205 Junior Canadian Rangers (JCRs) from the second Canadian Ranger Patrol Group (2 CRPG) participated in Camp Okpiapik, which took place in Valcartier, Quebec. The JCRs were divided into three levels of training—basic, advanced and leadership—and took part in activities where they had the chance to better themselves and have fun. Teamwork was the key to success from start to finish.

Camp Okpiapik is a major activity in 2 CRPG's calendar. It is the only event that brings together JCRs from 33 patrols of James Bay, Nunavik, the Lower North Shore and the Magdalen Islands. Since its first year, the camp has always taken care to meet the three goals of the JCR Program, which are to develop Ranger skills, traditional skills and life skills. Since then, every effort has been made to provide a program of activities that is as unique as each of the young people participating in it.

This year, the camp featured such favourites as archery, air rifle marksmanship and canoeing, which the JCRs always love, along with new adventures such as orienteering and indoor wall climbing, and various other activities such as Via Ferrata, a tree-to-tree game, sports, and a day at Village Vacances Valcartier. For first-timers and experienced campers alike, there was plenty to do, and the camp was a great way to bring in the summer holidays.

Such a success story would not be possible without the contribution of various people, including the Canadian Rangers, personnel from 2 CRPG headquarters, and additional supervisory personnel assigned to various activities. About 50 people used their experience and expertise to, as Capt Duchesneau put it, make a difference by mentoring young people, ensure that the best possible conditions were in place, and see to it that all of the young people could have fun and grow through the experience.

At the closing ceremony on June 30, various prizes were presented. The pride on the JCRs' faces was plain for everyone in the audience to see. It was an image worth a thousand words—one that enables 2 CRPG to confidently declare: mission accomplished!

To see photos and videos of Camp Okpiapik and to follow 2 CRPG activities all year round, please go to the 2 CRPG Facebook page: facebook.com/2GPRC.2CRPG

ᖃᔭᓇᐊᕐᑐᑦ ᑰᒻᒥ Bras-du-Nord River (Portneuf, QC) ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᓇᐊᑦᓚᕈᑎᓂᒃ.

Canoeing on the Bras-du-Nord River (Portneuf, Qc) for the JCRs of the advanced course.

PHOTO COURTESY OF 2CRPG X4

ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᑦ ᐊᓕᐊᑦᑐᑦ ᐊᐅᑦᓛᓯᒪᖃᑕᐅᒋᐊᒥᒃ.

JCRs happy to participate at the camp.

ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐋᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᓂᖓ	An overview of Camp Okpiapik
ᐱᖓᓱᓂᒃ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᔪᕕᓃᑦ (ᐱᒋᐊᖕᖓᐅᑎᓂᒃ, ᓇᓗᓇᕐᓂᓴᓂᒃ, ᓯᕗᓕᕐᑎᐅᒋᐅᕐᓴᓂᕐᒥᓗ)	Three different enhanced training sessions (basic, advanced, leadership)
ᐅᑦᓗᓂ ᑕᑦᓕᒪᓂ ᓱᒐᑦᓴᖃᕐᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ	Five days of activities
205 ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᑦ (ᐅᑭᐅᓐᑦ 12-ᓂᑦ 18-ᓄᑦ)	205 JCRs (aged 12 to 18)
52 ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓵᐊᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ 16 ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓴᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ	52 JCRs and 16 Rangers from Nunavik
50 Reserve Force ᐅᓇᑦᑎᓴᑦ	50 Reserve Force members

ᐅᐱᒍᓱᓯᕐᑕᕕᓃᑦ, ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐲᑦ 2015-ᒥ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑕᐅᒋᐊᕐᑐᓯᒪᑦᓱᑎᒃ	LIST OF AWARDEES, CAMP OKPIAPIK 2015 NUNAVIK PARTICIPANTS
ᐃᓕᑕᓇᔭᐅᒍᑎᑖᕐᑐᕕᓃᑦ:	**Awardees are:**
ᐸᐅᓗᓯ ᐊᒫᒪᑦᑐᐊᖅ ᐊᑯᓕᕕᒻᒥᐅᖅ	Paulasi Amamatuak of Akulivik
ᑖᓂᐊᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᓇᖅ ᐊᐅᐸᓗᒻᒥᐅᖅ	Daniel Onningnak of Aupaluk
ᒥᐊᒃᑕ ᐃᓗᔭᓯᐊᐱᒃ ᐃᓄᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᖅ	Meanda Eliyassiapik of Inukjuak
ᕝᓃᑕ ᐅᐃᑖᓗᑦᑐᖅ ᑲᖏᕐᓱᐊᓗᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᖅ	Vanita Weetaltuk of Kangiqsualujjuaq
ᓘᑲᓯ ᑭᐊᑌᒃᓇᖅ ᑲᖏᕐᓱᔪᐊᕐᒥᐅᖅ	Lucasi Kiatainaq of Kangiqsujuaq
ᐋᓂ ᓄᖕᖓᖅ ᑲᖏᕐᓱᒥᐅᖅ	Annie Nungak of Kangirsuk
ᓄᐅᒥ ᓴᓚᑯᐯ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᖅ	Naomi Sala-Gauvin of Kuujjuaq
ᓕᒃᓯ-ᐋᒃ ᐅᕐᑫᑦᑐᖅ ᐳᕕᕐᓂᑐᕐᒥᐅᖅ	Lyndsay-Ann Uqaituk of Puvirnituq
ᒥᐊᓅ ᐳᑐ ᓴᒃᓗᒥᐅᖅ	Mary Pootoo of Salluit
ᓵᓅ ᕐᑲᐅᒃᑫ ᑕᓯᐅᔭᕐᒥᐅᖅ	George Kauki of Tasiujaq
ᐃᓘᒃᓈᒍᑦ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᓇᐊᕐᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᓯᕗᓕᕐᑎᐅᒋᐅᕐᓴᓂᕐᒥᒃ:	**Most overall improvement during the leadership course:**
ᕿᓚᐱ ᓇᐅᔭ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕋᐱᒻᒥᐅᖅ	Caleb Nowra from Kuujjuaraapik
ᐃᓘᒃᓈᒍᑦ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᓇᐊᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᓇᓗᓇᕐᓂᓴᓂᒃ:	**Most overall improvement during the Advanced Course:**
ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐲᑦ 5-ᒦᑦᑐᑦ: ᐋᓂ ᓯᐅᐱ ᑲᓇᔪᖅ ᐳᕕᕐᓂᑐᕐᒥᐅᖅ	Platoon 5: Annie Siupi Kanayuk from Puvirnituq
ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐲᑦ 6-ᒦᑦᑐᑦ: ᖃᔨᐊ ᐅᓈᓕᒃ ᐋᓇᓈᖅ ᑲᖏᕐᓱᐊᓗᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᖅ	Platoon 6: Harriet Onalik Annanack from Kangiqsualujjuaq
ᐃᓘᒃᓈᒍᑦ ᐱᑦᓯᐊᓇᐊᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᐱᒋᐊᖕᖓᐅᑎᓂᒃ:	**Most overall improvement during the Basic Course:**
ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐲᑦ 2-ᒦᑦᑐᑦ: ᑎᐋᒃ ᐸᓚᒥᖕ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕋᐱᒻᒥᐅᖅ	Platoon 2: Diane Fleming from Kuujjuaraapik
ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐲᑦ 3-ᒦᑦᑐᑦ: ᒍᐃᓕ ᐃᑦᑐᖅ ᑲᖏᕐᓱᒥᐅᖅ	Platoon 3: Willie Eetook from Kangirsuk
ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐲᑦ 4-ᒦᑦᑐᑦ: ᐲᑕ ᐃᑦᑐᑲᓪᓗᒃ ᐳᕕᕐᓂᑐᕐᒥᐅᖅ	Platoon 4: Peter Ittukallak from Puvirnituq
ᐊᑦᔨᓕᐅᕐᓱᑎᐅᓂᕐᐸᕕᓃᑦ ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐲᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᓇᐊᕐᑐᓯᒪᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ:	**Winners of the photography competition held during the Camp Okpiapik are:**
ᐊᑦᔨᓕᐅᕐᓱᑎᐅᓕᐅᑦᔨᔪᓂ: ᐅᓇᑕᕐᑎᓴᐲᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕐᕐᑲᑎᒌᑦᑐᑦ: ᖃᔨᐊ ᐅᓈᓕᒃ ᐋᓇᓈᖅ ᑲᖏᕐᓱᐊᓗᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᖅ	Category: Photo of a JCR on an activity: Harriet Onalik Annanack from Kangiqsualujjuaq
ᐊᑦᔨᓕᐅᕐᓱᑎᐅᓕᐅᑦᔨᔪᓂ: ᐅᓇᑕᕐᑎᓴᐱᐅᕐᑲᑕᐅᔪᒥᒃ: Master Corporal ᒫᑭ ᓇᐹᕐᑐᖅ ᐳᕕᕐᓂᑐᕐᒥᐅᖅ	Category: Portrait: Master Corporal Maggie Napartuk from Puvirnituq Patrol
ᓴᓚᒃᓃᔪᕕᓂᓕᒫᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᖕᒍᐊᖏᑦ ᐅᓇᑕᕐᑎᓴᑦ ᐊᑐᐊᒐᖏᒃᓄᑕᕕᓃᑦ SERVIR ᐃᓕᔭᐅᑦᓱᑎᓪᓗ 2 ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐅᓇᑕᕐᑎᓴᑦ ᐊᑐᐊᒐᖏᒃᓄᑦ.	The pictures of all the winners were published in the SERVIR military newspaper and used in 2 CRPG publications.

ᐅᓇᑕᕐᑎᓴᐲᑦ ᐊᑕᐅᑦᓱᑰᕐᑐᑦ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᔨᓂᖅᑲᕐᑎᓗᒍ.
JCRs perform drill movements during a competition.

ᐅᒃᐱᐊᐲᑦ ᐊᐅᑦᓛᓯᒪᕕᒻᒥᓂ 2015-ᒥ ᐅᒃᑯᐊᑭᓯᕐᑐᑦ.
Closing ceremony of the Camp Okpiapik 2015.

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ
ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᔪᑦ

ᐊᑎᕐᓯᐅᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᒐᓚᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕐᑕᐅᓕᕐᑐᖅ

Project Naming expands to Nunavik

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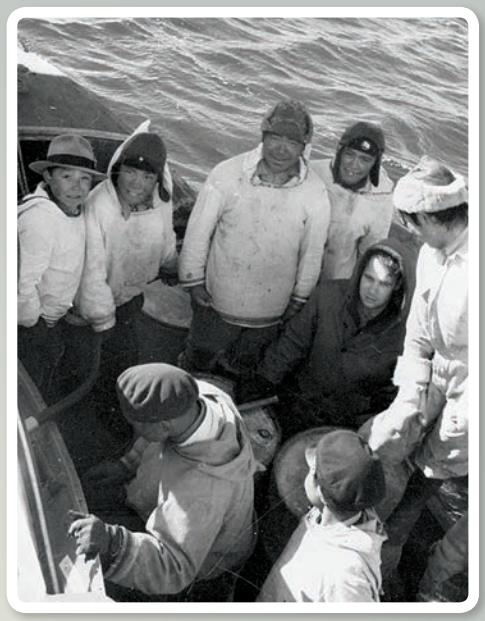
ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓴᓂᑭᓗᐊᕐᒥᐅᑦ ᓴᒥᓯ ᐯᒥ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕐᕕᒻᒥᑦ, 1946.
Inuit from the Belcher Islands of James Bay in Great Whale River/Kuujjuaraapik, 1946.



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ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓄᒃᔪᐊᒥᐅᑦ, 1944.
Inuit of Port Harrison/Inukjuak, 1944.

ᐊᑦᔨᖕᒍᐊᓂᒃ ᐊᑎᕐᓯᐅᓂᖅ ᐱᓇᓱᒃᑲᑎᒦᒍᑕᐅᒋᐊᖕᖓᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐊᑐᐊᒐᒃᑯᕕᐅᑦᓱᓂᓗ ᐊᑦᔨᕐᑯᑎᓂᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᕐᑯᑎᓂᓪᓗ ᑲᑎᕐᓱᐃᕕᐅᑦᓱᓂᓘᕐᑐᒧᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕖᕐᒥᐅᓄᑦ, ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᖕᒍᐊᕐᒋᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᑎᕐᓯᐅᕐᑲᑦᑕᓂᐊᓕᕐᒥᔪᑦ. ᐊᑎᕐᓯᐅᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᕖᕐᒥᐅᓄᑦ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑕᐅᑦᓯᐊᐸᑦᑐᖅ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓂ ᖁᓕᓪᓗ ᐱᖓᓱᓪᓘᓂ ᐊᓂᒍᕐᑐᓂ, 2,000-ᓃᑦᑐᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ, ᓱᓇᓱᐊᕐᑲᑎᒦᑦᑐᐃᓗ ᓇᔪᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᐃᓪᓗ ᐃᓕᑕᓇᔭᐅᒍᓐᓄᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᕐᕐᑲᓇᕐᑐᕐᑲᐅᑎᓃᑦᑎᑕᐅᑐᐃᓐᓇᕋᔭᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᓇᓗᓐᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᑦᓯᐊᓕᕐᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ 8,000-ᓃᑦᑐᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᖕᒍᐊᑦ ᕐᑲᓇᑕᐅᔭᕐᒎᕐᑲᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᓕᕐᓱᑎᒃ. ᐃᓕᔭᐅᓯᒪᓕᕐᓱᑎᓪᓗ ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐊᑐᐊᒐᒃᑯᕕᒻᒧᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᕐᑯᑎᓂᓪᓗ ᑲᑎᕐᓱᐃᕕᒻᒧᑦ, ᑭᓇᒃᑯᓄᑐᐃᓐᓇᖅ ᑕᑯᔭᐅᒍᓐᓇᓱᑎᒃ ᐃᓕᑦᓯᕕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓱᑎᓪᓗ. ᐊᑐᐊᒐᓕᓇᓱᑦ ᑕᒪᑐᒥᖓ ᑲᓇᑕᓕᒫᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕈᒪᔪᑦ, ᐃᓚᐅᑎᑦᓯᓗᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᖕᒋᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ, ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᕿᓪᓗ ᐊᓪᓗᓗ ᑭᖑᓛᓇᔭᐅᔪᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᕐᑯᓯᕐᑲᑎᒦᖕᖕᒋᑕᒥᓄᓪᓗ. ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᒐᒥᕐᑯᔭᐅᕐᑲᑦᑕᓂᕐᒥᒪᑕ, ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔪᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᕐᑲᕐᑲᑦᑕᕐᑯᔭᐅᔪᑦ. "ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓯᐅᕐᑲᑎᒦᕐᑲᑦᑕᓱᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᒻᒪᓇᐅᓂᕐᓴᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᓂᓴᓪᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᕿᑦ ᑭᖑᓛᓇᑦ ᐱᐅᓯᓇᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᕐᑲᐅᓯᕐᑲᕈᓐᓇᓱᕐᑲᑦᑕᑐᑦ," ᐅᖃᕐᑐᖅ ᑰ ᐱᑎᐅᑉ, ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐊᑐᐊᒐᒃᑯᕕᒻᒥ ᐊᓪᓚᕐᑯᑎᓂᓪᓗ ᑲᑎᕐᓱᐃᕕᒻᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑎ. ◆

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ᐃᕗᔨᕕᒃ, 1926.
Cape Wolstenhome/Ivujivik, 1926.

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ᑲᒻᐸᓂᒃᑯᓃᑦᑐᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒥ, 1948.
Inuit at the Hudson's Bay Company in Fort Chimo/Kuujjuaq, 1948 .

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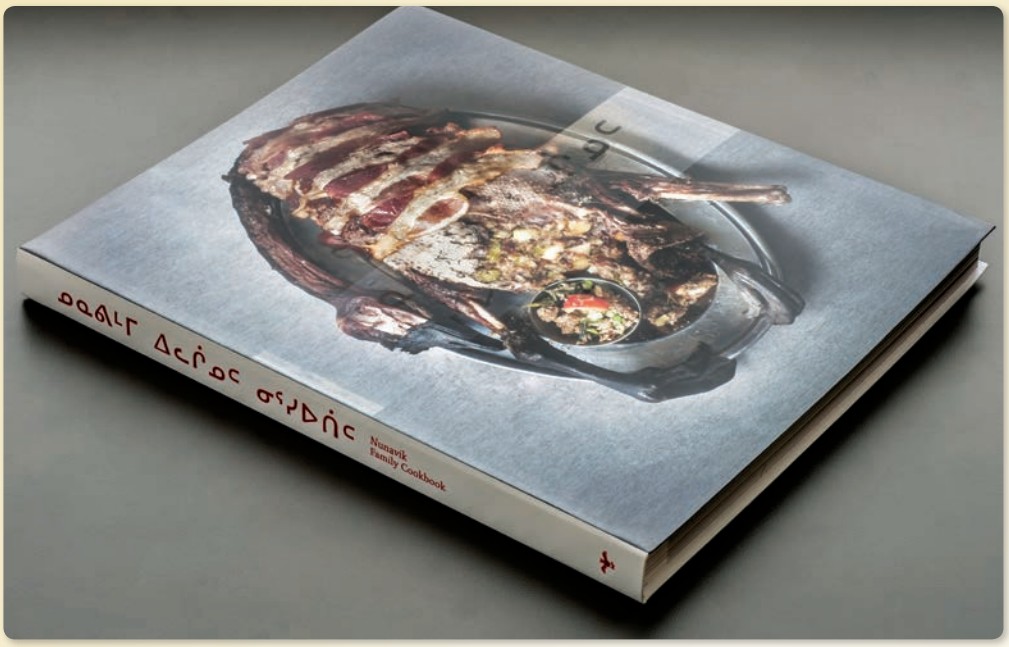
ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒥ ᑖᓂᓯᕐᑐᑦ ᑲᑎᑎᑕᐅᔪᓃᑦᑐᑦ, 1948.
Two bridal couples on a dance floor in Fort Chimo/Kuujjuaq, 1948.

A photo identification project that started as a collaboration between Library and Archives Canada and Nunavut's Inuit population is expanding to include photos from Nunavik. *Project Naming* has had success in Nunavut over the last 13 years, with almost 2,000 Inuit individuals, activities and locations that may have been lost to the annals of history correctly identified and roughly 8,000 images digitized. This new information has since been added to Canada's public archives, meaning anyone can access it and learn from it. Archivists are now hoping to repeat that success nationwide, which includes other Inuit, First Nations and Métis communities. As in Nunavut, people are asked to share what they know. "Past experience shows that such initiatives will trigger a dialogue between older and younger Aboriginal generations and help them to connect with their past," said Dr. Guy Berthiaume, of Library and Archives Canada. ◆



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ᓄᓂᕝᕕᓃᑦ ᐸᐅᖅᑐᑦ.
Handpicked blackberries.

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐃᓚᒌᓄᑦ ᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᓲᑦ

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐃᓚᒌᓄᑦ ᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᓲᑦ ᐊᐅᖃᑦᓯᐊᓇᕐᑐᓂᒃ ᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᑎᑦᓴᓯᐊᒍᕗᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᓪᓗ ᓂᕿᑦᓯᐊᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓂᐅᕙᐊᕙᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᐅᐊᕈᑦᓯᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ. ᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᓯᓕᐊᒍᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓄᒻᒪᓈᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᖕᖕᒋᓯᐊᕐᓂᓴᐅᕐᑯᑦᓯᒋᑦ ᒪᕿᑦᓯᐊᓂᕐᓴᐅᕐᑯᑦᓯᒋᓪᓗ ᑲᒃᑲᓛᓪᓗ ᐱᐊᓪᓗ ᐱᕿᕐᐸᓕᐊᑦᓯᐊᓂᕐᓴᐅᕐᑯᑦᓯᒋᑦ.

ᑲᑐᔾᔭᓇᔭᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᓲᑦ ᓚᕝᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕕᕐᔪᐊᒧᑦ, ᑲᑎᕕᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᓇᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᓪᒪᓗ ᑲᑎᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᑦ ᑲᐸᒪᖕᒐᓄᑦ. ᑑᔭ ᐊᐅᒋᐊᖅᑲᖕᒋᓂᕐᒥᒃᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᓂᕐᓯᐅᑎᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᓯᓕᐅᕐᑎᒃ.

ᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᓲᑦ ᐅᓪᓛᕈᒥᑦᑦᓴᓕᐅᕈᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᑐᑦ, ᐅᓪᓗᒍᒥᑦᑕᕐᑦᓴᓂᓪᓗ ᐅᓐᓄᒍᒥᑖᑦᓴᓂᓪᓗ, ᓂᓇᒋᐊᓪᓚᕐᑦᓴᓂᓪᓗ, ᐅᕐᑯᒻᒥᓗᒐᑦᓴᓂᓪᓗ, ᒪᒪᕐᑐᑐᕐᑦᓴᓂᓪᓗ ᐃᒥᕐᑦᓴᓂᓪᓗ. ᐅᐊᕈᑎᑦᓴᓗ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᐅᖏᑉᐸᑕ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᓂ ᓯᓇᓂᖕᒫᖅ ᑕᐅᓯᐅᑎᖃᕈᓐᓇᒪᖕᒫᑕ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᑦᑕᖃᕐᓯᑎᒃ.

ᐅᓪᓛᕈᒥᑦᑦᓴᓕᐅᕈᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᑐᑦ, ᒪᓐᓂᓂᒃ ᐅᐊᕈᑎᓕᓐᓂᒃ ᓂᕿᓂᒃ, ᖃᔪᑦᓴᔭᒥᓪᓗ ᐹᓇᕿᐊᓕᐅᕈᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓯᑎᒃ ! ᑐᒃᑐᕕᓂᕐᒥᒃ, "ᖃᔪᕐᒥᒃ ᑐᒃᑐᕕᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᕈᕐᑐᕕᓂᕐᑕᓕᒻᒥᒃ ᖃᔪᓕᐊᑦᓴᔭᒥᓪᓗ" ᐊᒻᒪᓗ "ᐸᓂᕐᑎᑕᒥᒃ ᑐᒃᑐᕕᓂᕐᑕᓕᒻᒥᒃ." ᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᓯᕐᑕᖃᕐᒥᓯᑎᒃ ᐃᖃᓗᐸᐱᕕᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᓂᕐᓕᕕᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᐊᕿᒻᒥᕕᓂᕐᒥᒃ, ᓇᑦᓯᕕᓂᕐᒥᓗ ᐊᐅᑦᓯᐊᕐᖃᕐᓇᑐᒥᒃ - ᒪᒪᕈᓇᓕᒫᑦᓯᐊᓂᒃ. ᓂᕐᓯᐊᑎᑦ ᐃᓚᖃᕈᓐᓇᒥᔪᑦ ᖃᔪᕐᒥᒃ, ᐸᑏᑦᓯᓂᒃ ᓇᑲᑎᕐᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ "ᒥᓲᑦᑕᕐᑦᓴᓕᐅᕈᓐᓇᒥᔪᑎᑦ ᑐᒫᑐᓕᒻᒥᒃ ᑲᑭᐊᑦᑐᒥᒃ ᐅᐊᕈᑦᓯᓗᒍ" ᐸᑏᑦᓯᑐᓕᕈᕕᑦ.

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Nunavik Family Cookbook

The *Nunavik Family Cookbook* includes iron rich foods including both nutritional traditional Inuit food and healthy store bought ingredients. The book aims to improve the health, development and well being of adults and children.

The project team who produced this book included the Université Laval, Kativik School Board and the Kativik Regional Government. Dora Augiak from Kangirsuk assisted as chef to help create this Nunavik cookbook.

The cookbook includes breakfast meals, main dishes, side dishes, snacks, desserts and beverages. There are cooking tips giving substitutes to ingredients that are easier to find in all communities.

Breakfast includes scrambled fajita wraps and even oatmeal pancakes! Main meals include caribou, for example tasty hearty soups such as "caribou barley and vegetable soup" and "caribou stuffed bannock." Some of the recipes include char, goose, ptarmigan, and iron-rich seal – all looking very delightful. You can compliment your meals with great side dish recipes like soup, potato wedges and quick "ketchup dip" for those crispy potato wedges.

ᓂᕐᓕᕕᓂᖅ ᑭᐊᑦᓴᐅᑎᐅᑦ ᐃᓗᐊᓂ ᖃᓚᑦᓯᐊᕕᓂᖅ.
Decadent roasted goose.

ᑐᒃᑐᕕᓂᖅ ᐅᐊᕈᑦᓯᓯᒪᔪᖅ.
Marinated caribou dish.

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐳᕐᑐᓂᕐᓴᒋᐊᓪᓚᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᑦ ᐱᔭᕇᕈᓯᕐᑕᕕᓃᑦ 2015-ᒥ

Nunavik Post Secondary Ceremony Graduate List 2015

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[ᓯᕗᕐᓃᑦᑐᑦ] ᒪᑭᑉᐃᐅᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᑎᒻᒪᓇᖓ ᐃᓄᐃᓪᓗ ᖃᖓᑦᑕᔫᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑎᒻᒥᔫᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᖓᔪᖅᑳᒍᑦᓯᓂ, ᐊᓐᑎ ᒍᐊᖃᐅᔾ, ᐱᔭᕇᕈᓯᕐᑕᐅᔪᓂᒃ ᐊᑦᔨᓕᐅᕐᑕᐅᖃᑎᓕᒃ ᐅᐱᒍᓱᑦᑐᒪᓇᓐᓂᒃ.

(Front right) Makivik Corporate Secretary and Chair of Air Inuit, Andy Moorhouse, with the proud graduates.

ᐊᑎᖓ **Name**	ᓄᓇᓕᖓ **Community**	ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓯᒪᔭᖓ **Education**	ᐱᔭᕇᕈᑏᑦ **Credential**	ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕕᒻᒥ **Institution**
ᓚᐊ ᒣ Leah May	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅ Kuujjuaq	ᑎᒍᔭᐅᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᑲᒪᓂᖅ Correctional Intervention	Diplôme d'études collégiales	ᔫᓐ ᐋᐸᑦ John Abbott
ᐊᓖᓇ ᓯᑏᕝᕕᓐ Alena Stevenson	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅ Kuujjuaq	ᐃᓅᑦᔪᓯᓚᓇᓂᖅ Social Science	Diplôme d'études collégiales	ᔫᓐ ᐋᐸᑦ John Abbott
ᔫᓇᓴᓐ ᑯᓇᓃ Jonathan Grenier	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅ Kuujjuaq	ᖁᓛᒻᒥᒍᖅᑎᐅᓂᖅ Helicopter Pilot	Helicopter pilot license	Helicraft
ᐃᐊᓚᓐ ᓄᓚᓐ Ellen Nylund	ᐳᕕᖅᓂᑐᖅ POV	ᑕᑯᒥᓇᖅᑐᓚᐅᖅᓂᖅ ᐊᑦᓚᖑᐊᖅᓂᑯᑦ Visual Arts	Diplôme d'études collégiales	ᑖᓴᓐ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕕᖅᔪᐊᖅ Dawson College
ᒥᐊᔨᐊ ᐋᓇᓈᖅ Maryann Annanack	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅ Kuujjuaq	Sciences de la Nature	Diplôme d'études collégiales	Collège Ahuntsic
ᓵᓐ ᒪᒃᑖᓄ Shawn McDonald	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕐᕕᒃ Kuujjuarapik	Transport par Camion	Diplôme d'études professionnelles	Centre de formation du transport routier , Saint Jérôme
ᑕᐱᓴ ᑐᓗᒐᖅ Tapisa Tulugak	ᐳᕕᖅᓂᑐᖅ POV	ᐊᑦᓚᑎᐅᓂᖅ Secretarial Studies	Diplôme d'études professionnelles	Shadd Academy; EMSB
ᐱᑕ ᐋᓇᖃᑕᖅ Peter Annahatak	ᑲᖏᕐᓱᖅ Kangirsuk	ᐃᓅᑦᔪᓯᓚᓇᓂᖅ Social Science	Diplôme d'études collégiales	ᔫᓐ ᐋᐸᑦ John Abbott
ᐃᒪᓚ ᔪᐊᓇᓯ Emaly Jonas	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅ Kuujjuaq	ᓂᕐᓯᐅᓂᖅ Professional Cooking	Diplôme d'études professionnelles	l'école hoteliere de Montreal
ᒍᐃᓚᐊ ᐃᐳ William Bibeau	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅ Kuujjuaq	ᐊᐅᓚᐅᓯᓇᓂᖅ Pre-apprentice Mechanic	Certificate	l'école de l'automobile
ᑲᑭᓚᓐ ᐳᓚᐊ Caroline Boulianne	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅ Kuujjuaq	ᐃᓅᑦᔪᓯᓚᓇᓂᖅ/ᑎᒥᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᐅᓴᔨᐅᓂᖅ Social Science/Aesthetics	Diplôme d'études collégiales/ Diplôme d'études professionnelles	John Abbott and Inter-Dec College
ᓗᐃᓴ ᒥᓗᕐᑐᖅ Louisa Mulucto	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕐᕕᒃ Kuujjuarapik	ᓄᔭᓚᓇᔨᐅᓂᖅ Professional hairstyling	Diploma	Ottawa Academy,School of Hairstyling Aesthetics & Beauty
ᐃᓴᐱᐊᓚ ᕈᐊᓐ-ᐅᐃᑖᓗᑦᑐᖅ Isabella Rowan-Weetaluktuk	ᐃᓄᑦᔪᐊᖅ Inukjuak	ᑕᑯᓐᓇᕋᑦᓴᓚᐅᕐᓂᖅ Film Major	Bachelor of Fine Arts	Nova Scotia College of Art and Design
ᓚᑎᐊ ᐊᐅᑦᓚᓗᒃ Lydia Audlaluk	ᐃᕗᔨᕕᒃ Ivujivik	ᐃᓅᑦᔪᓯᓚᓇᓂᖅ Social Science	Diplôme d'études collégiales	ᔫᓐ ᐋᐸᑦ John Abbott
ᓯᑌᓯ ᖃᓴᑦᓗᐊᖅ-ᒧᑖ Stacey Kasudluak-Moreau	ᐃᓄᑦᔪᐊᖅ Inukjuak	ᖃᐅᔨᓴᕐᓂᖅ Science	Diplôme d'études collégiales	ᔫᓐ ᐋᐸᑦ John Abbott
ᒥᓂ ᐃᑦᑐᓴᖅ Minnie Ittoshat	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕐᕕᒃ Kuujjuarapik	ᑕᑯᒥᓇᖅᑐᓚᐅᕐᓂᖅ Creative Arts	Diplôme d'études collégiales	ᔫᓐ ᐋᐸᑦ John Abbott

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ᓴᑯ ᐃᖃᓗᓐᓂᐊᓂᓕᓇᓂᖅ

ᐳᐊᓐ ᒪᒃᓇᒫᕋ, ᐊᖑᔪᖅᑳᖅ ᐱᓇᓱᒋᕕᒧᑦ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᐅᑦᑐᐃᔪᖅ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᐊᖑᔪᖅᑳᖑᓂᒃ ᔫᐱ ᑕᖅᑭᐊᐱᒻᒥᒃ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᐊᓚᕕᒻᒪᓇᖑᓂ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒦᑦᑐᒥ. ᑕᕝᕙᓂ ᐊᖅᑏᒍᒥ ᖃᖅᑭᖅᓂᑯᖅᑕᐅᔪᕕᓂᑦ $4-ᒥᓕᐊᓂᒃ ᐊᖅᑏᓂ ᖃᖅᑭᖅᓂᑯᖅᑕᐅᓚᐅᔪᑦᓱᑎᒃ $3.3-ᒥᓕᐊᓂᒃ. ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᑭᖑᖅᓚᓂᐊᖅᓂᓕᓇᓲᒍᓕᖅᑐᖅ 1970-ᓃᑦᑐᑦ ᐊᖅᑏᒍᐃᑦ ᐃᓱᓕᕝᕙᓕᐊᓯᓚᐅᔪᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ. ◆

Saku Fisheries

Brian McNamara, President of Newfound Resources Ltd. presents a cheque to Makivik President Jobie Tukkiapik in the Kuujjuaq Makivik head office. This year Makivik's profit share is $4 million dollars while the profit last year was $3.3 million dollars. Makivik has been in the shrimp fisheries business since the late 1970s. ◆

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PHOTO COURTESY OF NEWFOUND RESOURCES X2

Cd

ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓴᓇᔭᕕᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᓄᐃᑕᑎᑦᓯᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᐊᐅᔭᖅ ᑕᑯᔭᑦᓴᖃᕐᕕᒥ Galerie Carte Blanche ᒪᓐᑐᓇᐊᒥ. ᑕᑯᔭᑦᓴᖃᕐᕕᖅ, Cd ᓚᔭᐅᖃᑦᑕᓚᐅᔫᖅ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓯᒪᕗᖅ ᑲᑐᔾᔨᓇᔭᐅᑦᓯᓂ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒍᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᑫᑦ ᑲᑎᑦᑕᕕᖕᒐᓄᑦ ᒪᓐᑐᓇᐊᒥ, ᐃᒻᒥᓂᒃ ᐱᓪᓚᓇᐅᑎᑦᓯᒍᒪᓂᕐᒍᑦ ᐱᒍᓐᓇᓯᑎᑦᓯᒍᒪᓂᕐᒍᓗ ᐃᓕᕐᑯᓯᓕᓇᓂᐅᑦᓯᓂᓗ ᓄᐃᑕᐅᓚᕿᑦᓯᓂ. ᑖᒥ ᑭᖑᐊᑦᓯᐊᖅ ᓴᓇᐅᒐᕐᑎᐅᖃᑕᐅᓚᐅᔪᕗᖅ, ᑭᖅᖓᒥᐅᑦᓴᔭᖅ. ᑭᖑᐊᑦᓯᐊᖅ ᐊᑖᑕᑦᓯᐊᒥᓄᑦ ᓯᑕᒪᐅᔪᖅᑭᒐᕐᑐᓂᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᕐᓯᓂ ᖁᓪᓕᓴᔭᒥᒃ ᐁᑦᑐᑕᐅᒋᐊᖅᑐᕕᓂᐅᓂᕐᓯᒪᔪᖅ. ᓇᓄᖅᑯᐊᓕᐅᓕᕐᑐᕕᓂᖅ ᑖᓂᓯᕐᑐᖑᐊᒥᒃ ᒐᒪᖅᖓᓂᓪᓗ "ᓇᓄᐊᓗᖅᑯᐊᓂᒃ" ᓴᓇᒍᒥᓐᓇᓱᒍᓕᕐᓯᓂ. ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᓴᓇᔭᕕᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᑕᑯᑦᓴᐅᑎᑦᓯᔪᕕᓃᑦ ᑕᒪᑐᒪᓗ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑕᐅᓂᖓ ᑲᔪᓯᑦᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᑐᕕᓂᐅᑦᓯᓂ ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᕈᕐᑎᓇᓚᐅᔪᒻᒪᑕ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᕋᑦᓴᖃᕐᑎᓯᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᑕᐅᓯᑎᒃ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒍᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᑫᑦ ᑲᑎᑦᑕᕕᖕᒐᓄᑦ ᒪᓐᑐᓇᐊᒥ, ●

Taku, look

Several Inuit youth carvers showed off their skills at an exhibit at Galerie Carte Blanche in Montreal this summer. The exhibit, dubbed Taku, was the result of a partnership between Makivik Corporation and the Native Friendship Centre of Montreal, designed to build skill, culture and self-esteem. One of the featured carvers was Tommy Kingwatsiaq, originally from Cape Dorset. Kingwatsiaq said he was first given a piece of stone to carve by his grandfather when he was seven. He carved a dancing polar bear then and continues to enjoy carving "big polar bears" now. The Inuit youth presented their own carvings and the success of this project stems from the fact that these youth organized the exhibit themselves through professional help from Makivik and the Native Friendship Centre. ●

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᑎᒻᒪᓇᖅᑐᒃ, ᐋᓐᑎ ᒧᐊᖃᒃ, ᐅᖃᖃᑎᓕᒃ ᓵᓕ ᑐᒥᒻᒥᒃ ᐅᒥᐅᔭᕐᒥᐅᒥᒃ

Makivik Corporate Secretary, Andy Moorhouse, speaking with Charlie Tumic of Umiujaq

COURTESY OF SYLVIE CORNEZ X6

ᓯᓕᕕ ᑯᐊᓂᐊᒃ (ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᖃᐅᔨᒋᐊᕐᑐᕕᑦᓴᖅᑕ) ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓴᓇᐅᒐᕐᑎ ᓯᒥᐅᓂ ᓇᐅᔭ

Sylvie Cornez (Makivik consultant) and carver, Simiumi Nauya

ᐋᓐᑎ ᐲᕐᑎ (ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓕᓇᔨᖅᑕ, ᐋᓐᑎ ᒧᐊᖃᒃ (ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᑎᒻᒪᓇᖅᑕ), ᓵᓕ ᑐᒥᒃ (ᐅᒃᑯᐃᑭᓯᕐᑎᓯᔪᕕᓂᖅ) ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓯᓕᕕ ᑯᐊᓂᐊᒃᓗ

Andy Pirti (Makivik Treasurer), Andy Moorhouse (Makivik Corporate Secretary), Charlie Tumic (performed at the exhibition opening) and Sylvie Cornez

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᖃᕐᒥᔪᖅᑭᑦ

ᓴᓇᐅᒐᖅ ᓯᒥᐅᓂ ᓇᐅᔭᐅᑦ

Simiumi Nauya's carving

ᔨᐊᓂᕐ ᖃᓐᑕ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑎᖅ

Jennifer Hunter of Makivik Corporation

ᐊᕐᐱᑕᕐᓇᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᔾᕐᑎᓯᓂᖅ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᐃᑦ ᐊᕙᑎᐅᒍᑎᖓᓂᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᐅᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᑕᐅᓚᐅᔪᖅ: ᐊᓕᐊᓇᕐᑐᒋᐊᓪᓚᐅᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᓂ

ᓄᓇᒪᒥᐅᓄᑦ ᐊᕐᐱᑕᕐᓇᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᔾᕐᑎᓯᓂᖅ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᐃᑦ ᐊᕙᑎᐅᒍᑎᖓᓂᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᐅᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᑕᐅᓚᐅᔪᖅ ᐊᓕᐊᓇᕐᑐᒋᐊᓪᓚᐅᑎᑕᐅᑦᓱᓂ ᐊᐅᒃᒍᓯ 10-14 ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒥ. ᓇᓪᓕᐅᓂᕐᓯᐅᕈᑎᖃᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᐃᑦ ᐊᕙᑎᐅᒍᑎᖓᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᔾᕐᑎᑕᐅᓲᒍᓕᕋᒥᒃ ᑕᕐᕋᒥᐅᓄᑦ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᔾᕐᑎᓯᔨᓄᑦ, ᑐᕈᒍᐊᖅᑎᓯᔪᑦ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᔾᕐᑎᓯᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂ ᐱᖕᖒᒍᐊᑎᓂᒃ ᐊᓕᐊᒋᔭᐅᓂᕐᐸᐅᓲᓂᒃ ᐊᒥᓲᒍᓐᓇᕕᓕᒫᖕᒋᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᒥᓲᑎᑦᓯᒐᓱᐊᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ, Jerry Cans, ᐃᓕᓴᐱ ᐁᓯᒃ, ᓯᓄᔫᑦ (ᐆᑐᐊ ᓯᓄᔫᑦ), ᓴᓪᓗᒥᐅᑦ, ᐋᑕᒥᓗ ᐃᐊᓇᒃᓗ, Twin Flames (ᔭᔨ ᐅᒃᐱᓗ), Saali & the Ravenhearts, Northern Haze, ᐅᕐᕌᒍᑦ, Tim and the Band, ᕿᒍᑦᔪᐃᑦ, ᑐᓃᑦ, ᒍᐃᓕᐊᒻ ᑕᒍᓐᓈᖅ, ᐊᖓᕐᕌ, ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᑦ ᐱᖕᖒᒍᐊᑎᖕᒋᑦ, ᔭᓂ, ᑮᑕ, ᓕᓯᓗ, Guuli and Leif. ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᑦ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᖕᒋᑦ, ᐊᕐᐱᑕᕐᓇᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᔾᕐᑎᓯᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐅᒃᑯᐃᕈᓯᕐᑎᓯᒍᑎᖃᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᐃᖕᖒᒋᓗᑦᑖᕈᓯᓕᐊᕕᓂᖓᓂᒃ ᐅᓛᔪ ᐱᓗᕐᑑᑦ. ᐅᓐᓄᑑᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᖕᖓᐅᑎᖃᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔾᑕᐅᒍᒪᓂᕐᐹᒥᒃ: ᑲᓇᑕᒥᐅᓄᑦ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᒋᔭᐅᓂᕐᐹᒥᒃ, ᔭᓂ ᐅᓐᑦᒥᒃ ᑎᑦᓯᒥᖓᓪᓚᓇᒃ. 2015-ᒥ ᐊᕐᐱᑕᕐᓇᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᔾᕐᑎᓯᓂᖅ ᐊᓕᐊᓇᓇᐊᓪᓚᕐᑯᑦᓯᒍ, ᐅᓪᓗᒥᒃ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᒋᐊᓪᓚᒥᒃ ᐃᓚᔭᐅᓚᐅᔪᕗᖅ, ᐅᓪᓗᓂᒃ ᓯᑕᒪᓂᒃ ᐊᑑᑎᔭᐅᓲᒍᒐᓗᐊᕐᓯᓂ, ᑖᓂᓯᕐᓂᖅᑲᓚᐅᔪᒻᒪᑦ ᓂᑦᔭᐅᑎᕐᓯᑎᐅᓂᕐᐹᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓂᑦᔭᐅᓯᔭᕐᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᑉ ᐱᖕᖒᒍᐊᕕᖓᓂ, ᐊᕐᐱᑕᕐᓇᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᔾᕐᑎᓯᕕᐅᒋᐊᖕᖓᓯᒪᔪᒥ 1996-ᒍᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᐃᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᑎᑦ ᓈᓕᕐᑎᓗᒋᑦ. ●

Aqpik Jam's 20th edition: a special treat

Nunavimmiut were treated to a special recipe of the 20th Aqpik Jam Music Festival this summer from August 10-14 in Kuujjuaq. Celebrating 20 years of showcasing Northern artists, the festivals' organizing committee made sure to have as many Inuit favourites for its line up: the Jerry Cans, Elisapie Isaac, Sinuupa (a.k.a. Etua Snowball), the Salluit Band, Adamie and Eric, Twin Flames (with Jaaji Okpik), Saali & the Ravenhearts, Northern Haze, Uvagut, Tim and the Band, Qimutjuit, Tuniit, Williiam Tagoona, Angava, the Kuujjuaq Band, Johnny, Rhoda and Lizzie, Guuli and Leif. Opening with the traditional Kuujjuaq Youth Group, which also performed a song in honour of Aqpik Jam written by Ulaayu Pilurtuut for the occasion. The opening night then starred a special guest: none other than Canada's number one fans' choice country music singer, Johnny Reid himself. And to make 2015 Aqpik Jam even more special, one extra night was added to the usual 4-day festival, to dance the night away to the sounds and rhythm of the best Inuit accordion players all gathered in the Kuujjuaq Forum gym, where the fun all began 20 years ago in 1996, when Aqpik Jam was born. ●

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ᔭᓂ ᐅᓐᑦ ᐃᖕᖒᕐᑐᖅ "ᐅᓪᓗᒥ ᓯᓚᕐᔪᐊᒥᒃ ᐊᓯᑦᓱᒐᓯᐊᓚᖓᕐᖓ," ᑲᒃᑲᓛᓂᒃ ᕿᕐᕐᑯᓐᓚᐅᔪᖅ ᐃᖕᖒᕐᑲᑎᕐᒍᒪᑦᓯᕐᑦ - ᐊᓯᑦᓱᓚᓇᓚᐅᔪᕗᖅ ᓯᓚᕐᔪᐊᖓᓂᒃ ᑲᒃᑲᓛᑦ ᐅᑲᓂ ᐅᓐᓄᒥ.

Johnny Reid singing "Today I'm Gonna Try and Change the World," during which he invited children in the audience to come sing along with him on stage - he really did change the world for those kids that night.

ᓴᐱᖃᖅᑭᓂᕋᕐᓂᖅ: ᑐᒫᒃ ᐃᓱᒪᒍᓱᖃᓲᒍᒻᒥᔪᑦ

ᐊᑦᓚᑕᕕᓂᖏᑦ ᒫᑯᓚ ᐃᒪᔅ

ᐅᓇᓚᐅᓚᐅᕐᑐᒥ, ᐃᓚᓐᓈᕋᓗ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᒋᓲᒍᓘᕐᑕᕋ, ᕿᐊᑐ ᕕᔅᔅ ᐊᕐᕕᑕᓚᐅᔪᕗᒍᒃ ᒪᓐᑐᓇᐊᒥᑦ, ᑯᐯᒻᒥ ᑲᖏᕐᓯᔪᐊᒍᑦ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒧᑦ ᑲᑎᓯᒋᐊᕐᑐᓱᓄᒃ ᐊᕐᓴᓂᕐᒥ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᕕᒻᒥ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓂᒃ ᓯᕗᓚᕐᑎᖑᕐᐸᓚᐊᔪᓂᒃ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᑎᐅᑦᓱᑎᑦᓗ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᕕᒻᒪᓇᒻᒧᑦ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᑭᕐᑎᒍᑎᓂᒃ. ᑘᒃᑯᐊ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᑏᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᐊᑦᐅᑮᖅᑭᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓗᓐᓈᒎᕐᑐᒥᓪᓗ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᓂᕐᒨᓚᖅᒪᔪᒥᒃ (IDGE)

ᒪᑭᐊᓪᒥ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐊᑦᐅᑮᖅᑭᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓗᓐᓈᒎᕐᑐᒥᓪᓗ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᓂᕐᒨᓚᖅᒪᑦᓱᓂ (IDGE) ᐃᓚᑕᓇᔭᖃᕐᖅ ᐅᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᓂᖃᑦᓯᐊᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑲᑦᓱᖅᑐᑦᑑᒍᑎᖃᑦᓯᐊᓂᖏᓐᓂᓗ ᐃᓈᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᑑᑎᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ. ᓂᓪᓚᑐᓚᒍᑎᖃᓲᒍᖅᑭᑐᑦ ᐃᓱᒪᒋᔭᒥᓂᒃ, ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᒌᒍᑎᑦᓴᓂᒃ, ᐃᓈᓱᖃᕐᓂᒥᓪᓗ ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓯᐊᕐᑐᒥᒃ, ᓄᓇᓚᖃᑦᓯᐊᐸᓪᓚᐊᓂᕐᒥᓗ ᐃᓈᖃᑎᒋᔭᐅᑦᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᓗ. ᓇᓗᓐᕐᓯᖃᑦᑕᓱᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᓚᐅᑉ ᐱᕙᓪᓚᐊᓱᐊᕐᓂᖅᑭᓐᓂᒃ ᓱᖅᒍᓲᒍᑎᖅᑭᓐᓂᓗ, ᐅᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᓇᓗᕐᕐᑯᑎᖅᑭᑐᑦᓯᐊᒍᓗᑎᒃ ᓯᕗᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᕐᕐᑯᓯᐅᑦᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᐳᑦ.

ᒪᑭᐊᓪᒥ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐊᑦᐅᑮᖅᑭᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓗᓐᓈᒎᕐᑐᒥᓪᓗ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᓂᕐᒨᓚᖅᒪᑦᓱᓂ (IDGE) ᐅᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᓯᕗᓚᕐᑎᖅᑭᓐᓂᒃ ᓴᐳᑦᐅᔨᑦ

(ᑐᓄᐊᓃᑦᑐᑦ ᑕᓚᕐᐱᐊᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᒥᐊᓄᑦ) ᒫᑯᓚ ᐅᒍᔅ, ᓂᐊᑦ ᑯᐊᑕ, ᐋᕈ ᓵᓐᑕ, ᑲᐅᑦᔭᖅ ᖃᐅᓐᓈᓗᒃ, ᓱᐊᓂᕗ ᒥᓇ, ᒥᑯ ᓇᑉᐸᑐᖅ, ᑯᓇᐊᑯᓇ ᐱᓗᕐᑑᑦ, ᓯᐊᔭ ᐃᖃᓪᓗᖅ, ᕿᐊᑐ ᕕᔅ. (ᓯᕗᕐᓃᑦᑐᑦ ᑕᓚᕐᐱᐊᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᒥᐊᓄᑦ).

(Top row L-R) Margaret Amos, Ned Gordon, Aaron Saunders, Kaudja Qaunaaluk, Jennifer Mina, Michael Napatuq, Gregory Pilurtuut, Sarah Iqaluk, Heather Phipps. (Bottom row L-R) Jeannie Kitishimik, Marianne Hsieh, Lizzie Crow.

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ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᑭᕐᑎᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᓇᐊᓛᕐᓂᒥᓂᒃ ᓵᓐ-ᐋᐸᑦᑐᒧᑦ ᐅᑯᑭᓗᓐᓃᑦ ᒪᓈ-ᕕᑦᑐᓇᐊᒧᑦ ᒪᓐᑐᓇᐊᒦᑦᑐᓄᑦ ᐊᐅᒍᓯᒥ 2015-ᒥ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᓇᐊᕋᔭᕐᓯᑎ.

ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᑏᓄᑦ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᑎᑦᓯᖅᓴᓄᑦᓗ, ᒪᓇᐊᓐ ᕿᔭᒍᑦ, ᑐᓂᒪᑦᓯᐊᓯᓂ ᑲᒪᑦᓯᐊᓯᓂᓗ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᑎᑦᓯᔨᒍᑦ (ᐃᔪᕐᓇᑑᓲᒍᑦᓯᓂᓗ !) ᑐᖅᖓᓯᑦᑎᑕᐅᓚᐅᔪᕗᒍᑦ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᕕᒻᒥ ᐱᓇᓱᐊᕈᓯᓚᒦᒥ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᕐᔪᐊᖃᕐᑎᓯᑦᓯᑕ ᒪᑭᐊᓪᒥ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᐊᑦᐅᑮᖅᑭᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓗᓐᓈᒎᕐᑐᒥᓪᓗ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᓂᕐᒨᓚᖅᒪᔪᒥᒃ (IDGE). ᐊᕐᕋᒍᓂ ᑕᓪᓚᒪᓂ ᐊᓂᒍᓚᐅᕐᑐᓂ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᐊᑦᐅᑮᖅᑭᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓗᓐᓈᒎᕐᑐᒥᓪᓗ ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᓂᕐᒨᓚᖅᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᕐᑐᑦ ᐱᑐᑦᓯᒪᓂᖃᓲᒍᓚᕐᕐᑯᑦ ᐅᕕᒃᑲᖅᑭᓐᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᓚᑐᕐᑭᑦ, ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᓪᓗᓗ ᒥᑏᑦ ᓄᓇᓚᖅᑭᓐᓂ, ᑯᐯᒻᒥ, ᐊᓐᑎᐊᓇᐅᒥ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᑦᓈᓐᑎᒃ ᑲᓇᑕᒥ. ᐅᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᓯᕗᓚᕐᑎᐅᒥᐅᕐᓴᓂᖅᑭᓐᓄᓚᖅᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᕐᔪᐊᖃᕐᑎᓲᒍᓚᕐᓯᑕ ᑖᒃᑯᓇᓂ ᐊᕐᕋᒍᓂ; ᓯᕗᓪᓚᐸᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᕐᔪᐊᖃᓚᐅᔪᕗᒍᑦ ᑕᕐᕋᒦᑦᑐᒥ ᓄᓇᓚᒻᒥ ᒪᑭᐊᓪᒥ ᑎᑦᓴᓚᐊᒍᓯᒪᕗᖅ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖃᕐᓯᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᓚᒻᒥᐅᓂᒃ, ᐃᓚᓐᓂᐊᑎᑦᓯᔨᓂᒃ, ᐃᓄᑐᖃᓂᓗ ᐅᒃᑯᐃᖕᒐᖃᑎᒋᑦᓯᐊᓗᑎᒃ ᓂᑦᔭᖃᑎᒋᒍᓐᓇᓂᐊᕐᑎᓗᒋᑦ; ᐃᑲᔪᕐᑕᐅᕕᑦᓴᖃᕐᑎᓯᖃᑦᑕᓗᑎᒃ ᓴᐳᑦᐅᔨᑦᓴᖅᑭᓐᓂᒃ ᐱᑐᑦᓯᒪᐅᑦᓯᐊᑐᓂᒃ ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓯᐊᕐᑐᒥᓪᓗ ᐃᓈᓯᖃᕐᐸᓚᐊᓂᕐᒧᑦ; ᑲᑎᒪᓂᐊᕈᓯᖃᕈᑎᑦᓴᓚᐅᑦᑕᓗᑎᒃ ᐱᑐᑦᓯᒪᐅᑦᓯᐊᑐᓂᒃ ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓯᐊᕐᑐᒥᓪᓗ ᐃᓈᓯᖃᕐᐸᓚᐊᓂᕐᒧᑦ; ᑲᑎᒪᓂᐊᕈᓯᖃᕈᑎᑦᓴᓚᐅᑦᑕᓗᑎᒃ ᓴᐳᑦᐅᔨᑦᓴᖅᑭᓐᓂ

Defining courage: in the eye of the beholder

By Margaret Amos

©GREGORY PILIRTUUT

"ᐃᓱᒣᓐᓇᕐᑭᒍᓐᓇᓂᖅ, ᐱᐱᑦᓴᖅᑲᓕᒫᕐᓂᖅ, ᐃᒪᒥᓂᕐᑭᒍᓐᓇᓂᖅ, ᓇᒧᑐᐃᓐᓈᑭᓐᓇᓂᖅ." ᓗᓇᐊᑯᓇ ᐱᓗᕐᑑᑦ

"Freedom, no limits, independence, fly anywhere." – Gregory Pilurtuut

This past April, my friend and colleague, Heather Phipps and I had the pleasure of travelling from Montreal, Quebec to Kangiqsujuaq, Nunavik to connect with a passionate group of aspiring young leaders and students who were attending the College Preparatory Program at Arsarniq School. These remarkable youth are preparing for their journeys into Cégep at John-Abbott and Marie-Victorin in Montreal in August 2015.

The students and their teacher, Marianne Hsieh, a dedicated and caring educator (with a brilliant sense of humor!), all welcomed us into their learning space to facilitate a week-long symposium with McGill's Initiative for Diversity and Global Education (IDGE). Throughout the past five years, the IDGE has been connecting with youth in First Nations, Inuit and Métis communities in Quebec, Ontario and Atlantic Canada. While we have held a series of youth leadership symposia over these years; this was the first IDGE symposium taking place in a Northern community.

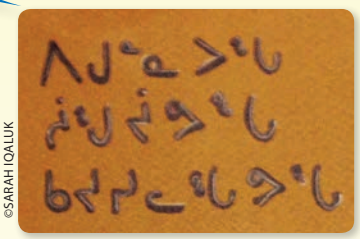
The IDGE recognizes that youth are the knowledge keepers and enthusiasts regarding their own lived experiences. They are at the forefront of speaking out about ideas, creating networks, and taking action towards healthy living, community building and responsible citizenship. Through identifying community assets and strengths, the youth become the catalyst to confidently mapping pathways forward.

©HEATHER PHIPPS

ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᐃᑦ ᐃᓪᓗᕐᑯᑎᖓ.
Youth house.

The IDGE works to support youth leaders in collaboration with community members, educators, and elders by providing safe spaces for open dialogue; mobilizing resources to support meaningful connections and journeys toward healthy living; and develop workshops inspired by the youth to expand networking opportunities and encourage positive growth, leadership roles, and social action within their communities and beyond. I would also say that the IDGE does the same for us as facilitators as fruitful partnerships and friendships grow. Considering the journeys ahead, the theme that grew for the IDGE 2015 symposium was: *Our Spaces, Our Journeys: Our Stories*. This theme set the stage for shared discussions about *who we are, where we've been, and where we are going*. Conversations ensued and the workshop activities began to take on a life of their own!

ᐅᕕᒃᑫᑦ



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ᓱᓂ ᕿᑎᕐᓯᒥᒃ, ᒫᓇᐊᓐ ᓴ, ᓕᓯ ᑯᑭ.
I have courage, I am strong, I will succeed

©MARIANNE HIRSH

"ᐃᓕᓴᕐᕕᒃ, ᓱᖑᓂᖅ, ᐃᓚᓐᓈᓇᓐᓂᖅ, ᑖᓐᓇᑑᖕᒋᓂᖅ, ᓴᐱᕐᑎᑑᓂᖅ, ᑖᓐᓇᑑᖕᒋᓇᒪ, ᓱᒍᔫᑦᑐᖕᒪ. ᓴᐱᕐᓇᐊᓂᐊᖕᖕᒋᓚᖕᒪ."-ᓯᐊᔭ ᐃᖃᓪᓗᖅ
"School, strong, friendship, not alone, courage. Because I am not alone I made it, I am strong. I will not give up." – Sarah Iqaluk

ᓯᑉᒪᒍᓇᐊᕐᐸᓕᐊᒍᑎᐅᓯᑐᐃᓐᓇᓯᒪᑦᖅ: ᐃᓂᑦ, ᐊᑑᑎᓯᒪᔭᑦ: ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑦ. ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᐅᖃᐅᓱᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑉᓕᐊᒍᑎᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ, ᑭᓇᐅᓂᑦᑎᓂᒃ, ᓇᓃᑦᓯᒪᓂᑦᑎᓂᒃ, ᓇᒍᖕᖓᓕᐊᕐᓂᑎᓂᑦᓗ. ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓯᐅᖃᑎᒌᖃᑦᑕᓯᑕ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᐊᕈᑎᖃᕐᑎᓯᖃᑦᑕᓯᑕᓗ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᓯᑐᐃᓐᓇᓚᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ ! ᐃᓕᓴᓂᑦ ᑲᑦᓯᖕᕐᑑᒥᐊᖃᕐᓂᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᑦᓯᐊᖃᕐᓯᓯᑕ; ᕐᑯᓄᒪᒐᓛᓚᐅᔪᖕᖕᒋᑐᑦ ᐃᓈᓯᒃᑯᓕ ᐅᐸᓗᒪᑐᐃᓐᓇᒥᑦᓯᑎᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᓗ ᐃᓯᓕᒥᐊᕕᑦᑎᓗᒍ.

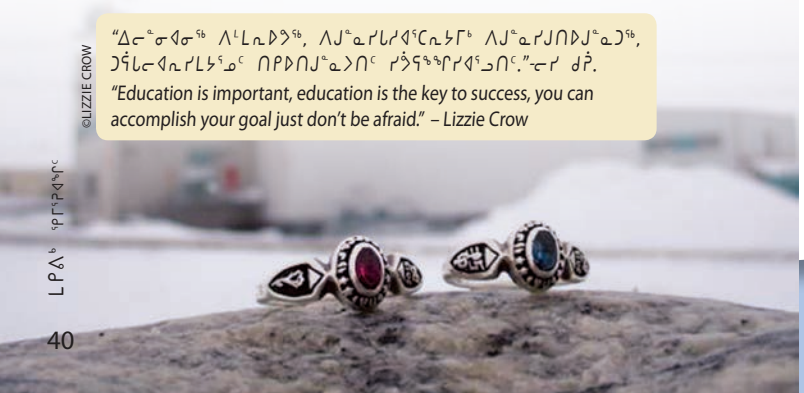
ᐅᓪᓗᖕᒪᑕ ᑐᖕᒪᓕᐊᓂ ᐊᑦᑕᓕᐊᕕᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑐᖃᖃᑦᑕᓕᓚᐅᔪᒥᑦᖅ. ᑐᑭᓯᒪᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᑦᓯᐊᒍᒪᒪᑦ ᓇᐅᑐᐃᓐᓇᓂᒃ ᐊᑦᑕᓕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓯᒥᑦᓗ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑎᑦᓯᒥᑦᓗ ᐊᑦᑕᓕᐊᕕᓂᕐᓂᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓈᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᑭᑖᕐᓯᒪᑦᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᑐᑭᓯᒪᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᑦᓯᐊᒍᑦᓯᓂ. ᑭᓯᐊᓂᓕ, ᒪᑭᐊᑦᒥ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐊᑦᑕᓕᑖᖅᑭᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓈᓐᓈᒍᕐᑐᒥᑦᓗ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᕐᒍᓕᖕᒐᑦᓯᓂ (IDGE) ᐱᑦᔪᑎᖃᕐᒥᒪᑦ, ᑐᑭᒍᐊᑎᑦᓴᖅᑭᑦ ᐊᑦᑕᓕᐊᕕᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑎᑦᓯᖃᑦᑕᓂᐅᑉ ᐊᖅᑭᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᒋᐊᖃᓚᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᑦᓴᐅᓂᐊᕐᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᓱᒪᑦᓴᖃᕐᑎᓯᒍᑎᓴᐅᓂᐊᕐᑎᓗᒋᓪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᑦ ᐃᓯᒪᒋᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᓕᐊᒋᔭᒥᓂᓪᓗ ᓂᓪᓕᕕᑦᓴᖃᕐᑎᓯᒍᒪᑦᓯᒋᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕕᒪᒪᓇᒪᒍᓕᖕᒐᔪᓂᒃ Cégep.

"ᐊᑦᕈᓕᐊᕕᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓯᐅᖃᑦᑕᓂᖅ ᐱᐅᒋᓚᐅᔪᔭᕋ ᐃᓕᓴᑦ ᐃᓯᒪᒋᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᓂᑦᔨᕈᑎᖃᕈᓐᓇᓯᐊᓚᐅᔪᒪᑦ, ᐊᓯᑦᕈᒋᐊᕈᑎᑦᓴᓕᐅᕈᓐᓇᓯᑦᓯᑎᑦᓗ. ᐃᓕᓴᑦ ᑐᑭᑖᕐᑎᖕᒍᕐᓯᒪᔫᔭᓚᐅᔫᑦ ᐅᐸᒍᒪᔭᒥᓄᑦ ᑐᕋᕈᓐᓇᓕᕐᓯᑎᒃ, ᐊᕐᕐᑯᑎᑦᓯᐊᒍᓂᕐᐸᐅᔪᓇᔭᒥᒍᑦ ᓯᕗᒍᐊᓇᐊᓕᖕᒐᓕᕐᓗᑎᒃ. ᐊᑦᕈᓕᐊᕕᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᓯᐅᖃᑦᑕᓂᖅ ᐱᔭᓇᐊᕈᑦᑐᐊᐱᕐᑯᑎᒋᓚᐅᔪᔭᕋ ᐃᓕᓴᑦ ᐃᒪᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᓯᒍᓐᓇᓯᐊᓚᐅᔪᒪᑦᑕ." - ᒪᓇᐊᓐ ᕿᔭᕐ (ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕕᒪᒪᓇᒪᒍᑦ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᕈᕐᑎᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑎᑦᓯᔫ)

ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑏᑦ ᐊᑦᕈᓕᐅᕈᑎᖃᕐᑎᑕᐅᓚᐅᔫᑦ, ᐊᑦᕈᓕᐅᓇᐅᕐᓴᖃᑎᒌᕐᕐᑲᓯᑕ, ᐱᐅᓯᕐᓱᑎᐅᒋᐊᓕᓂᓪᓗ ᐅᕐᖃᐅᑎᑦᓯᒋᑦ ᐊᑦᑕᓐᑦᑐᓯᐊᒍᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᐊᑦᕈᓕᐅᓇᖃᑦᑕᒋᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᒪᒥ. ᑕᒪ ᐊᒥᓱᓈᕐᑎᑎᑦᓯᒋᑦ ᑐᕈᓯᓴᕐᑯᓂᐊᓕᕐᖃᑦᑕ ᐊᐱᕐᓱᑎᒥᒃ "ᐱᓴᕐᑕᑑᓂᖅ ᖃᓄᖅ ᐃᓕᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᕈᖃᕐᐸ ? " ᐊᑕᐅᓯᐅᖅᖅᕈᑐᒥᒃ ᑐᕈᖃᕈᓐᓇᓚᐅᔪᕐᖅ ᐊᐱᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᐊᑦᕈᒌᒐᑎᓪᓗ ᐊᑦᕈᕐᑯᑏᑦ. ᑲᑎᕐᓱᐃᓯᑕ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᒋᒥᓇᕐᑐᓂᒃ, ᐃᓕᓴᑦ ᐊᑐᓂ ᓇᓪᓕᑲᓚᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᕐᒥᒃ ᐊᑦᕈᖕᒍᐊᒥᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑐᐊᓕᐊᓇᒍᒪᒪᔭᕐᑕᒥᓂᒃ. ᐅᒪ ᐅᓪᓗᒥ ᐅᑲᓂᑦᓴᓇᖅ ᐅᐱᒃᑫᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖃᑦᑕᓂᐊᓕᕐᒪᑕ ᐊᒥᓱᓄᑦ ᑐᓴᔭᐅᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᐅᐱᒋᔭᐅᑦᓇᖃᑦᑕᓱᑎᓪᓗ ! ᑕᑯᒋᐊᓇᑦᓯ ᑖᒃᑯᐊ ᐃᓕᓴᑦ ᑐᓂᒪᑦᓯᐊᓱᑎᒃ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᕕᓂᖅᑭᓐᓂᒃ !

"ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᖅ ᐱᒻᒪᓇᐅᕐᖅ, ᐱᒍᓐᓇᓯᒪᓯᐊᕐᑕᓇᔭᒥᒃ ᐱᒍᓐᓇᓯᒍᑎᐅᒍᓐᓇᑐᖅ, ᑐᕐᒪᓕᐊᓇᓯᒪᔭᕐᓄᑦ ᑎᑭᐅᑎᒍᓐᓇᐳᑎᑦ ᓯᕐᕋᖅᖅᓯᐊᕐᓗᑎᑦ."-ᓕᓯ ᑯᑭ.
"Education is important, education is the key to success, you can accomplish your goal just don't be afraid." – Lizzie Crow

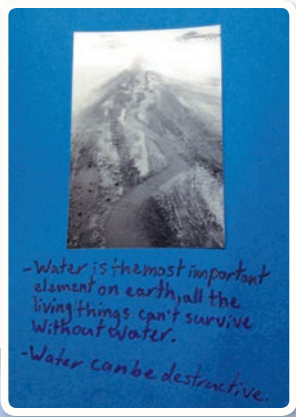
©LIZZIE CROW



ᑲᑎᕐᓯᒍ ᑐᓴᓕᓚᐅᔪᕐᑐᖅ ᓄᓇᕐᔪᐊᓕᒫᒥ, ᐆᒪᔪᓕᒫᕐᓯᐊᑦ ᐊᓐᓇᒐᔭᖅᖅᑭᑐᑦ ᐃᒪᕐᖃᖅᑭᑦ. ᐃᒪᕐᓗ ᓱᒃᑯᑎᓇᔪᐊᓗᒍᓐᓇᒥᑦᓯᓂ."-ᐊᕈ ᓴᓐᑦ,
"Water is the most important element on earth, all the living things can't survive without water. Water can be destructive." – Aaron Saunders

©KAUDJA QAUNAALUK

"ᓴᐱᓕᕐᑐᓂᖅ ᓯᕗᕐᓇᔭᒥᒃ ᐊᓂᒍᑎᑦᓯᐊᓇᕐᑐᖅ !" – ᑲᐅᑦᔭᖅ ᕐᑲᐅᓐᓈᓗᒃ
"Courage is overcoming your fear!"
– Kaudja Qaunaaluk



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**ᐅᖃᐅᓯᑦᓴᖃᕈᐊᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᓱᑎᑦᓴᖃᕈᐊᓕᓗ ᒫᑯᓚ ᐃᒪᕐ ᖃᐅᕈᓯᐊᕐᕕᓴᐅᕐᖅ, ᒪᕈᐊᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕕᕐᔪᐊᒍᑦ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ: margaret.amos@mail.mcgill.ca* ◆

ᐊᑭ ᓴᓐᑕ, ᐊᑦᑐᓕᐅᕆᐊᒥᒃ ᐊᓕᐊᒋᔭᓕᒃ, ᐊᑦᑐᓕᐅᑭᑎᒃ ᖃᓄᖅ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᓲᒍᒻᒪᖕᒑᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᑎᑦᓯᔪᖅ.

Aaron Saunders, a photography enthusiast, is explaining some fundamentals of using a camera to a group.

©MARGARET AMOS X2

The energy and motivation from the students was contagious; they did not relent for a moment despite having busy personal lives including the excitement of wrapping up a year of school.

On day two the cameras came out and we explored the concept of photovoice. Photovoice values different ways of knowing about people through photographs, conversations people share about the images, and the promotion for social justice. However, for the purposes of the IDGE, the principles of photovoice were adopted as an educational tool and as a guide for creating an engaging and purposeful activity as a way for the students to highlight some of their concerns and interests for attending Cégep.

"What I really liked about photovoice was that it allowed students to take ownership of issues that matter to them, and it also allowed them to work out practical ways of making changes. It was as if the students were put in the driver's seat and given the keys to drive to a destination of their choice, and choose a route that they feel most appropriate. In short, I found photovoice to be simple in execution and yet very effective in profoundly empowering students." – Marianne Hsieh (College Prep Teacher)

The students were provided with digital cameras, we reviewed some photography basics, and then discussed ethical and safety considerations for taking photographs within the community. Everyone then broke off into groups to set out and explore the question, "*what does courage mean to you?*" There was no one-way of interpreting this question or taking a photo. From the compilation of impressive images, each student chose one photo that really spoke to them to write about and present. Then, much later that day the youth shared their inspiring stories to a room filled with people who came to wish them well on their way! Have a look at what these devoted students had to say!

We came together and heard from a group of nine students who were gathered in Kangiqsujuaq from various communities throughout Nunavik. They all shared a common goal of preparing for their Cégep education and we all left with a better understanding about some of the challenges ahead and support that is fundamental to uphold the lived realities of each and every one of these students who are entitled to more than just succeeding in their education. These students are deserving of reaching their goals and full potential with an education that is relevant and supportive of *who they are, where they've been, and where they are going* – because they *want it*! We will be teaming up again with everyone in August and throughout the year, so stay tuned for updates on continued adventures!

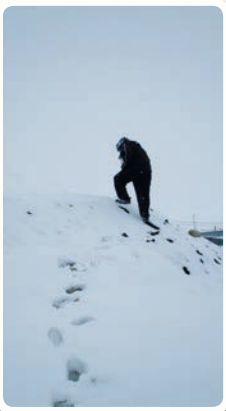
"I enjoyed photovoice because it allowed me to 'see' my courage." – Sarah Iqaluk

A special thank you to the staff at the Kangiqsujuaq Inn for your warm embrace into your exquisite accommodations and for use of the common kitchen area that we cozied ourselves into while preparing our health break snacks each day. Thank you to the staff and students at Arsarniq School for your kind embrace and support. Thank you to members of the community for allowing us to feel welcome and suggesting special points of interest. One of the highlights was taking a walk up to the inukshuk on a blistery day, the kind of wind and pelting snow that brings a person to life! Heather Phipps and I look forward to reconnecting with the youth when they come to Montreal and growing these friendships over time with the students, teachers, and Nunavik communities. Qujannamiik.

**Comments and question may be sent to Margaret Amos, McGill University by email: margaret.amos@mail.mcgill.ca*

"ᓴᐱᓕᕐᒐᓗᓯᐊᓇᐊᒥᒃ ᐱᔭᓇᐊᑐᔪᐊᓗᒃ, ᐊᓕᐊᑉᐳᖅᑳ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕕᒻᒪᓇᒻᒧᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᓇᓛᕐᑕᓂᒃ ᐸᕐᓂᕈᑎᖃᓇᐊᕐᑐᓯᒪᒪᒪ ᓱᖕᒍᓯᐅᒥᒍᑎᒋᕙᕐᕿ." – ᓯᐊᓂᐳ ᖁᓇ

"Courage is hard-working, I am happy I decided to go to pre-college because it made me stronger than I was." – Jennifer Mina

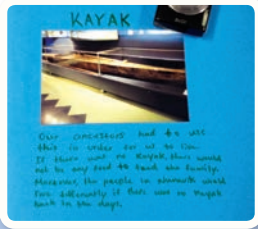


©JENNIFER MINA

"ᕿᒻᒦᑦ ᐃᑉᐱᓂᕈᓐᓇᕐᐳᑦ, ᐊᓕᐊᒍᓐᓇᓱᑎᑦᓗ ᑲᕙᕈᓐᓇᑐᑦ. ᓱᓇᓕᒫᑲᓵᓂᒃ ᓂᕆᒍᓐᓇᓱᑎᒃ. ᐃᓄᒻᒥᓂᒃ ᓴᐳᒻᒥᓲᑦ ᕿᒻᒥᐊᕐᕿᒥᓂᑦᓗ." – ᖁᑯ ᓇᑉᐳᖅ

"Dogs have emotions, they can be happy and get angry. Dogs can eat almost anything. Dogs protect their owners and their puppies." – Michael Napatuq

©AARON SAUNDERS & MICHAEL NATATUQ



©NED GORDON

"ᖃᔭᖅ. ᓯᕗᓕᕗᑦ ᖃᔭᕐᑐᓲᕕᓃᑦ ᒋᒪᒍᑎᑦᓴᓯᐅᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᕐᑯᑦᓱᑕ. ᖃᔭᖃᓲᒍᓐᓂᒋᑉᐸᑕ, ᐃᓚᒦᑦ ᓂᓇᒪᑦᓴᖃᕋᔭᕐᓂᖏᑦᑐᑦ. ᐊᒻᒪᓗ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐃᓄᓯᖃᕋᔭᕐᑐᑦ ᐊᑦᐅᐅᖏᓐᓂᔭᕐᒥᒃ ᖃᔭᖃᓂᖏᑐᐊᐸᑦ ᑎᑦᓯᒪᓂ." – ᓂᐊᑦ ᑯᐊᑕ

"Kayak. Our ancestors had to use this in order for us to live. If there was no kayak, there would not be any food to feed the family. Moreover, the people in Nunavik would live differently if there was no kayak back in the days." – Ned Gordon

ᖃᓇᖅ ᐅᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅᓱᐊᖓ

ᐊᖅᑰᒃ ᒪᖅᑕᒫᖅᑕᓲᒥᒃ ᖃᓇᖅ ᐅᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅᓱᐊᖅᑲᓚᐅᔪᖅᑦ ᐃᓄᒃᔪᐊᒥ ᔪᓗ 6-ᒥᑦ 10-ᒧᑦ, 2015. ᐊᑦᑎᓪᓗ ᖁᓕᓪᓗᒦᑦᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐅᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅᓱᐊᓕᐊᖅᓱᒪᓚᐅᔪᖅᑦ, ᐅᑭᐅᓐᑦ ᖁᓕᓪᓗ ᓯᑕᒪᐅᔪᖅᑐᓗ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᑦᑎᓪᓗ ᖁᓕᓪᓗ ᑕᓪᓕᒪᓪᓗ ᐊᑯᓐᓂᖓᓃᑦᑐᓂᒃ. ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅᓱᐊᖅ ᓄᐃᑕᐅᓂᖅᑲᖅᓱᒪᔪᖅ 2009-ᒥ ᑭᖅᖅᑰᒪᓇᖅᓱᒪᑦᓱᓂᓗ ᐅᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᒍᑎᑦᓴᑖᓇᐊᓪᓚᓇᐊᖅᑲᖅᓂᖅᑭᑦᑕ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᓇᓕᖅᓂᒪᑦ. ᐃᓱᒪᒋᔭᖅᑲᓱᓐᓂᒪᑕ ᐅᕕᒃᑲᓅᓕᖅᓖᔪᓂᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᒍᑎᑦᓴᓇᐊᖅᑲᓕᖅᓂᖅᓖᓂᒃ 2009-ᒥ ᐊᖅᑰᒍᑕᒫᖅᓱᐅᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᒻᒪᓇᖅᑲᖅᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᖅᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑲᑎᒦᑦᑐᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᑐᑦᔨᖅᑲᑎᒦᓐᓂᖅᖓ.

ᖃᓇᐅᑉ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᖅᑭᑦ ᐅᖅᑲᓂᒪᑕ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐅᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᐃᓅᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᓐᓄᓗᑕᐅᔪᓂᒃ ᐃᑉᐱᒍᓯᑉᐸᒥᒻᒪᑕᓕ. ᖃᓇᖅ ᑐᕋᒐᖅᑭᑕᐅᔪᖅ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐅᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᐃᒻᒥᓂᕿᒍᓐᓇᓯᑎᓂᐊᖅᓗᒋᑦ ᑐᕋᒐᖅᑲᓯᑎᓪᓗ ᐱᒍᓐᓇᓂᖅᒥᓂᒃ ᓄᐃᑦᓯᑎᓂᐊᖅᓗᒋᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᒥᓂ ᐱᓐᓄᓗᑕᐅᔪᓂᒃ ᓯᕗᖅᑮᓯᒪᒍᑎᑦᓴᓂᒃ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐊᓯᑦᔨᒋ-ᐊᕈᑎᑦᓴᓇᓂᐊᖅᑕᖅᑭᓐᓂᒃ. ᑕᒪᓐᓇ ᐱᒻᒪᓇᐅᒍᑎᖅᑲᓗᖅᓱᓂ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐅᕕᒃᑲᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᓄᖅᓂᐸᐅᔨᐊᖅᑲᖅᒪᑕ.

ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅᓱᐊᓕᐊᖅᓱᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓕᑦᓯᒍᑎᖅᑲᓇᐊᓪᓚᓚᐅᔪᖅᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔪᒻᒪᓈᑦ ᐅᖅᑳᔨᐅᖅᑲᑦᑕᓂᖅᒪᑕ ᐅᖅᑲᐅᓯᖅᑲᓯᑎᒃ ᐃᒥᑦᑐᓂᒃ: ᐃᓅᖅᑲᑎᒦᑦ ᐱᓗᑲᐅᑎᓂᖓ (ᒪᖓᑦᓯᓂᖅ), ᓵᓚᖅᑳᖅᑲᓲᑦ, ᐱᐊᕐᑦᓴᐅᓯᓂ ᐃᒥᐊᓗᒍᑕᐅᓕᓂᐅᒍᑦ ᓯᖅᑕᐅᒪᓂᖅ, ᐃᓱᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓯᐊᓇᐊᖅᑲᖅᓂᖅ, ᕿᑐᖅᖓᓇᔭᒥᒃ ᐱᑭᖅᓴᓯᐊᓇᐊᖅᑲᖅᓂᖅ, ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖅᑲᑎᒋᖅᑭᑕᒥᑕ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖅᖓᓂᖅᒫᖅ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖅᑖᑎᑕᐅᒐᓯᐊᖅᓱᒪᓂᖅ, ᑲᒪᒋᔭᑦᓴᖅᑲᓇᐊᖅᑲᖅᓂᖅ, ᐃᓅᓯᖅᒥᒃ ᑭᐱᓯᑦᒐᓕᒋᐊᖅᑲᖅᓂᖅ, ᓄᓇᒥᒃ ᓴᐳᑦᔨᓯᒪᓂᖅ, ᕿᓚᓗᒐᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑕᐅᓂᖅᖓ, ᐅᔭᕋᖅᓂᐊᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᕕᒥᓪᓗ ᓄᓇᐅᑉ ᐊᐅᓚᑕᐅᓂᖅᑭᑦ, ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᕿᑐᖅᖓᐅᔪᓂᒃ ᐱᑭᖅᓴᒍᓯᐅᓕᖅᑐᖅ ᐅᓪᓗᒥ, ᐋᖅᖓᔭᖅᓇᑐᑦ ᑳᓇᐱᖅ ᖃᓄᖅᓗ ᐃᓱᒪᒥᒃ ᓱᖅᓄᓯᒪᒍᖅᓇᓂᖅᖓ.

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ᐋᓇ ᓴᒥᓵᒃ ᖁᓕᓪᒥᒃ ᐃᑭᑦᓯᔪᖅ ᖃᓇᖅ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅᓱᐊᖅ ᐅᒃᑯᐃᑕᐅᓂᖅᑲᖅᑎᓗᒍ.

Anna Samisack lighting the qulliq for the Qanaq opening ceremony.

ᖃᓇᖅ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅᓱᐊᓕᐊᖅᓱᒪᔪᑦ ᓄᑖᕕᓂᖅᒥᒃ ᒪᒃᑕᑐᖅᑦ.

Qanaq conference participants enjoying fresh beluga.

©SAMMY KUDLUK

Youth

Qanaq Youth Conference

The biennial Qanaq youth conference took place in Inukjuak from July 6th to 10th, 2015. Approximately 30 Nunavik youth attended the conference, between the ages of 18 and 35. This conference was created in 2009 and its need was apparent as youth needed more programming. This concern for more youth-oriented programming was voiced at the 2009 annual general meeting of Nunalituqait Ikajuqatigiittuit Inuit Association.

The Qanaq committee concluded that youth in Nunavik feel the brunt of the many social problems. The main goal of Qanaq is to empower Nunavik youth and part of its aim is to light their innate fire to become more proactive within their communities, creating real change for the betterment of Nunavimmiut. This is especially important as the majority of Nunavik's population are the youth themselves.

At the conference participants learned more about the following from experienced, knowledgeable speakers: lateral violence (gossiping), bullying, living with fetal alcohol spectrum disorder, mental health, parenting, decolonization, accountability, suicide prevention, protecting the land, beluga management, mining and land regimes in Nunavik, raising children in Nunavik today, cannabis and how it can cause psychosis.

At the conference there was a leadership panel that included Makivik Vice-President Adamie Delisle Alaku, Ricky Moorhouse, President of the Nunavik Youth House Association, and Hilda Snowball, the mayor of Kangiqsualujjuaq. Each of the leaders gave a speech about their life experience, including how they got to their current leadership positions as young leaders. They encouraged the Qanaq participants to take initiative to lead and stand up for Inuit.

ᐋᓚᓯ ᓈᓚᑦᑑᔭᖅ, ᐃᓄᒃᑎᑑᖅᓱᓂ ᑐᓵᔨᐅᔪᖅ ᖃᓇᖅ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅᔪᐊᒥ.

Alice Nalukturuk, at the Qanaq conference interpreting into Inuktitut.

ᓵᒪ ᕿᑭ ᖃᓇᖅ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅᔪᐊᖑᓃᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᕐᓴᓕᐅᖅᑐᖅ.

Sam Hickey video taping the Qanaq conference.

ᖃᓇᖅ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅᔪᐊᖅ ᐅᒃᑯᐃᑕᐅᓂᖅᑲᖅᑎᓗᒍ ᐋᓐᑐᔫ ᐃᐳ ᐅᖅᑳᔪᖅ.

Andrew Epoo of Makivik with opening remarks for the Qanaq conference.

ᑲᑎᒪᓂᕐᔪᐊᓕᐊᕐᓯᒪᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᓯᕗᓕᕐᑏᑦ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑉ ᐊᖓᔪᖅᑳᖓᑕ ᑐᖓᓕᖓ ᑰᑕᒥ ᑎᓐᓴᑦ ᐊᓚᑯ, ᐅᔾᑭ ᒧᐊᖃᐅᑉ, ᐊᖓᔪᖅᑳᖅ ᓄᓇᕝᒥ ᐅᕝᑲᕐᑫᑦ ᐃᓪᓗᖃᕐᑎᑕᐅᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑲᑐᑦᔨᖃᑎᒌᓐᓂᖓᑕ, ᕿᐊᓪᑕ ᓯᓘᔾᓗ, ᑲᖏᕐᓯᐊᓗᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᑦ ᓯᕗᓕᕐᑎᖓ. ᓯᕗᓕᕐᑏᑦ ᐊᑐᓂ ᐃᓅᓯᓇᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᕗᕝᕕᓐᓂᑦ, ᖃᓄᕐᓗ ᓯᕗᓕᕐᑎᖓᕐᓯᒪᓕᕐᒪᖔᕐᒥᒃ ᐅᕝᕕᒃᑲᐅᓯᑎᒃ. ᖃᓇᖅ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᕐᔪᐊᓕᐊᕐᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᐱᒋᐊᖅᑳᓲᕐᑲᑦᑕᕐᑯᔾᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᓇᒻᒥᓂᖅ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᒥᒃ ᐃᓄᓐᓂᒃ ᓯᕗᓕᕐᓂᒥᒃ ᓂᐸᖃᕐᑎᓯᓂᕐᒥᓗ.

ᐃᐸᐱᓂᐊᕐᓇᕑᖃᑦᑕᓚᐅᔪᕗᖅ ᐅᕐᑳᔪᑦ ᐃᓅᓯᓇᓯᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ, ᓱᒃᑯᐃᒍᓐᓇᓂᖏᓐᓂᓗ ᐋᖓᔭᓐᓇᑐᑦ, ᐃᒥᐊᓗᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᑐᕐᓂᓗᑦᑕᐅᓂᖅ. ᐅᕐᑳᔪᖃᕐᓯᓂᓗ ᐱᐊᕋᑦᓴᐅᓯᓂ ᐃᒥᐊᓗᒍᑕᐅᓕᓂᐅᒧᑦ ᓱᕋᑕᐅᓯᒪᒍᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᓪᓗᑕᒫᓪᓗ ᐊᕐᓯᕈᓲᒍᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᐃᓅᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᓈᓇᒥᓄᑦ ᐱᐊᕋᑦᓴᓇᔭᐅᑦᓯᓂ ᐃᒥᐊᓗᒍᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᓂᕐᒥᓄᑦ ᐋᖓᔭᓐᓇᑐᕐᑐᕈᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᓂᕐᒥᓄᓪᓗ.

ᐅᕝᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᓯᕗᓂᑦᓴᓕᐅᕐᓯᒪᕐᑯᔭᕝᕕᓐᓂᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᑦᑐᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᖃᕈᒪᒻᒪᖔᕐᒥᒃ, ᓄᓇᓕᖃᕈᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐋᖓᔭᕐᓯᐊᕈᑕᐅᓲᓂᒃ-ᐱᑕᖅᖅᑭᑐᒥᒃ, ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓯᐊᕐᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᐃᓚᒌᑦᑐᑦ, ᓲᖅᒍᔪᑦᓯᐊᒍᑎᓪᓗᒋᓪᓗ ᐅᐱᒍᓱᑦᓯᐊᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᐅᕝᕕᒃᑭᑦ. ᖃᓇᖅ ᐅᕝᕕᒃᑭᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖓᓄᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᖃᑕᐅᔪᑦ ᓯᕗᓂᕐᓴᓇᒍᒪᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᐱᑐᑦᓯᒪᑎᑦᓯᕐᑯᔭᕝᕕᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᓅᓯᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᑎᐅᓂᐊᕐᓂᒧᑦ. ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓯᐊᕐᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᐃᓅᕐᑯᔭᐅᑦᓯᑎᒃ ᑲᒪᑦᓯᐊᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᐸᐱᓂᐊᓇᔭᒥᓂᒃ, ᐅᐸᐱᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ, ᑎᒥᒻᒥᓂᒃ, ᐃᓅᓯᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᐃᓯᒪᒥᓂᓪᓗ.

ᐸᐅᔪᖅᑭ ᓄᑦᕋᓗᓪᓗ ᐲᐱ ᐊᑕᒍᑦᑖᓗᓪᓗ ᑲᑦᔭᕑᒃ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᕐᔪᐊᖅ ᐅᒃᑯᐃᑕᐅᓂᕐᑎᓗᒍ.

Pauyungi Nutaraaluk and Phoebe Atagotaaluk throat singing for the opening ceremony.

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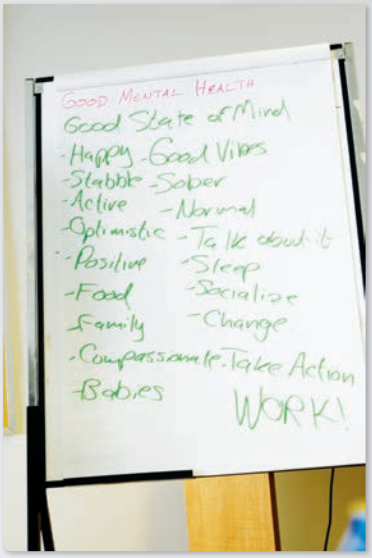
ᓄᖅᑭ ᑯᑭᐊᐱᒃ ᐃᓄᑦᔪᐊᒥᐅᖅ ᓇᑯᕐᒥᑐᖅ ᖃᓇᐅᑉ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᖅᑭᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓘᓐᓄᓂᓪᓗ ᑐᔪᕐᑎᓯᑦᓯᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᑐᕐᑭᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᖃᑎᒌᑦᑐᑦ, ᐅᖓᓘᓪᓗ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑲᑎᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓛᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᖃᑎᒌᑦᑐᑦ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᖃᕐᑎᓯᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑕᐅᔪᑦᔪᐅᑦᓂᐊᑐᓂᒃ.

Rynee Kokiapik of Inukjuak thanking the Qanaq committee and informing everyone that the Nunalituqait Ikajuqatigiittut, the Ungaluk program and Kativik Regional Government may be able to help fund any future projects.

ᐱᒋᐅᕐᔪᖃᑎᒌᑦᑐᑦ.
Group Qanaq exercises.

ᔾᐊᓯᒃ ᑰᖅᑕᖅ ᐱᑭᕐᓴᓯᐊᓇᐊᖃᕐᓂᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᔪᖅ, ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓂᒃ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᑎᑦᓯᔪᖅ ᐃᓅᓕᕋᑦᖅᑭᑐᒥᒃ ᑐᖅᖅᒐᓱᑦᑎᓱᑦᓯᐊᓇᐊᖃᕐᓂᒥᒃ.

Jessica Arngaq teaching about parenting, here she is showing youth that it is important to welcome an unborn baby .



ᐃᓱᒪᑦᓴᓯᐅᕈᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᖃᓇᖅ ᑲᑎᒪᓂᕐᔪᐊᓕᐊᕐᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᐃᓱᒪᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᓗᓯᕐᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᐅᑎᑦ.

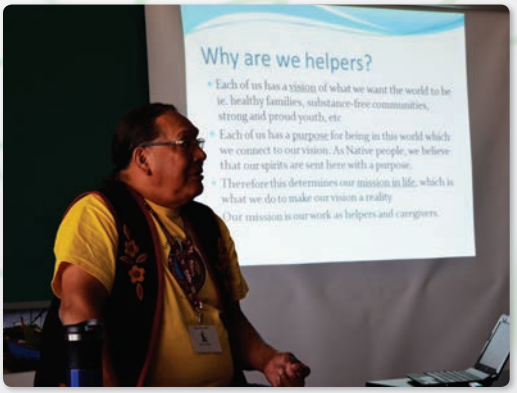
Characteristics for good mental health brainstormed by Qanaq participants.

ᒥᐊᕈ ᔪᑰᓐ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᔪᖅ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑯᓯᖃᑎᕈᖅᑭᑕᒥᓄᑦ ᑎᑭᑕᐅᕈᐊᖅᖅᒐᓂᕕᓂᖅᑭᓐᓂᒃ.

Mary Joanne Kauki teaching youth about decolonization.

Emotions were heavily felt when presenters talked about their life experiences, as well as the detrimental effects of drugs, alcohol and abuse. There was also a presenter who talked about living with fetal alcohol spectrum disorder and how everyday he has daily struggles because his mother chose to drink and do drugs while she was pregnant with him.

The youth were told that they should have a vision of what they want their communities to be like, such as a substance-free community, healthy families, and strong and proud young people. They Qanaq youth participants were encouraged to have a purpose that should connect with their vision and mission in life as helpers. They were also encouraged to live healthy lives through balancing their emotions, spirituality, physical health, social life and their mental health.



ᐱᐊᑦ ᑲᓐᓯᑕ ᐅᕕᒐᕐᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᔪᑦ ᖁᐊᕐᓵᖅᓴᓇᕐᑐᑰᕐᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᑲᒪᓕᓂᐅᒧᑦ ᐃᓚᑦᓯᐅᓯᒍᓐᓂᕙᑦᓕᐊᒍᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ.

Bill Constant teaching youth about compassion fatigue.

ᐃᓕᓵᑦ ᓈᓚᑦᑐᑦ ᐱᐊᑦ ᑳᓐᓯᑕ ᐃᓅᓯᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᑎᑦᓗᒍ.

Students listening to Bill Constant about his life story.

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐱᖅᖅᒍᐊᑎᑦᓯᔨᖃᕐᓂᖅ

Nunavik recreation at a glance

ᐱᖅᖅᒍᐊᓂᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᕗᖓ ᑲᑎᕗᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᑦ ᑲᑭᒪᖓᑕ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᑎᑦᓯᕗᐅᓲᒍᕗᖅ ᖃᓄᐃᖅᖅᓯᐊᕐᓗᓂ ᐃᕐᓕᓴᑦᓯᐊᓲᒍᓗᓂ ᐃᓅᓯᐅᒋᐊᓕᒻᒥᒃ ᕿᓪᓚᑐᐃᖃᑦᑕᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᓕᒫᓂᒃ ᐅᕗᒃᑲᓂᓪᓗ ᐱᓗᐊᕐᑐᖅ ᐊᑦᔨᒌᖅᖅᒋᑐᓄᑦ ᐱᖅᖅᒍᐊᓂᕐᓄᑦ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᔨᒍᑎᓄᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᕐᑯᑦᓯᒋᑦ, ᓱᖃᑦᓯᓂᕐᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᕐᑯᓯᓕᕆᔪᓄᑦ. ᑐᕌᒐᕆᒥᓄᑦ ᑎᑭᐅᑎᒍᓐᓇᓲᑦ ᓯᕿᓂᖅ ᐱᖅᖅᒍᐊᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᓄᑦ, ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᓯᑐᕋᐅᑎᑯᑖᓄᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᔪᑦ ᑎᖏᕋᐅᑎᖃᕐᓯᑎᒃ ᐱᖅᖅᒍᐊᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐅᑭᐅᕐᑕᑐᒥ ᐱᖅᖅᒍᐊᓂᕐᔪᐊᑐᑎᒍᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᒥ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓯᒪᔭᐅᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓯᒐᑦᓴᖃᕐᑎᓯᒍᑎᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑕᕐᕋᒥ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ.

The Recreation Department of the Kativik Regional Government (KRG) promotes healthy and active lifestyles by encouraging all Nunavimmiut and especially youth to participate in different sports, recreation and cultural activities. This goal is pursued through programs such as the Cirqiniq Program, the Nunavik Kite-Ski Program and the Arctic Winter Games, as well as through support for activities organized by the northern villages.

PHOTO COURTESY OF KRG

ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔫᕐᑎᓯᓂᒃᑯᑦ,

ᓯᕿᓂᖅ ᐱᖅᖅᒍᐊᑎᑦᓯᒍᑏᑦ ᐊᓕᐊᒋᔭᐅᓲᒍᕗᑦ ᐅᐃᒃᑲᓄᑦ ᐱᐃᑦᓴᖃᕐᐃᐅᓲᒍᒐᒥᒃ ᐱᒍᓐᓇᑕᐅᔪᓂᒃ. ᐱᖅᖅᒍᐊᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᑦᓴᑦ ᓄᑖᒥᒃ ᑎᓕᔭᐅᒪᐅᑎᖃᓕᕐᑐᑦ 2015-ᒥ ᑐᕌᒐᖃᕐᓯᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐱᐅᓯᑐᖃᖅᒋᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᓚᐅᑎᑦᓯᓂᕐᓴᐅᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖃᕐᓂᓴᐅᓂᐊᕐᓗᑎᓪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐃᓗᓯᓕᕆᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓄᒻᒪᕆᓐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂ ᐱᖅᖅᒍᐊᑎᑦᓯᐊᐅᖃᑦᑕᑐᓂ. ᓯᕿᓂᖅ, ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖃᕐᑎᑕᐅᓲᖅ ᐅᖓᓕᒃ ᐱᓇᓱᒍᑎᑦᓴᓂᑦ ᐃᓱᕐᓇᓱᐊᕐᓇᓂᕐᓴᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᖃᕈᒪᒍᑦ, ᐱᐃᑦᓴᖃᕐᐃᐅᒍᓐᓇᓱᓂᓗ ᓄᐃᑦᓯᒍᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᑲᕝᓇᓕᕐᑕᓇᔭᒥᒃ, ᑕᖃᒪᓗᐊᕈᑎᒋᔭᓂᒃ ᓂᖅᖓᐅᒪᒍᑎᒋᔭᕐᓂᓗ, ᓂᓇᐅᒋᔭᕐᓂᓗ ᐱᒋᐊᑦᓯᐊᓂᕐᒥᓗ. ᓯᕿᓂᖅ ᐱᓇᓱᒍᑎᖃᖅ ᐅᖓᓗᑎᒍᑦ ᓯᕗᓪᓕᐅᔨᒪᑦᓴᓕᐊᒍᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ, ᐃᓚᐅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓯᒪᓂᖅ ᐱᓗᑲᑦᑕᐅᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ, ᐃᓱᕐᓇᓱᐊᕐᓇᓂᕐᓴᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᖃᕐᓂᒥᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐅᐃᒃᑭᑦ ᐱᑦᓕᐊᑎᑕᐅᒋᐊᖃᕐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔫᕐᑎᓯᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᓯᕿᓂᖅ ᐊᐅᔭᒥ ᐅᐱᕐᖅᒐᒥ ᓱᖃᑦᓯᓂᖃᕐᑎᓯᓛᕐᑐᑦ ᐅᓪᓗᑕᒫᑦ ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᕈᕐᑎᑕᐅᔪᒥᒃ ᑲᖏᕐᓯᐊᓗᑦᔪᐊᒥ ᔪᓗ 19-ᒥᑦ 28-ᒍᑦ. ᐱᖅᖅᒍᐊᓇᐊᕐᑐᓯᒪᓛᕐᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᒌᖅᖅᒋᑐᓂᑦ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐅᐃᒃᑭᑦ, ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑦᓯᒋᐅᕐᓴᑐᑦ, ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑦᓯᔨᓪᓗ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔫᕐᑕᐅᔪᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᕙᑦᑯᑦ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᕋᑦᓴᓕᓇᔨᖅᒋᓐᓂᑦ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᒻᒥᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ.

ᐁᓇᓕᒥ, ᓯᑕᒪᐅᔪᕐᑐᑦ ᓯᕿᓂᖅᑎᒍᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑦᓯᒋᐅᕐᓴᑐᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᕐᑕᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔫᕐᑕᓇᔨᖅᒋᓐᓂᒃ ᐋᕐᓱᒃ. ᐃᒃᓗᓕᒃ, ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᓱᑎᒃ, ᐋᕐᓱᒃᑯᑦ ᓯᓚᕐᔪᐊᓕᒫᒥ ᖃᐅᔨᒻᒫᓇᔭᐅᕗᑦ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔫᕐᑎᓯᔨᐅᑦᓯᑎᒃ ᐊᑦᔨᒌᖅᖅᒋᑐᓂᓪᓗ ᑐᓴᕐᑦᓴᓕᓇᔨᐅᑦᓯᑎᒃ. ᐃᓄᒃᑎᑐᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᒌᖃᑦᑕᓯᑎᒃ ᐃᓅᓯᕐᒥᒍᑦ ᐃᓕᕐᑯᓯᕐᒥᒍᓪᓗ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᒌᖃᑦᑕᓯᑎᒃ. ᐃᓱᓕᐅᑎᖃᕐᓯᑎᒃ ᑐᖅᖓᓱᑦᑎᓯᑦᓯᐊᑐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᒻᒥ ᐳᕐᑐᓂᕐᓴᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕕᖓᓂ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔫᓇᐊᕐᑐᕕᒻᒥ Blackbox Theatre ᐃᒃᓗᓕᒻᒦᑐᒥ, ᓄᓇᕘᒥᓪᓗ ᐅᑭᐅᕐᑕᑐᒥ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕕᒻᒪᓇᒻᒥ ᐃᖃᓗᓐᓃᑐᒥ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑲᑎᑦᑕᕕᒻᒥ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᒦᑦᑐᒥ. ᒫᑦᓯᒥ, ᓯᕿᓂᖅᑎᒍᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑦᓯᔨᐅᒋᐅᕐᓴᑐᖅ ᔨᒥ ᑖᒥ ᖁᒫᓗᒃ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕐᕕᒻᒥᐅᖅ ᑐᕌᓪᓕᐊᕈᓐᓇᓯᓚᐅᔪᖅ, ᐊᓐᑎᐊᓇᐅᒥ, ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᖃᑦᑎᐅᕐᑐᓯᓂ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔫᕐᑎᓯᒍᓐᓇᓂᕐᒥᒃ ᑖᓂᓯᓇᐅᕐᓴᓂᕐᒥᓗ ᐅᓐᓄᓂᒃ ᒪᕐᕉᓂᒃ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔫᕐᑎᓯᒻᒥᓯᑎᒃ.

Cirqiniq Program

Through circus arts, the Cirqiniq Program appeals to a wide range of youth by providing them with opportunities to explore their boundaries. The Program's renewed mandate in 2015 aims to more fully integrate elements of traditional Inuit culture and reinforces collaboration with the Nunavik Regional Board of Health and Social Services as well as significant adults in participating communities. Cirqiniq, which is funded through the Ungaluk Program for safer communities, is a platform that permits participants to express feelings of sadness, frustration and anger, as well as hope and renewal. Cirqiniq responds to a variety of Ungaluk priorities, including assisting the victims of violence, encouraging safe communities, and promoting youth development.

This year, the sixth annual Cirqiniq Summer Camp is being organized in Kangiqsualujjuaq from July 19 to 28. The camp will bring together in one place youth from several different communities, junior instructors, professional circus instructors and theatre experts from the Avataq Cultural Institute to explore circus skills and performance.

Last April, eight Cirqiniq junior instructors took part in an exchange with Artcirq. Based in Igloolik, Nunavut, Artcirq is an internationally renowned circus troupe and multimedia company. The exchange integrated Inuktitut as well as the shared Inuit social and cultural background of the participants. It concluded with some warmly welcomed performances at the local high school and Blackbox Theatre in Igloolik, at Nunavut Arctic College in Iqaluit, and at the Katittavik town hall in Kuujjuaq. In March, Cirqiniq junior instructor, Jimmy Tommy Kumarluk, of Kuujjuaraapik was also able to travel to Toronto, Ontario, to attend training sessions focused on circus arts and contemporary dance that also culminated in a two-night performance.

ᑎᖏᕐᕋᐅᑎᖃᕐᓱᓂ ᓯᑐᕋᐅᓯᔭᕐᓂᖅ

2011-ᒥ ᐆᑦᑐᕋᕐᑕᐅᒋᐊᖅᖠᓯᒪᑦᓱᓂ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ, ᑎᖏᕐᕋᐅᑎᖃᕐᓱᓂ ᓯᑐᕋᐅᓯᔭᕐᓂᖅ ᐱᖅᖠᐊᕈᑕᐅᕙᓪᓕᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᕐᑯᖅ. ᐊᑕᐅᓯᐅᑦᑎᑐᓄᑦ ᐱᖅᖠᐊᕈᑕᐅᒍᓐᓇᓱᓂ, ᑕᐅᑦᑐᓕᓐᓂᒃ ᑎᖏᕐᕋᐅᑎᖃᕐᓱᑎᒃ, ᓯᑐᕋᐅᓯᔭᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᐊᐅᓚᒌᑦ ᐊᐳᑎᒃᑯᑦ ᓯᑯᒃᑯᓗ. ᑕᕐᕋᒥ ᐱᖅᖠᐊᕈᑎᑦᓯᐊᑦ. ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕐᕕᒻᒥ, ᐃᓄᑦᔪᐊᒥ, ᐳᕕᕐᓂᑐᒥ, ᐃᕗᔨᕕᒻᒥ, ᓴᓪᓗᓂ, ᑲᖏᕐᓯᔪᐊᕐᒥ, ᑲᖏᕐᓱᒥ ᑲᖏᕐᓱᐊᓗᑦᔪᐊᒥᓪᓗ ᐱᖅᖠᐊᕈᑕᐅᓲᑦ, 150-ᓃᑦᑐᓄᑦ. ᐱᖅᖠᐊᓂᓕᓇᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᕕᖅᓴᓂ ᑲᑎᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᑦ ᑲᑦᒪᖅᓴᑕ ᐱᓇᓱᑦᑎᖏᑦ ᕿᓪᓚᑐᐃᔨᐅᒋᐊᕐᑲᕐᔾᑦ ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᑎᑦᓯᒍᑕᐅᒋᐊᕐᑲᕐᓂᖅᓴᓂᒃ ᑎᖏᕐᕋᐅᑎᖃᕐᓗᓂ ᓯᑐᕋᐅᓯᔭᕐᓂᐅᑉ.

ᑕᑯᓂ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒥ, ᑲᑦᒫᐱᒃᑯᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑲᖏᕐᓯᔪᐊᕐᒥᐅᑦ ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᖃᕐᓱᑎᒃ, ᑲᑎᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᑦ ᑲᑦᒪᖅᓴᑕ ᐱᖅᖠᐊᓂᓕᓇᔨᖅᖏᑦ ᑲᒪᒋᔭᖃᓚᐅᔪᕗᑦ ᓯᑕᒪᐅᒍᑎᖅᓴᓂᒃ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᑕᒫᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᑎᖏᕐᕋᐅᑎᖃᕐᓱᑎᒃ ᓯᑐᕋᐅᓯᔭᕐᑐᑦ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᔨᓂᖅᓴᓂᒃ ᑲᖏᕐᓯᔪᐊᕐᒥ. ᒣᑯ ᐱᐊᑎᑲᒻᓯᑲᒻ ᑰᑦᔪᐊᕐᒥᐅᖅ ᓴᓚᖃᕐᑎᓗᒍ, ᑖᒥ ᑐᓂᖅ ᑲᖏᕐᓯᔪᐊᕐᒥᐅᖅ ᑐᖅᓴᓕᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᖁᑉᐸ ᐱᖅᖠᐊᑐᖅ ᓴᓪᓗᒥᐅᖅ ᐱᖅᓴᔪᒋᔭᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ.

ᐅᑭᐅᕐᑕᑐᒥ ᐱᖅᖠᐊᓂᕐᔪᐊᑦ ᐊᑑᑎᔭᐅᓪᓚᓇᓲᒍᔭᑦ

ᓯᓚᕐᔪᐊᒥᐅᒍᖃᑎᒌᓄᑦ ᐱᖅᖠᐊᑎᓄᑦ ᑕᕐᕋᒥ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᔨᓂᐅᑦᓱᓂ. ᕿᓪᓚᑐᐃᒍᑎᑦᓯᐊᒍᑦᓱᓂ ᐱᓕᐅᑦᔨᒍᑎᓂᒃ ᐱᖅᖠᐊᕈᑎᓂᒃ, ᐱᓇᓱᖃᑎᒌᑦᓯᐊᓇᐊᖃᕐᓂᖅᓂᓗ ᐅᑭᐅᕐᑕᑐᒥᐅᑦ, ᑕᕐᕋᒥᐅᓄᓪᓗ ᐃᓕᕐᑯᓯᖃᑎᒌᓄᑦ ᑲᑎᒍᑎᑦᓯᐊᒍᑦᓱᓂ. ᑯᐯᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐱᖅᖠᐊᓇᐊᕐᑐᔨᐊᖃᕐᓯᒪᔪᑦ 1972-ᒥ, 1974-ᒥ, 1976-ᒥ 1986-ᒥᓪᓗ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ

Kite-skiing

Introduced to the region in 2011 as a pilot project, kite-skiing is one of the fastest growing sports in Nunavik. In this individual sport, the wind is harnessed with large colourful kites, propelling riders across snow and ice. The sport is well suited to the North. Kite-ski clubs are now active in Kuujjuaraapik, Inukjuak, Puvirnituq, Ivujivik, Salluit, Kangiqsujuaq, Kangirsuk and Kangiqsualujjuaq, reaching roughly 150 participants. The role of the KRG recreation department is to encourage consistent kite-ski training in the communities and deliver club management training to local instructors, as well as offer other required support.

This year, in collaboration with the Northern Village of Kangiqsujuaq, the KRG Recreation Department hosted the fourth annual Nunavik Kite-Ski Championship on Wakeham Bay. Michael Petagumskum of Kuujjuaq captured the championship, while Tommy Tuniq of Kangiqsujuaq finished in second place overall and Quppa Pinguartuq of Salluit in third place.

Arctic Winter Games

The Arctic Winter Games are a high-profile, international sports competition for Northern athletes. They promote the benefits of sports, partnerships between circumpolar regions, and exchanges between Northern cultures. Quebec sent athletes to the Games in 1972, 1974, 1976 and 1986,

ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᑦᑯᐯᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐱᖅᒍᐊᑎᖏᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᖃᑦᑕᓯᒪᑦᓱᑎᒃ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒃ ᒪᕐᕈᑕᒫᑦ 2000-ᒥᓂᑦ.

ᐊᑐᐃᓐᓇᕈᕐᑎᑕᐅᕙᓪᓕᐊᓯᒻᒥᒪᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᕐᑕᑐᒥ ᐱᖅᒍᐊᓂᕐᔪᐊᒍᓛᕐᑐᖅ ᑕᕐᕋᒥ 2016-ᒥ ᓈᒃᑖᓛᕐᓱᑎᒃ, ᐊᑯᑭᑦᑐᒥ, ᑲᑎᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᑦ ᑲᕙᒪᖔᑕ ᐱᖅᒍᐊᓂᓕᓇᕆᖏᑦ ᑲᔪᓯᑎᑦᓯᖃᑦᑕᕐᑯᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓂ ᒪᕐᕈᓂ ᐸᕐᓄᓂᓇᓚᖔᔭᒥᓂᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᑳᕐᓂᒥᓪᓗ. ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂ ᐊᒥᓱᓂ ᐅᑦᑐᕋᕐᑎᑕᐅᓃᑦ ᐸᕐᓄᕈᑕᐅᓯᒪᑦᓱᐊᓂᕐᕐᑯᑦ ᓄᕕᒻᐱᓇ 2014-ᒥᑦ ᔭᓄᐊᓇ 2015-ᒧᑦ, ᓱᑦᔭᐅᔫᓐᓂᓗ ᑕᒥᓐᓂ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐅᑦᑐᕋᕐᑎᑕᐅᓂᖃᕐᓂᒥᑦᓱᑎᒃ 135 ᐱᖅᒍᐊᑏᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᑳᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓚᐅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ ᐅᖅᒐᕙᒥᐅᑦ ᕐᑯᐊᕐᑕᒥ ᐅᓇᓕᐅᑉ ᓄᖅᒍᐊᓂ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᓯᐅᔭᕐᔪᐊᒥᐅᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᑳᕐᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓄᑦᔪᐊᒥ ᒥᒍᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᐃᓚᐅᑎᓪᓗᒋᑦ. ᐃᓄᑦᔪᐊᒥ ᐊᐳᑎ ᐃᓱᐊᓈᕐᓱᒪᓚᐅᔪᖅᒋᒪᑦ, ᑕᓪᓗᓕᔭᕐᓗᑎᒃ ᓯᑐᕋᐅᑎᑯᑖᓄᓪᓗ ᓱᑲᓕᐅᑎᓂᐊᓚᐅᔪᒐᓗᐊᕐᓱᑎᒃ, ᐊᕐᐸᖅᒋᓕᐅᑎᖅᓛᓇᐊᕐᑲᓱᓚᐅᔫᑦ ᕐᑲᓂᑦᑐᒧᑦ ᐅᖅᒐᓯᑦᑐᒧᓪᓗ. ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᑦᑯᐯᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐱᖅᒍᐊᑏᑦ ᐃᓕᕐᑯᓯᕐᒥᓗ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᐅᔭᕐᑕᐅᑎᑦᓱᕈᑦ ᐱᖅᒍᐊᓂᕐᔪᐊᓕᐊᕐᑐᓴᑦ ᓇᓪᓕᑳᕐᑕᐅᓂᖃᓛᕐᑐᑦ ᓄᕕᒻᐱᓇ 2015-ᒥ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᓂᒃ ᑭᒡᒐᑐᕐᑐᑦ ᐅᑦᑐᕋᕐᑎᑕᐅᓕᕐᐸᑕ ᑲᖏᕐᓱᐊᓗᑦᔪᐊᒥ.

ᓱᑦᔭᐅᔫᓐᓂ ᐱᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᓕᒫᓂᓪᓗ ᑭᒡᒐᑐᕐᑐᑦ ᐅᑦᑐᕋᕐᑎᑕᐅᓂᖃᓕᕐᒪᑕ, ᐃᓚᐅᔪᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᕐᑕᐅᓂᖃᓲᑦ ᐱᒍᓐᓇᓯᐊᕐᒪᖔᑕ, ᐱᒋᐅᕐᓴᓯᒪᑦᓱᐊᒪᖔᑕ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓘᓐᓈᒍᑦ ᐱᐅᓯᕐᒥᒍᑦ ᐃᓱᒪᒍᓯᕐᒥᒍᓪᓗ. ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᐅᑦᑯᐯᒻᒥᐅᑦ ᐱᖅᒍᐊᑏᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑉ ᓯᓚᑖᓄᕈᓐᓇᐅᑎᑦᓴᑖᓇᐊᖃᓲᒍᒻᒥᔪᑦ.

ᖃᓄᐃᖅᑭᓯᐊᕐᓗᓂ ᐃᕐᕋᓕᓴᑦᓯᐊᓲᒍᓗᓂᓗ ᐃᓄᓯᐅᒋᐊᓕᒻᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᒥᓪᓗ ᐱᕙᓪᓕᐊᑎᑦᓯᖃᑕᐅᒋᐊᖃᕐᓂᒥᒃ ᐅᐱᒋᑦᓯᒋᑦ ᑐᕌᒐᖃᕐᐳᑦ ᑲᑎᕕᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᒫᑦ ᑲᕙᒪᖔᑕ ᐱᖅᒍᐊᓂᓕᓇᕆᖏᑦ. ᐊᓪᓚᕕᑦᑎᓂ ᐊᑦᔨᒌᖅᖏᑐᓂᒃ ᐱᖅᒍᐊᑎᑦᓯᒍᑎᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᓇᐊᕐᕕᓴᖅ ᖃᓇᑕᐅᔭᒃᑯᑦ www.krg.ca, Facebook -ᑎᒍᓪᓄᓃᑦ CIRQINIQ, Nunavik Kite-Ski, Team Nunavik- Quebec.

and Team Nunavik–Quebec (TNQ) has continued this participation every other year since 2000.

In preparation for the next Arctic Winter Games scheduled to be held in 2016 in Nuuk, Greenland, the KRG Recreation Department is currently implementing a two-year development and selection process. Local try-outs were successfully organized in many communities between November 2014 and January 2015, and coastal trials involving a total of 135 athletes were held in Quaqtaq at the end of April for selected participants from Ungava coast communities and in Inukjuak in May for selected participants from Hudson coast communities. Due to poor snow conditions in Inukjuak, snowshoeing and cross country skiing competitions were replaced with short and long-distance running. The final selection of Team Nunavik–Quebec athletes and cultural performers will be made in November 2015 at a regional trial event to be hosted in Kangiqsualujjuaq.

At coastal and regional trials, participants are evaluated according to their performance, training, as well as overall behaviour and attitude. TNQ preparations also include the completion of a passport application process.

Healthy and active lifestyles as well as meaningful contributions to community development are two goals that the KRG Recreation Department is proud to promote. To learn more about the Department's different programs and stay up to date on events, visit www.krg.ca or check things out on the Facebook pages CIRQINIQ, Nunavik Kite-Ski and Team Nunavik- Quebec.

PHOTO COURTESY OF KRG X2

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ᒪᑰᒪᐱ ᐋᓇᓈᖅ
McCOMBIE ANNANACK

ᐃᓈᓕᕐᕕᖓᑕ ᐅᑦᓗᖓ:	ᓴᓄᐊᓇ 16, 1996
ᐃᓈᓕᕐᕕᕕᓂᖓ:	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅ, ᑯᐯᒃ
ᓄᓇᓕᖓ:	ᑲᖏᕐᓯᐊᓗᑦᔪᐊᖅ
ᐃᑦᔭᕈᒪᔭᖓ:	ᕿᐊᑦᑕ ᓯᓈᑦ ᓄᑲᕐᓯᖅ
ᐊᓕᐊᒋᓂᕐᑦᖓ ᐱᖕᖑᐊᓇᐊᒥᒃ:	ᕖᑭᕐᓂᖅ
ᓂᕿᑦᓯᐊᕐᑯᑎᒋᓂᑉᑦᖓ:	ᐃᖃᓗᑉᐱᕕᓂᓕᒃ ᖃᔪᖅ
ᓯᕗᓂᓇᒍᒪᔭᖓ:	ᓄᓇᕕᒪᒥ ᐱᓂᐊᕐᓂᓕᓇᕈᐅᒍᒪᔪᖅ
ᐱᔭᓇᐊᑐᒋᓂᕐᑦᓇᓯᒪᔭᖓ:	ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᕕᒪᓇᒪᒍᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓇᐊᕐᓯᒪᔪᖓ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᕐᓯᖓ ᕐᑯᓕᓪᓗ ᐱᖓᓱᔪᕐᑐᓗᓐᓂᒃ
ᐅᖃᐅᓯᑦᓯᐊᕐᑯᑎᒋᓂᕐᑦᖏᑦ:	"ᓴᒪᓂᖅ ᐃᓗᒪᒥᑦ ᐱᕗᖅ. ᓯᓚᑖᓂᑦ ᕿᓂᕐᓇᒍ." – ᔫᑕ

Date of birth:	January 16, 1996
Place of birth:	Kuujjuaq, Quebec
Home community:	Kangiqsualujjuaq
Role model:	Hilda Snowball Jr.
Favorite sport:	Hockey
Favorite food:	Char chowder
Future goal:	To represent Nunavik politically
Most difficult obstacle to overcome:	Attending college at 16
Quote to live by:	"Peace comes from within. Do not seek it without." – Buddha

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ᐊᓐᓇ ᓯᑏᐸᓐᓴᓐ
ALENA STEVENSON

ᐃᓈᓕᕐᕕᖓᑕ ᐅᑦᓗᖓ:	ᐁᓇᓕ 23, 1992
ᐃᓈᓕᕐᕕᕕᓂᖓ:	ᑰᑦᔪᐊᖅ
ᓄᓇᓕᖓ:	ᐅᒥᐅᔭᖅ
ᐃᑦᔭᕈᒪᔭᖓ:	ᓱᓚ ᒍᐊᑦ-ᑯᓗᑦᓴ
ᐊᓕᐊᒋᓂᕐᑦᖓ ᐱᖕᖑᐊᓇᐊᒥᒃ:	ᐊᐳᑎᒃᑯᑦ ᓯᑐᕋᓇᐊᖅ ᓂᑯᕐᕋᓗᓂ ᓯᑐᕋᐅᑎᒍᑦ
ᓂᕿᑦᓯᐊᕐᑯᑎᒋᓂᑉᑦᖓ:	ᐱᕈᕐᑐᕕᓃᑦ ᐸᐅᖅᕿᑦ ᐊᐅᑯᓗᓪᓗ
ᓯᕗᓂᓇᒍᒪᔭᖓ:	ᐱᕈᕐᓴᓯᑎᐅᒍᒪᔪᖓ ᕿᑐᕐᖓᒐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕕᒪᒥᓗ ᐊᓯᑦᔨᒋᐊᕐᑲᑕᐅᓗᖓ, ᐱᓗᐊᕐᑐᖅ ᐃᓪᓗᓕᓇᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᓇᓂᒃᑯᓗ.
ᐱᔭᓇᐊᑐᒋᓂᕐᑦᓇᓯᒪᔭᖓ:	ᐃᓪᓗᐃᓂᐊᕐᓂᑎᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓪᓗᓕᑑᒍᓐᓇᖏᑦᑑᓯᒪᔪᖓ
ᐅᖃᐅᓯᑦᓯᐊᕐᑯᑎᒋᓂᕐᑦᖏᑦ:	"ᓇᓪᓕᓂᖅ, ᐃᓈᑦᓯᐊᕈᓐᓇᐅᑎᐅᕗᖅ." ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖏᑦ – Mumford & Sons

Date of birth:	April 23,1992
Place of birth:	Kuujjuaq
Home community:	Kuujjuaq
Role model:	Sheila Watt-Cloutier
Favorite sport:	Snowboarding
Favorite food:	Strawberries and chocolate
Future goal:	To be the best parent I can and create positive changes in Nunavik, specifically in the housing and education sectors
Most difficult obstacle to overcome:	Obtaining the ability to live independently due to housing issues
Quote to live by:	"Where you invest your love, you invest your life." – Mumford & Sons

ᓄᓇᕕᒪᒥ ᐱᖕᖑᐊᑏᑦ
NUNAVIK PLAYERS

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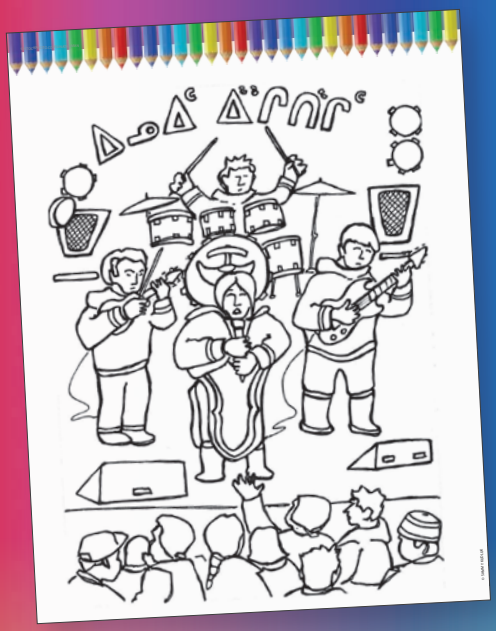
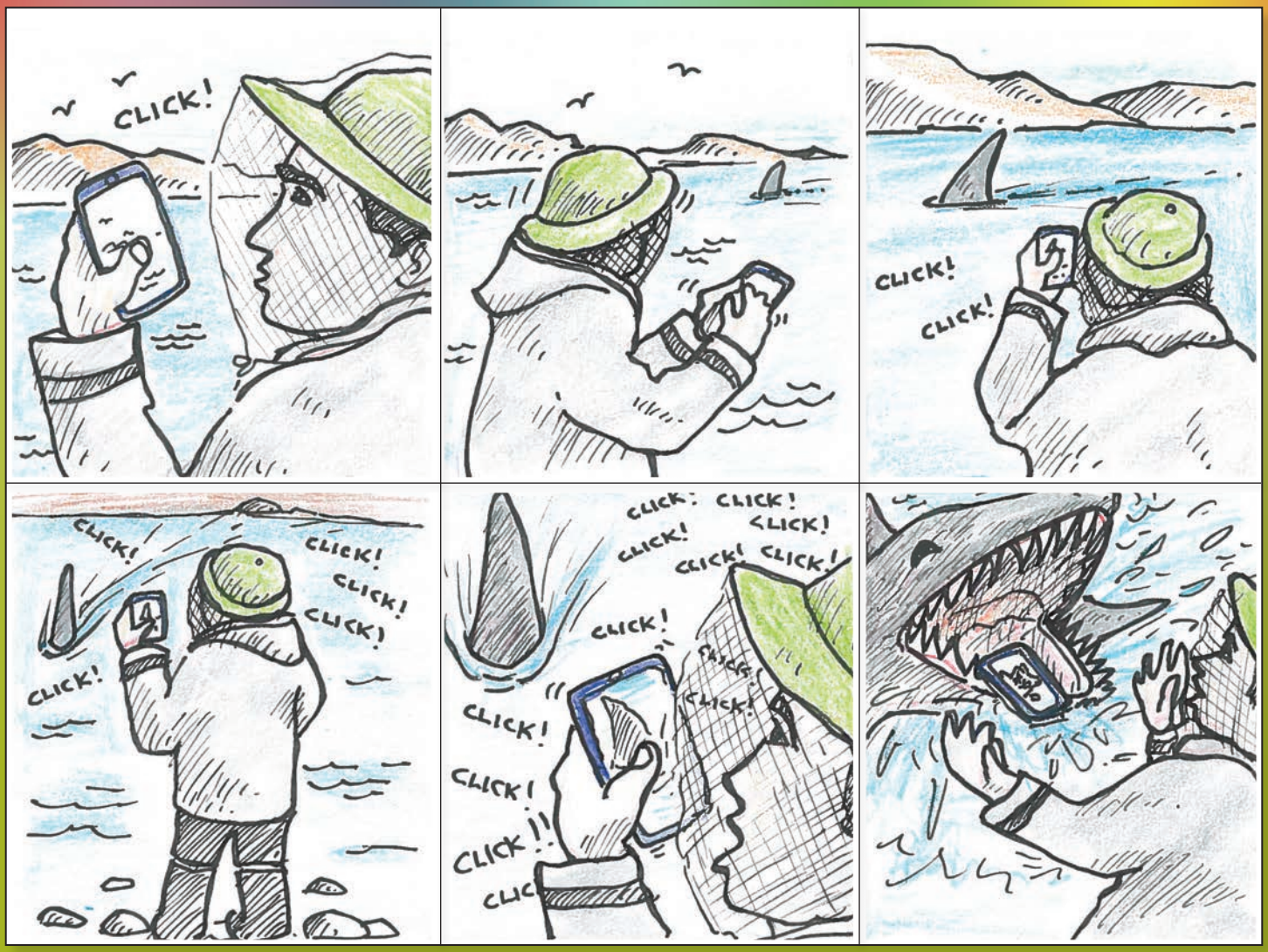


ᑲᓛᑦ ᐱᐊᓄᑦ
ᒥᖕᒍᐊᖕᖕᒍᐊᓯᐊᓇᑦᓯ
ᒥᖕᒍᐊᖕᖕᒍᐊᕐᑦᓴᓂᒃ
ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒃ
ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖕᒋᓐᓃᑐᓂᒃ

KIDS! Have fun with the colouring pages included in this edition of *Makivik Magazine*


CLICK!
CLICK!
CLICK!

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᒥ 2016-ᒨᓕᖓᔪᓂᒃ ᐅᓪᓗᕐᓴᑎᓕᐅᓛᓕᕐᒥᒪᑕ ᐊᑦᔨᓕᐊᕕᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᐱᒍᒪᓕᕐᒥᔪᑦ

ᐊᑦᔨᕐᓴᑏᑦ ᓄᓇᕕᒻᒥ ᐊᑦᔨᓕᐊᓇᔭᐅᓯᒪᒋᐊᓖᑦ: ᓄᓇᒥ ᐊᑦᔨᓕᐊᕕᓖᑦ, ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐱᖁᓯᑐᖅᑲᒋᑎᒍᑦ ᓯᒡᑦᓴᖅᑎᑕᐅᑎᓪᓗᒋ ᐊᑦᔨᓕᐊᕕᓖᑦ, ᑕᑯᒥᓇᕐᑐᓕᐊᒍᓯᒪᔪᑦ, ᐃᓄᐃᑦ, ᐃᖅᑲᓇᕐᑐᕐᓴᑏᓪᓗ ᐊᓯᖏᓪᓗ ᐊᑦᔨᖅᒍᐊᕐᓴᑎᑦᓯᐊᕐᓴᑎᓯ.

ᐊᑦᔨᕐᓴᑎᑦᓯᐊᒍᔪᓇᔭᓯ ᑎᑭᑎᓗᒋᑦ ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑦ ᕿᒥᕐᕈᐊᖏᓐᓄᑦ **magazine@makivik.org**

ᐊᓪᓚᓯᒪᔪᕐᓂᐊᕕᑎᒍᓪᓘᓂᑦ ᑎᑭᑎᑦᓯᓗᓯ ᐊᑦᔨᕐᓴᑎᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᓗᒍ **USB**-ᒧᑦ **CD**-ᒧᓪᓘᓂᑦ (ᑎᑭᑎᑕᐅᕕᒋᒋᐊᓕᖓ ᐅᓪᓗᖅ ᓈᒻᒪᓯᓚᐅᕐᑎᓇᒍ):

Makivik Magazine
Makivik Corporation
1111 Dr. Frederik Philips Blvd. 3rd Floor
Saint Laurent, QC H4M 2X6

ᓇᑦᔪᐃᔭᕐᕕᒃ 13, 2015-ᒍᓚᐅᕐᑎᓇᒍ ᑎᑭᑎᑦᓯᒋᐊᖅᑐᓯ ᐊᑦᔨᕐᓴᑎᓂᒃ

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᕕᖓᓄᑦ ᐅᖅᑳᓚᒍᓪᓇᑐᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᓱᑎᑦᓴᓖᑦ 1-800-361-7052

Calling for Makivik 2016 calendar photo submissions

Photos should relate to Nunavik only and can include: land shots, traditional activities, the arts, people, history and any other creative photo of your liking.

Please send your high-resolution photos to **magazine@makivik.org**

Or you can send a USB key or CD in the mail (postmarked before deadline) to:

Makivik Magazine
Makivik Corporation
1111 Dr. Frederik Philips Blvd. 3rd Floor
Saint Laurent, QC H4M 2X6

Deadline for submissions is November 13, 2015

Call the Makivik office at 1-800-361-7052 if you have any questions

ᒪᑭᕝᕕᐅᑦ ᐅᓪᓗᕐᓴᑎᖏᓐᓄᑕᐅᔪᑦᓴᓂᒃ 2016-ᒨᓕᖓᔪᓄᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᓕᐊᕕᓂᕐᒥᓂᒃ ᓇᓪᓕᑳᕐᑕᐅᔭᐊᓕᕕᓖᑦ $200.00ᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᓂᑦ ᐊᑭᓕᕐᑕᐅᓛᕐᑐᑦ.

Each photo selected for the Makivik 2016 wall calendar will be worth $200.00 – paid to the respective photographer.

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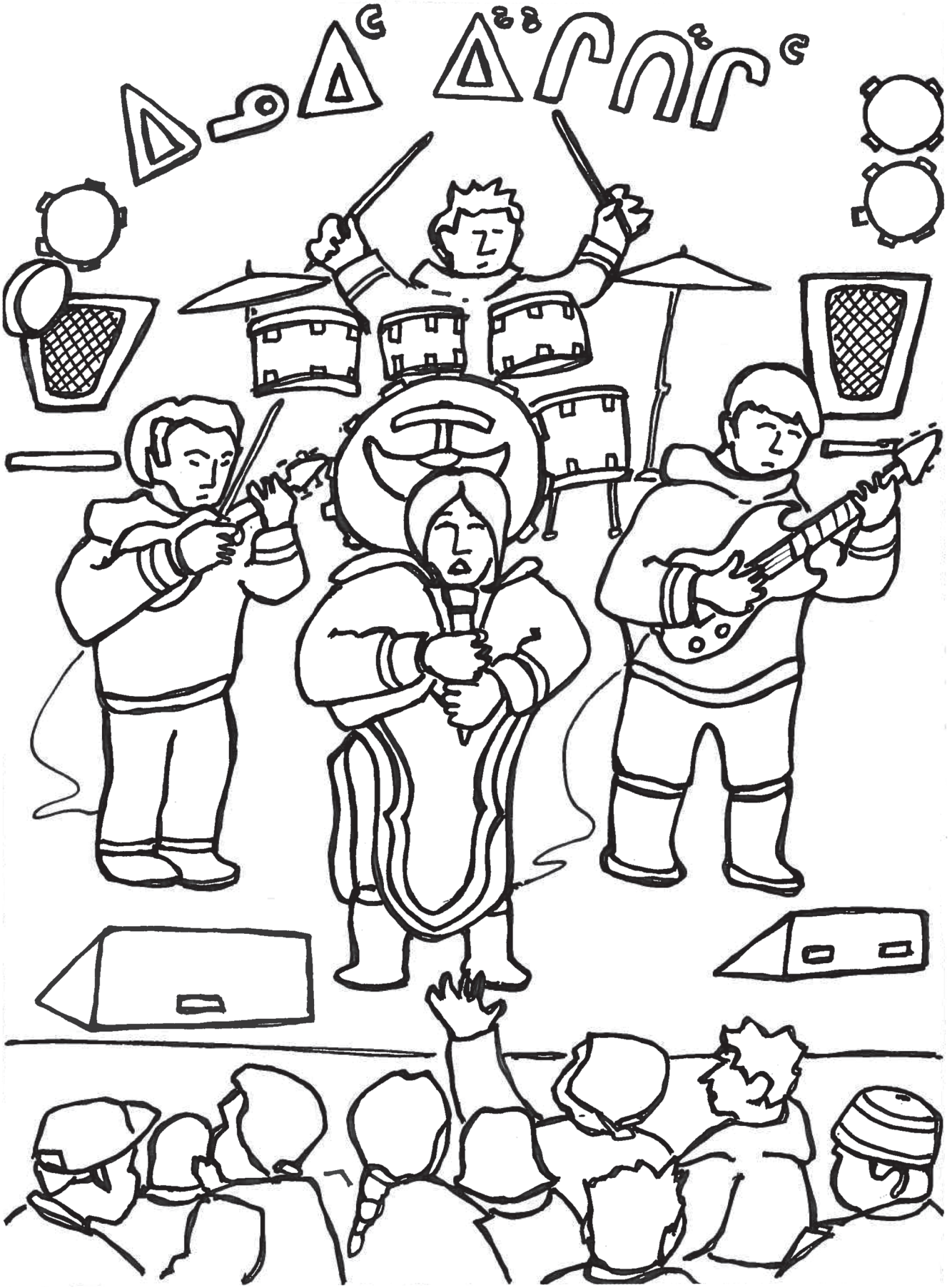

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